



CooVox T Series IP Phone System Admin User Guide



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1. Preface

1.1 Audience

This manual is intended to provide clear operating instructions for those responsible for configuring and managing the CooVox T-series IP-PBX. By carefully reading and consulting this manual, to help the audience solve the setting and deployment issues of the CooVox T-series IP-PBX.

1.2 Revision History

Document Version	Applicable Firmware Version	Update Content	Update Date
4.1.1	4.1.1	Updated operating instructions for software version v4.1.1	Aug, 2025
4.1.0	4.1.0	Updated operating instructions for software version v4.1.0	Mar, 2025
4.0.5	4.0.5	Updated operating instructions for software version v4.0.5	Nov, 2023
4.0.0	4.0.0	Updated operating instructions for software version v4.0.0	Oct, 2022

1.3 Safety Notice

Please read the following safety notices before installing or using this IPPBX. They are crucial for safe and reliable operation of the device. Failure to follow the instructions contained in this document may result in damage to your IPPBX and voidance of the warranty.

1. Please use the external power supply which is included in the package. Any other power supply may cause damage to the unit, affecting performance or induce noise.

2. Before using the external power supply in the package, please check your building power voltage. Connecting to inaccurate power voltage may cause fire or damage.
3. Please do not damage the power cord. If the power cord or plug is impaired, do not use it. Connecting a damaged power cord may cause fire or electric shock.
4. Ensure the plug-socket combination is accessible even after the unit is installed. In order to maintain the unit, it will need to be disconnected from the power source.
5. Do not drop, knock, or shake the unit. Rough handling can break internal circuit boards.
6. Do not install the unit in places where there is direct sunlight. Also do not place the unit on carpets or cushions. Otherwise, it may cause the unit malfunction or cause fire.
7. Avoid exposing the unit to high temperature (above 40°C), low temperature (below -10°C) or high humidity. Otherwise, it could cause damage and will void the warranty.
8. Avoid letting the unit in contact with water or any other liquid which would damage the unit.
9. Do not attempt to open the device. Non-expert handling of the device could cause damage and will void the warranty.
10. Consult your authorized dealer for assistance if any issues or questions you may have.
11. Do not use harsh chemicals, cleaning solvents, or strong detergents to clean the unit.
12. Clean the unit with a soft cloth that has been slightly dampened in a mild soap and water solution.
13. If you suspect the unit has been struck by lightning, do not touch the unit, power plug or phone line. Call your authorized dealer for assistance to avoid the possibility of electric shock.
14. Ensure the unit is installed in a well-ventilated room to avoid overheating.
15. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of any hazards involved in electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents if you are in a situation that could cause physical injury.

2. Overview

2.1 Brief Introduction

CooVox Series IP Phone System is the most innovative solution for VoIP telecommunications in the SMB (Small and Medium-sized Business) market. They provide not only traditional PBX functionality such as automated attendant and voicemail, but also offer many advanced telephony features, including remote extensions, remote office connection, IVR, call recording, and call detail records (CDR). All of these can greatly enhance business operations while reducing operating costs.

CooVox T series includes: T100/T100-S/T100-A4, T200, T600:

- CooVox-T100



- CooVox-T100-S



- CooVox-T100-A4



- CooVox-T200



- **CooVox-T600**



T100/T100-A4 are assembled with onboard modules, while T200 and T600 are using the modular design, there are two module slots for installing plug-in modules. For more details on the CooVox T-series modules, please refer to 2.2 Modules. And for more information on each model of IPPBX, please visit our official website: www.zycoo.com.

2.2 Modules

There are two types of modules for the CooVox series.

- **Onboard modules**
- **Plug-in modules**

The onboard modules are for T100/T100-A4, and the plug-in modules are for T200 and T600.

2.2.1 Onboard modules

- **FXO-200 Module**



FXO-200 module provides two FXO interfaces (RJ11) for connecting the PSTN lines provided by the telecom.

- **FXS-200 Module**



FXS-200 module provides two FXS interfaces (RJ11) for connecting fax machines or analog phones as internal extensions.

2.2.2 Plug-in modules

- **4FXO Module**



4FXO module provides 4 FXO interfaces for connecting PSTN lines provided by the telecom. It can be installed on two slots of T200/T600 and provides a maximum of 8 FXO interfaces.

- **4FXS Module**



4FXS module provides 4 FXS interfaces for connecting fax machines or analog phones. It can be installed on two slots of T200/T600 and provides a maximum of 8 FXS interfaces.

- **2FXOS Module**



2FXOS module provides 2 FXO and 2 FXS interfaces, it can be installed on two slots of the T200 /T600. After installing the 2FXOS module, the lifeline feature will be enabled, you can still use the analog phone to make and receive calls when there is a power failure.

- **4GSM Module**



4GSM module provides 4 GSM channels, it can be installed on T200/T600 for making and receiving phone calls from GSM network.

- **E1/T1 Module**



The E1/T1 module provided an RJ48 interface that can be configured to work in E1 (PRI-NET, PRI-CPE, R2, SS7 signaling) and T1 mode. You can install 2 E1/T1 modules on T600. If it's going to be installed with other modules (4FXO, 4FXS, 2FXOS, 2/4GSM), it should be installed on SLOT2.

2.3 Mechanical Design

2.3.1 CooVox-T100/T100-S/T100-A4

- **CooVox-T100/T100-S/T100-A4 Front Panel**



- **CooVox-T100/T100-S/T100-A4 Rear Panel**



1 * Power Interface (DC 12V 2A)

1 * Reset Button

1 * USB Interface (For USB keyboard or USB storage)

1 * Console Interface (For connecting to a monitor and debug purpose)

2 * Ethernet Interface (WAN/LAN:10/100Mbps)

2/4 * Analog Ports (FXO/FXS)

Note:

T100 supports 2 analog ports.

T100-S has no analog ports support.

T100-A4 supports 4 analog ports.

- **T100/T100-S/T100-A4 LED Indication**

Identification	Indication	Status	Specification
PWR	Power Status	On	Power on
		Off	Power off
SYS	System Status	On	System initiating
		Blink	System is functioning
		Off	System failure
WAN	WAN Status	On	Connected but no data transmitting

		Blink	Data transmitting
		Off	Disconnected
LAN	LAN Status	On	Connected but no data transmitting
		Blink	Data transmitting
		Off	Disconnected
1-4	FXO Status	Red	Channel available
		Off	Channel failure
1-4	FXS Status	Green	Channel available
		Off	Channel failure

2.3.2 CooVox-T200

- **CooVox-T200 Front Panel**



- **CooVox-T200 Rear Panel**



1 * Power Switch

1 * Power Interface (AC 100V~240V)

1 * Reset Button

1 * USB Interface (For USB keyboard or USB storage)

1 * Console Interface (For connecting to a monitor and debug purpose)

2 * Ethernet Interface (WAN/LAN:10/100Mbps)

2 * Applicable Module for SLOT1&2 (FXO/FXS/GSM Module Cards)

- **T200 LED Indications**

Identification	Indication	Status	Specification	
PWR	Power Status	On	Power on	
		Off	Power off	
SYS	System Status	On	System initiating	
		Blink	System is functioning	
		Off	System failure	
WAN	WAN Status	On	Connected but no data transmitting	
		Blink	Data transmitting	
		Off	Disconnected	
LAN	LAN Status	On	Connected but no data transmitting	
		Blink	Data transmitting	
		Off	Disconnected	
1-4 (SLOT1/2)	SLOT 1/2 Status	FXS	Green	Channel available
			Off	Channel failure
		FXO	Red	Channel available
			Off	Channel failure
		GSM	Red	Channel available
			Off	Channel failure

2.3.3 CooVox-T600

- **CooVox-T600 Front View**



- **CooVox-T600 Back View**



1 * Power Switch

1 * Power Interface (AC 100V~240V)

1 * Reset Button

1 * USB Interface (For USB keyboard or USB storage)

1 * HDMI Port (For video output)

2 * Ethernet Interface (WAN/LAN:10/100Mbps)

2 * Applicable Module for SLOT1&2 (FXO/FXS/GSM/E1/T1 Module Cards)

● **T600 LED Indication**

Identification	Indication	Status		Specification	
PWR	Power States	Green		Power On	
		Off		Power Off	
SYS	System States	Wink		System is Running	
		Off		System Booting or Failed	
WAN/LAN	WAN/LAN Interface States	Wink		Data Transmitting	
		Off		No Data Transmitting	
1-4 (SLOT1/2)	Slot1 and Slot2 States	FXS	Green	Channel Loading Succeed	
			Off	Channel Loading Failure	
		FXO	Red	Channel Loading Succeed	
			Off	Channel Loading Failure	
		GSM	Red	Channel Loading Succeed	
			Off	Channel Loading Failure	
			L1	Red	Module Loading

		E1/T1 (PRI/R2)			Succeed
				Off	Module Loading Failure
			L2/L3	Red/Off	CPE Signaling
				Green/Off	NET Signaling
				Off/Red	SS7 Signaling
				Off/Green	R2 Signaling
			L4	Green	Connected (No Alarm)
				Red	Disconnected (Alarm)
			BRI	Red	TE Mode
				Green	NT Mode
		Off		Module Loading Failure	

2.4 Key Feature

- ✓ BLF(Busy Lamp Field)
- ✓ Caller ID
- ✓ DND(Do Not Disturb)
- ✓ WebRTC
- ✓ Extension User Portal
- ✓ Call Detail Records (500,000 records)
- ✓ Call Center Queues
- ✓ Call Parking
- ✓ Call Forward
- ✓ Call Transfer
- ✓ Call Waiting
- ✓ Call Recording
- ✓ One Touch Recording
- ✓ Video Call
- ✓ Voicemail
- ✓ Blacklist (blacklist the last caller)
- ✓ Smart DID
- ✓ Quick Setup Wizard
- ✓ Flexible Dial Permissions
- ✓ Feature Codes
- ✓ Wakeup Call
- ✓ One Number Stations
- ✓ Music On Hold
- ✓ Phonebook/LDAP(10,000 contacts)
- ✓ Department (ring group, pickup group)
- ✓ Phone Provisioning
- ✓ Expansion Box Provisioning
- ✓ Speed Dial
- ✓ Time Conditions
- ✓ SIP/IAX Extension Registration

- ✓ Virtual Fax
- ✓ Conference Bridge (10 Conferences)
- ✓ DISA (Direct Inward System Access)
- ✓ Paging and Intercom
- ✓ Direct Inbound Routing
- ✓ Audio Codec: G.722/ G.711-Ulaw/ G.711-Alaw/ G.726/ G.729/ GSM/ SPEEX/Opus
- ✓ Video Codec: H.261/ H.263 / H.263+ /H.264/VP8
- ✓ VPN Server (PPTP/OpenVPN, support 10 VPN clients)
- ✓ VPN Client (PPTP/OpenVPN)
- ✓ IP Phone Provisioning (ZYCOO, ALE, Cisco, Fanvil, Htek, Yealink)
- ✓ Static/DHCP Network Access
- ✓ System Backup
- ✓ T.38 Fax Pass-through
- ✓ USB Extended Storage (Scalable)
- ✓ GeoIP Security Policy

2.5 Environmental Requirements

Operating Temperature: 0 °C ~40 °C

Storage Temperature: -20 °C ~ 55 °C

Humidity: 5~95% Non-Condensing

3. Getting Started


3.1 Hardware Installation

Hardware installation of each model is documented in the “Quick Installation Guide”, and the guide was packed with each of the IPPBX packages. Please refer to the guide to install the unit into your local LAN.

Please pay attention to the safety notices during the hardware installation process.

3.2 Accessing the Web GUI

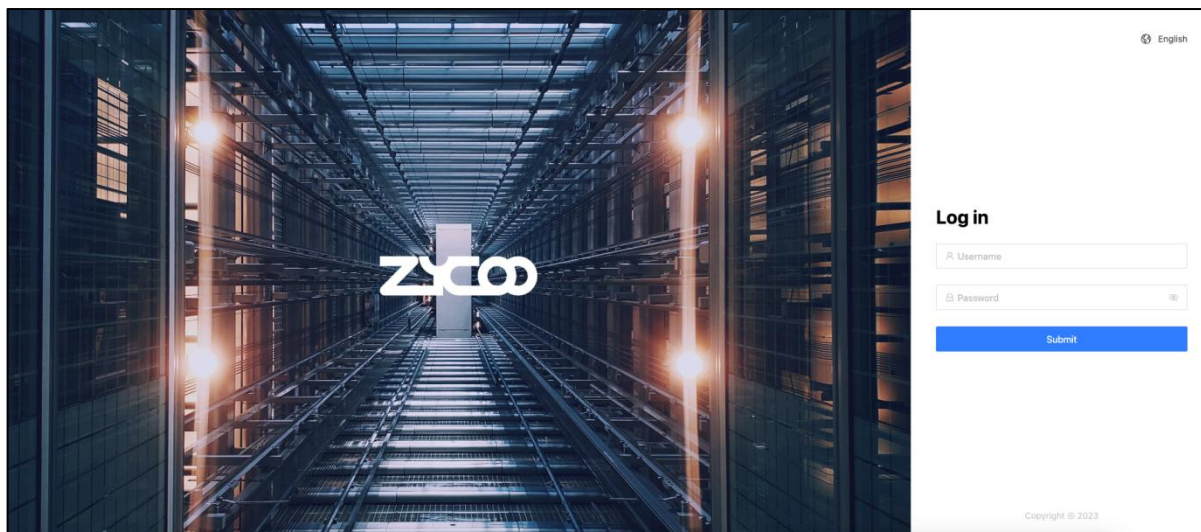
You may also access the PBX Web GUI by specifying its IP address in the browser address bar. It is recommended that users use the latest version of Google Chrome browser to access. When there is DHCP server in the network, the WAN port obtains dynamic IP address in default. If the acquisition fails, the default WAN port IP address is: 192.168.1.100. LAN port's default IP address is: 192.168.10.100.

The login page as below figure, by clicking on the icon  , you can switch the system language. Enter the username and password, then click the "Login" button to access the system.

Default admin login credentials:

Username: admin

Password: admin

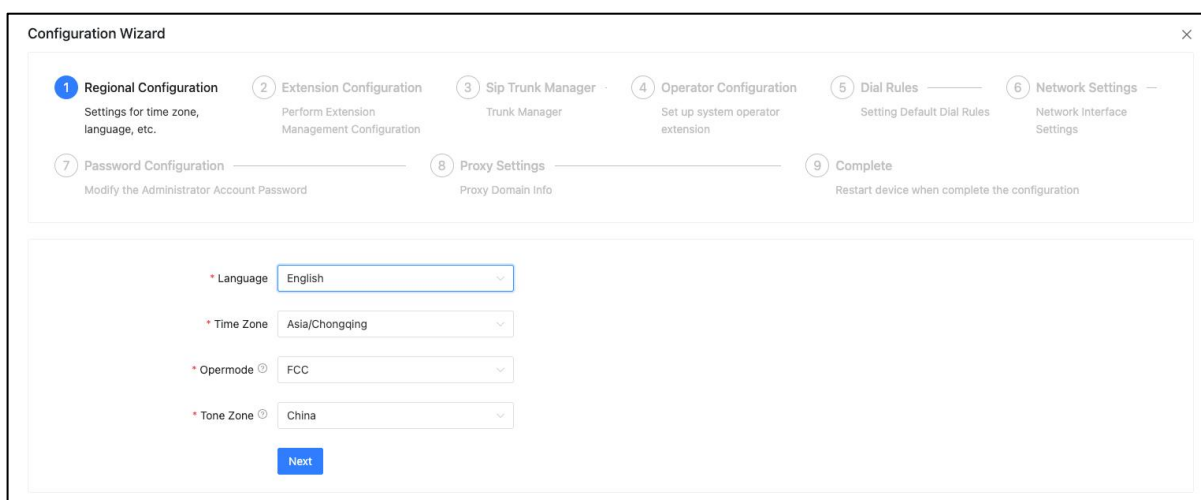


3.3 Configuration Wizard

Quick Setup Wizard is specially designed on v4.0.0 software for CooVox T-series IPPBXs to help you quickly and easily set up your IPPBX system within minutes.

After logging to the system. Click on the [Configuration Wizard](#) button on the bottom left concern to start the Quick Setup Wizard journey.

- **Step 1: Regional Configuration**



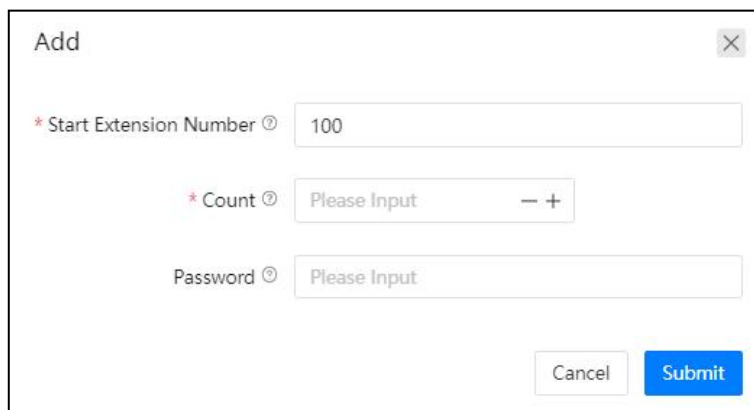
- **Language:** Set up the system's default language, it determines the prompt language.
- **Time Zone:** Set up the system time zone.
- **Opermode:** Set up the system analog trunk's opermode.
- **Tone Zone:** Set up the system Tone Zone.

After the regional configuration is done, please click on the [Next](#) button to the next step.

- **Step 2: Extension Configuration**

Set up the system's extension. Click on the [Add](#) button to bulk add the extension number.

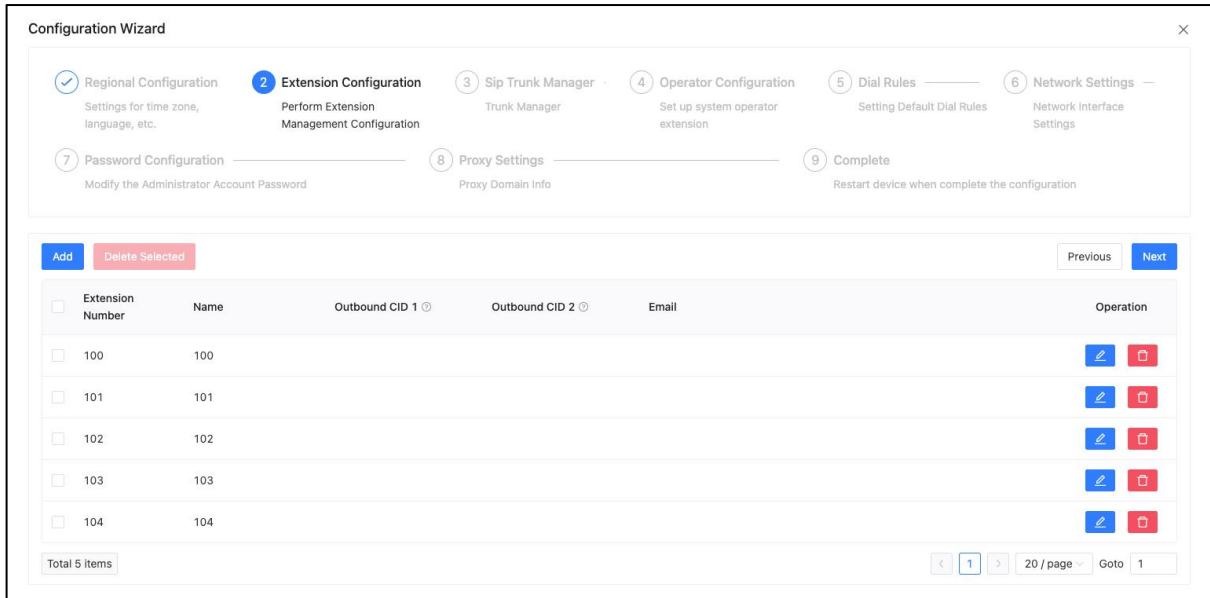
Please fill in the **Start Extension Number** and **Count**, if the **Password** is left blank, then the system will auto-generate random passwords for the extensions. Click on the [Submit](#) button to take effect on the extensions.





The image shows a dialog box titled "Add" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains three input fields, each with a red asterisk and a help icon (i):


- * Start Extension Number**: A text input field containing the value "100".
- * Count**: A numeric input field with "Please Input" and a spinner control (minus and plus signs).
- Password**: A text input field with "Please Input".

At the bottom right of the dialog box, there are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Submit".





Click on the  button to edit the extension parameter values, such as password, extension name, outbound CID, and email. Click on the  button to save.


Edit 100 ✕


Password 

* Name

Outbound CID 1 

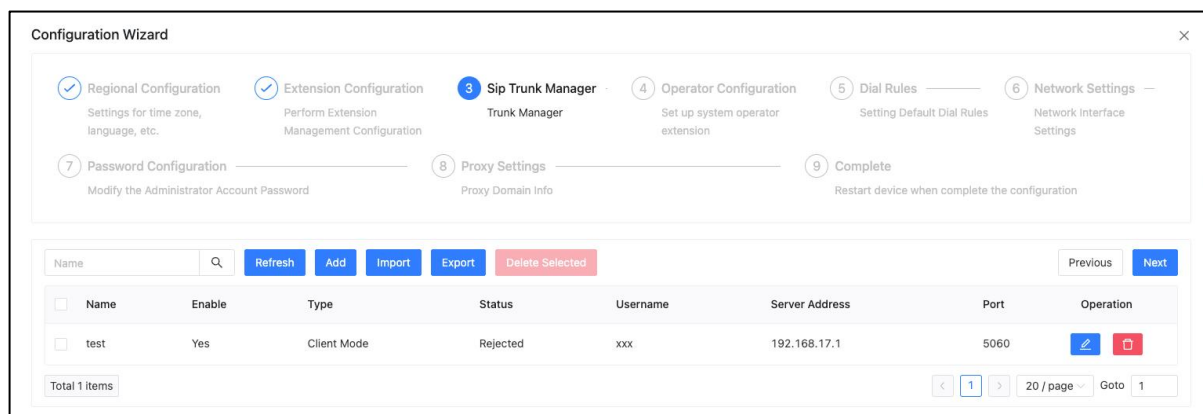
Outbound CID 2 

Email 

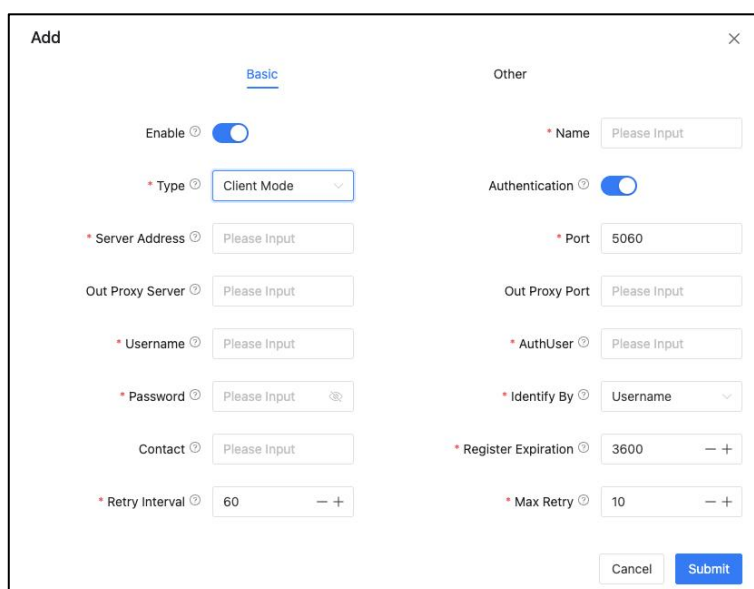
After the extension configuration is done, please click on the  button to move to the next step.

- **Step 3: SIP Trunk Manager**

Set up the system's SIP trunk settings. For detailed configuration, please refer to section **Telephony- >Outbound Control->Trunks**.



Click on the button to edit the SIP trunk parameter values. Generally, Client Mode is the most commonly used to connect to the VoIP providers for low cost long distance and international phone calls, while the Server Mode is only used when users want to do SIP trunking between IPPBX's.

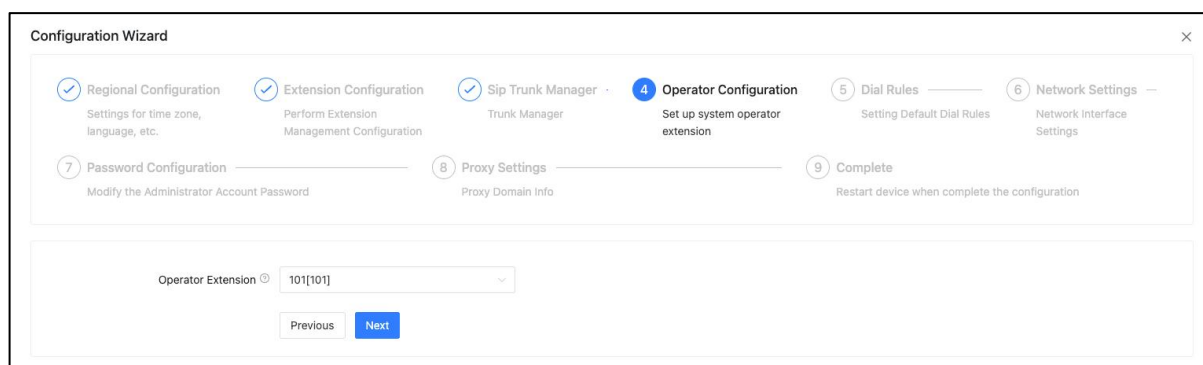


You may also use the Import button to import the SIP trunk configuration file or export the

selected SIP trunks file. After the SIP trunk set up is done, please click on the **Next** button to move to the next step.

- **Step 4: Operator Configuration**

Set up the system's operator extension number. By default (when there is no incoming call destination number), all incoming calls will go directly to the operator extension number.



The screenshot shows a 'Configuration Wizard' window with a progress bar at the top. The progress bar has nine steps: 1. Regional Configuration (checked), 2. Extension Configuration (checked), 3. Sip Trunk Manager (checked), 4. Operator Configuration (active, highlighted in blue), 5. Dial Rules, 6. Network Settings, 7. Password Configuration, 8. Proxy Settings, and 9. Complete. Below the progress bar, the 'Operator Extension' field is set to '101[101]'. There are 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons at the bottom.

After the operator set up is done, please click on the **Next** button to move to the next step.

- **Step 5: Dial Rules**

The Dial Rules set up connected to the system default outgoing dial rule directly. You only need to select the available trunks to the rule, which will imply the outgoing calls using the corresponding trunks. For detailed configuration, please refer to section

Telephony- >Outbound Control->Dial Rules.

The 'Edit' window contains the following fields:

- Time Rule: None
- Prepend: Please Input
- Dial Prefix: 9
- Dial Pattern: .
- PIN Sets: None
- Outbound CID: Outbound CID 1
- Call Time limit(sec.): Please Input
- Via Trunk/Trunks: (empty)
- Call Method: Linear

Available Trunks	Selected Trunks
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FXO-2	FXO-1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FXO-1	FXO-2
<input type="checkbox"/> ToServer	
<input type="checkbox"/> IAXTrunk	

Buttons: Cancel, Submit

The Configuration Wizard shows the following steps:

- Regional Configuration
- Extension Configuration
- Sip Trunk Manager
- Operator Configuration
- 5 Dial Rules** (Setting Default Dial Rules)
- Network Settings
- Password Configuration
- Proxy Settings
- Complete

Buttons: Add, Previous, Next

As the above picture shows, number starting with 9 will sent from the FXO-1 and FXO-2 trunks. After the Dial Rules set up is done, please click on the **Next** button to move to the next step.

- **Step 6: Network Settings**

Please fill in the required network parameter. And it can also be configured in the Network Settings.

- **Step 7: Password Configuration**

The system default admin password is “admin”. You can change the admin password in this step, if not, you may skip the step.

- **Step 8: Proxy Settings**

Please fill in the required Proxy service user information to activate the service. Please refer to the Remote Settings for more detailed step-by-step guide.

Step 1: Fill in the basic user information such as company name, company location, etc. Then, select the domain server and set your own domain name (please choose the nearest domain server from your location). After completion, click the **Submit** button to save.

Step 2: Click on the **Download** button to download the user license file.

Step 3: Please send the downloaded file to the sales manager/distributor to obtain the key certificate file. Or click on the **Online Application** button to directly apply for a certificate online. Follow the provided instruction to complete the payment online to obtain the key certificate file.

Step 4: Click on the **Upload** to upload the key certificate file to activate the Proxy service.

- **Step 9: Complete**

After all the configurations are done, you should see the Complete checkmark shown as below. Please click on the Reboot button to reboot the system and take effect on all change configuration.

Configuration Wizard

Progress bar showing steps: Regional Configuration, Extension Configuration, Sip Trunk Manager, Operator Configuration, Dial Rules, Network Settings, Password Configuration, Proxy Settings, Complete.

Complete

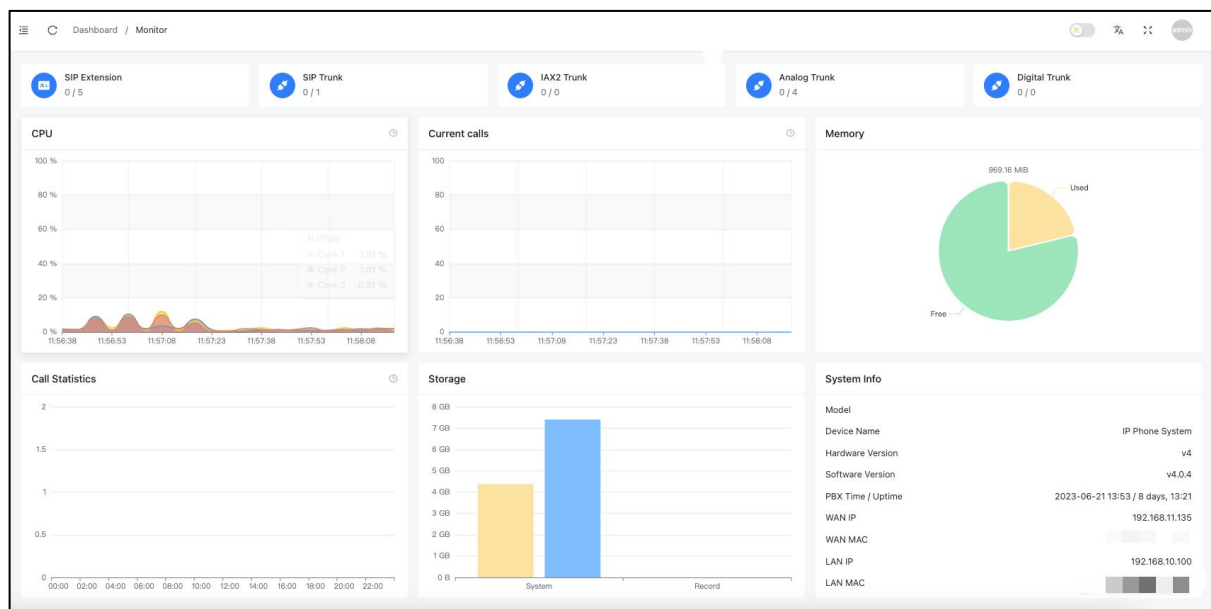
The configuration wizard has been completed, please restart for the device to take effect.

Reboot Now

4. Dashboard



4.1 Monitor

The index interface is the system status page, which mainly displays system information and system resource information, such as the number of trunks, call statistics, system storage, etc.



- **SIP Extension:** The number of registered SIP extensions and the total number of SIP extensions in the system.
- **SIP Trunk:** The number of registered SIP trunks and the total number of SIP trunks in the system.
- **IAX2 Trunk:** The number of registered IAX2 trunks and the total number of IAX2 trunks in the system.
- **Analog Trunk:** The number of available FXO/GSM analog trunks and the total number of FXO/GSM analog trunks
- **Digital Trunk:** The number of available digital trunks and the total number of digital trunks.
- **CPU:** Display the current usage of the CPU.


- **Current Calls:** The number of concurrent calls in the system.
- **Memory:** Display the current usage of memory.
- **Call Statistics:** Statistics of the current day's call type and number of calls of the device.
- **Storage:** Display the current usage of storage.

System Info	
Model	
Device Name	IP Phone System
Hardware Version	v4
Software Version	v4.0.4
PBX Time / Uptime	2023-05-12 14:43 / 3 days, 22:49
WAN IP	
WAN MAC	
LAN IP	
LAN MAC	

System Info

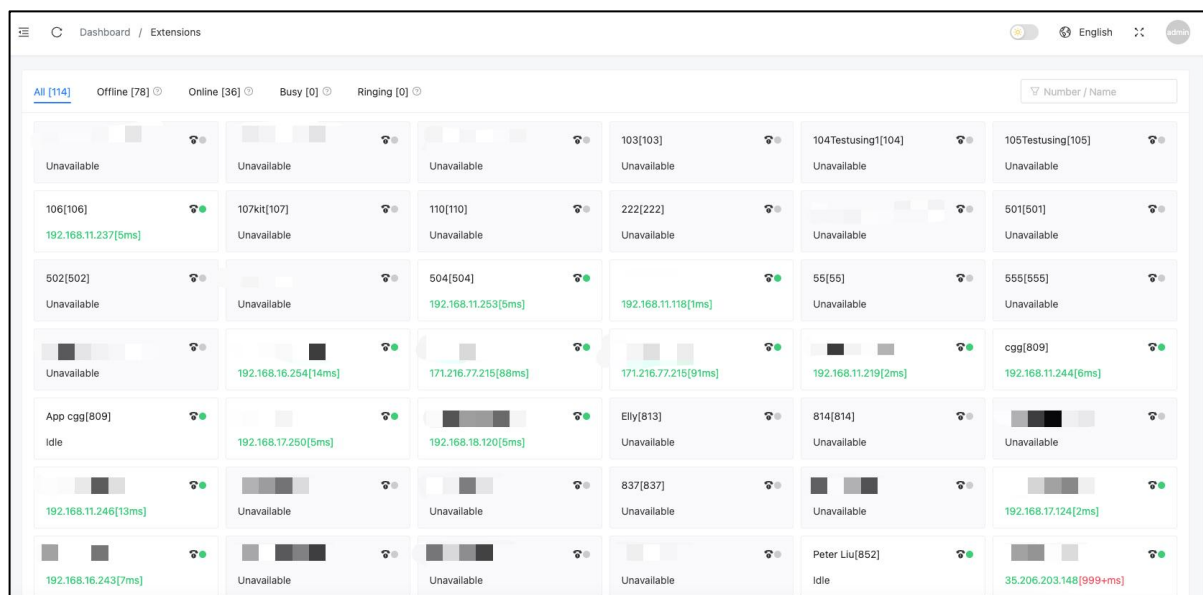
- **Model:** The model of the current device.
- **Device Name:** The given name of the current device. You may change the Device name under path: *system-Settings-Web-Web Customization*
- **Hardware Version:** The hardware version number of the current device
- **Software Version:** The software version number of the current device
- **PBX Time / Uptime:** The system time and the duration of uptime operation of the current device
- **WAN IP:** WAN port IP address
- **WAN MAC:** WAN port Mac address
- **LAN IP:** LAN port IP address
- **LAN MAC:** LAN port Mac address

4.2 Extensions

On the Extensions page, you can see all extensions' real-time status, such as online, offline, busy, and ringing. The status on the right side displays both “On-hook” and “Off-hook” states, which are detected based on SIP INFO signaling. On-hook icon:  Off-hook icon:



The IP address displayed below the registered extension number corresponding to the registered terminal's IP address.



Dashboard / Extensions						English
All [114] Offline [78] Online [36] Busy [0] Ringing [0]						Number / Name
Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	103[103] Unavailable	104Testing1[104] Unavailable	105Testing1[105] Unavailable	
106[106] 192.168.11.237[5ms]	107[107] Unavailable	110[110] Unavailable	222[222] Unavailable	Unavailable	501[501] Unavailable	
502[502] Unavailable	Unavailable	504[504] 192.168.11.253[5ms]	192.168.11.118[1ms]	55[55] Unavailable	555[555] Unavailable	
Unavailable	192.168.16.254[14ms]	171.216.77.215[88ms]	171.216.77.215[91ms]	192.168.11.219[2ms]	cgg[809] 192.168.11.244[6ms]	
App cgg[809] Idle	192.168.17.250[5ms]	192.168.18.120[5ms]	Elly[813] Unavailable	814[814] Unavailable	Unavailable	
192.168.11.246[13ms]	Unavailable	Unavailable	837[837] Unavailable	Unavailable	192.168.17.124[2ms]	
192.168.16.243[7ms]	Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	Peter Liu[852] Idle	35.206.203.148[999+ms]	

4.3 Trunks

On the Trunks page, you can view the status of all SIP trunks, IAX trunks, analog trunks, and E1/T1 trunks. The status of analog trunks and E1/T1 trunks depend on the trunk's soundcard. You may click on the “Free Line” in the analog trunk list to free the current busy channel.

SIP				
Name	Trunk Type	IP	Delay(ms)	Status
ToServer	client	192.168.17.138	nan	Unregistered

IAX				
Name	Trunk Type	IP	Delay(ms)	Status
IAXTrunk	client	192.168.17.138	2	Registered


SIP/IAX

- **Name:** Trunk Name
- **Trunk Type:** Type of trunk (Server or Client)
- **IP:** IP address of the trunk
- **Delay:** Delay in trunk’s data
- **Status:** Registration status of trunk

Analog						
No.	Channel	BLF	Trunk Type	Status	Channel Status	Operation
1	1	001	FXO	OK	Idle	Free Lines
2	2	002	FXO	OK	Idle	Free Lines

Analog

- **No.:** Order number of trunk
- **Channel:** Trunk channel number
- **BLF:** BLF label of the channel
- **Trunk Type:** type of channel: FXO/GSM
- **Status:** Trunk connection status
- **Channel Status:** Channel status: Idle/Busy
- **Operation:** Click on the “Free Lines” to force release the current channel.

Digital					
Channel	Signalling	Chan Status	Chan In Alarm	Chan Blocked	Chan In Service
 No Data					

Digital

- **Channel:** Channel number
- **Signaling:** Signaling type
- **Chan Status:** Channel status
- **Chan In Alarm:** Whether the channel is alarmed
- **Chan Blocked:** Whether the channel is blocked
- **Chan In Service:** Whether the channel is in service

5. Telephony

5.1 Extensions

Path: *Telephony -> Extensions*

Extensions and departments should have been created during the Quick Setup Wizard process. You may manage extensions and departments here on this screen. If you have skipped the Quick Setup Wizard, you may create them here on this screen as well.

5.1.1 Departments

Path: *Telephony -> Extensions -> Departments*

Department concept is an extremely useful feature of IPPBX system. Extensions are grouped by your company's actual organizational structure.

If you have created departments and extensions from Quick Setup Wizard, you should see all your departments and extensions here.

Add ✕

* Name

* Extension

* Ring Strategy



* Ring Time – +

* Destination If No Answer

Members

Distinctive Ring

Add Department to callname

If you wish to create a new department, please click on the **Add** button. Specify the department name and select member extensions then submit. If you wish to modify department settings, please click on the  button, or click on the  button to remove a department.

Edit 0405
✕

* Name

* Ring Strategy ?

* Ring Time ? - +

* Destination If No Answer

Members

Distinctive Ring

Add Department to callername ?

- **Name:** You may change the department name from the textbox.
- **Ring Strategy:** In the dropdown list select a desired ring strategy of how to ring the department (Ring Group) extensions upon incoming calls.
 - **Ring All:** Ring all available member extensions until one answers(default).
 - **Linear:** Starting with the first member, ring the extension of each member in turn until the call is answered.
- **Ring Time:** You may adjust the ring time of each extension upon department ring group incoming calls from the textbox.
- **Destination if no answer:** In the dropdown list select a call destination for the inbound calls when no one answers the call.
- **Members:** You may add/remove members of your department.
- **Distinctive Ringtone:** It can ring the phones with specific ringtone upon inbound calls to

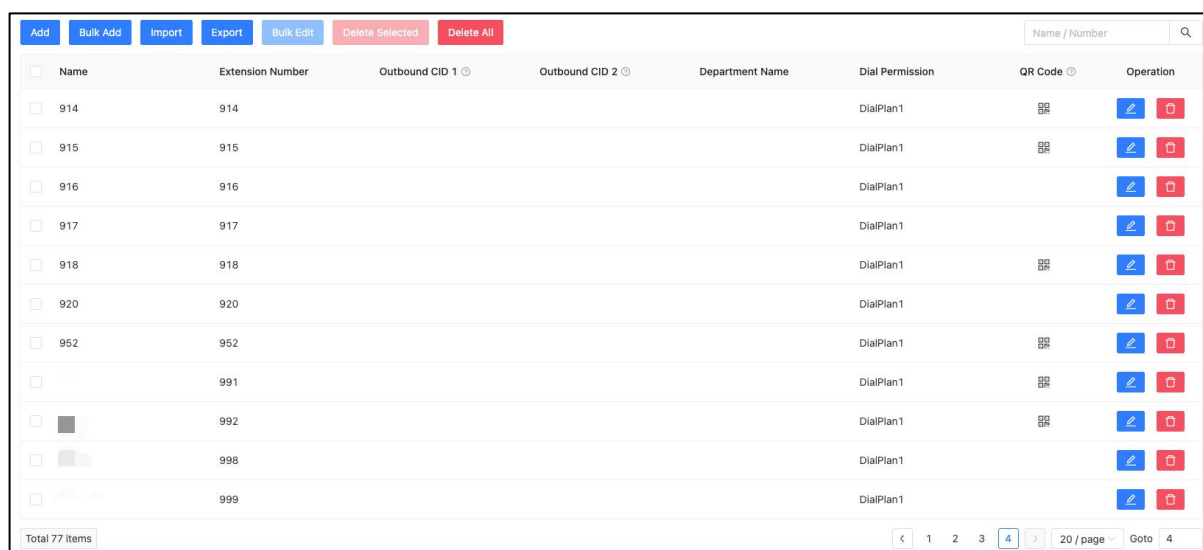
this department.

- **Add Department to callername:** After turning it on, you can add the name of the department you dial to the caller ID


5.1.2 IP Extensions

Path: *Telephony -> Extensions -> IP Extensions*

IP extensions are user extensions including desktop IP phones, softphones for Windows/Android/iPhone/Linux and other endpoints that support SIP/IAX2 protocol.



<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Extension Number	Outbound CID 1	Outbound CID 2	Department Name	Dial Permission	QR Code	Operation
<input type="checkbox"/>	914	914				DialPlan1		
<input type="checkbox"/>	915	915				DialPlan1		
<input type="checkbox"/>	916	916				DialPlan1		
<input type="checkbox"/>	917	917				DialPlan1		
<input type="checkbox"/>	918	918				DialPlan1		
<input type="checkbox"/>	920	920				DialPlan1		
<input type="checkbox"/>	952	952				DialPlan1		
<input type="checkbox"/>		991				DialPlan1		
<input type="checkbox"/>		992				DialPlan1		
<input type="checkbox"/>		998				DialPlan1		
<input type="checkbox"/>		999				DialPlan1		

The extensions are created through the quick setup wizard, to check or modify the extension properties please click the  button.

- **Mobile Number:** Note the mobile phone number of the extension
- **Dial Permission:** Defines which type of numbers the extension can dial.
- **Language:** Choose a specific system voice prompt.
- **Outbound CID (1/2):** Outbound CID will be passed to the called party while calling through the VoIP or digital trunk (E1/T1/BRI) lines, you can define 2 CIDs for each extension and choose which to be used by dial rules. By default, Outbound CID1 will be used by the dial rules. There's another Outbound CID option in the trunk settings; it has higher priority than the extension Outbound CID.
- **Music On Hold:** When the user is on hold, the caller will hear the music on hold, and it can be selected here.
- **Name:** Alias of this extension which can be the name of the extension user.
- **Password:** The password is used for phone registration or extension web portal logging. The password can be set manually or automatically generated by the IPPBX system. The auto-generated password consists of numbers, letters and special characters.
- **Email:** The email address of the extension user, can be used to receive extension QR code and voicemail to email notifications.
- **Call Out Trunk:** Set the trunk used by the extension for outbound calls. If set to "Default", outbound calls will use the trunk bound in the dialing permission

The screenshot shows the 'Edit 000' configuration page. It has three tabs: 'Profiles', 'Features', and 'Advanced'. The 'Features' tab is selected and shows the following settings:

- Voicemail:
- Remote Extension:
- Video Call:
- WebRTC:
- Call Spy:
- App Extension:
- Web Login:

The 'Advanced' tab shows the following settings:

- * Voicemail Password: 1234
- Number Of Simultaneous Registrations: 1
- Video Codecs: H.264
- Call Recording: In & Out
- * Register Expiration: 1800
- Whitelist: None
- * Pickup Group: 1 X

Buttons for 'Cancel' and 'Submit' are located at the bottom right of the form.

- **Voicemail:** If this option is enabled, when an inbound call is not answered or the extension user is busy, the caller will be forwarded to voicemail.
- **Remote Extension:** If this option is enabled, users can remotely register extensions out of the LAN. For security reasons, users cannot enable this option with a weak password.
- **Video Call:** Enable/Disable the Video Call, it will be effective only when the endpoint supports video.
- **WebRTC:** If this option is enabled, the extension user will be able to make or receive calls via the Web (WebRTC technology) without any browser plug-in support.
- **Call Spy:** If this option is enabled, the Call Spy feature will allow the phone calls of this extension to be monitored by other extensions. please refer to Call Spy Feature Codes for how to monitor phone calls. And the dial permission used by the other extension needs to be enabled with Call Spy feature in the *Internal Permissions* section, otherwise call spy won't work.
- **App Extension:** Enable/Disable the registration for CooCall softphone App usage.
- **Web Login:** If this option is enabled, the extension user can enter the extension number and password on the IPPBX's management address to login to the extension web portal. Users can view call record, check contact list and send faxes, etc.
- **Voicemail Password:** Set the voicemail password. The extension user needs to enter the

password when dialing *60 or *61 to enter the voice mailbox to check the voice message.

- **Number of Simultaneous Register:** The extensions could be registered on up to 5 different SIP endpoints at the same time, by default the value is 2. When there are already 2 registers, the 3rd register will be responded with a 403 error.
- **Video Codecs:** Only if two extensions with video call enabled use the same video codec can they establish a video call. Supported video codecs are H.261, H.263, H.263+, H.264, VP8.
- **Call Recording:** This is an auto-recording option, you can choose to record the inbound, outbound, or both inbound and outbound calls.
- **Register Expiration:** Registration Expiration can change the default registration expiration time of the endpoints, the default time is 1800 seconds.
- **Whitelist:** After setting the whitelist policy for incoming or outgoing calls, you can let the extension implement the specified whitelist policy.
- **Pickup Group:** Setting for extension pickup group. If several extensions are set under the same pickup group, when a certain extension is ringing but no one answers, other member extensions in the group can use the pickup feature to help him answer this call. The default value is 1 (1-64), please use ‘ , ‘ to separate each group for multiple groups use.

Edit 000
✕

Profiles
Features
Advanced

* Transport Protocol

SRTP

NAT Support

Permit IP

Send PAI

* RTP Timeout

* DTMF Mode

* Qualify(sec.)

IAX2 Extension

* Qualify Timeout(sec.)

Send RPID



Inband Progress



Optional Codes	Selected Codes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ulaw <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alaw <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> G.729 <input type="checkbox"/> GSM <input type="checkbox"/> G.722 <input type="checkbox"/> G.726 <input type="checkbox"/> Speex	<div style="text-align: left; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <input type="button" value="Select all"/> Total 8 items </div> Alaw Ulaw G.729 <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 5px;"> <input type="button" value="Clear"/> 3 items selected </div>

- **Transport Protocol:** The transport protocol to be used by SIP signaling. By default, it uses UDP protocol, if you choose to use TCP or TLS please make sure the SIP IP phone or softphone uses the same protocol. Otherwise, you'll get "403" error on SIP register.
- **DTMF Mode:** Defines how the system detects DTMF tones, the default setting is RFC4733, it can be changed if necessary.
- **SRTP:** Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP) encrypts the RTP traffic to secure your VoIP phone calls. Before enabling this option you need to ensure the SIP endpoint can also support SRTP.
- **Qualify(S):** The IPPBX system sends a SIP OPTIONS command regularly to check if the device is still online.
- **NAT Support:** Enable this option if extension user or the phone is behind a router.
- **IAX Extension:** Enable this option to activate IAX protocol support.
- **Permit IP:** Defines which IP address or network address (either private IP or public IP)

is allowed to register to this extension, register coming from other addresses will be dropped.

- **Qualify Timeout (S):** If a qualify message is not responded by the SIP endpoint within the “Qualify Timeout”, IP PBX system will consider the endpoint offline.
- **Send PAI:** Send the P Asserted Identity header. The P-Asserted-Identity contains the caller id information for the call on the INVITE SIP packet. Send the remote Party ID header. PAI and RPID are mutually exclusive you can set one or the other but not both.
- **Send RPID:** Send the Remote Party ID header. PAI and RPID are mutually exclusive you can set one or the other but not both.
- **RTP Timeout:** RTP timeout can be used to automatically hangup the call if no RTP traffic is received within 60 (default) seconds.
- **Inband Progress:** Set whether to send the ring tone via voice streaming.
- **Available Codec:** CooVox IPPBX system supports the following audio codecs G.711 (ulaw, alaw), G.722, G.726, G.729, GSM, Opus and Speex. You may choose the appropriate audio codecs from the **Available Codec** column and click to add to **Selected Codec** column.
- **Selected Codec:** Audio codecs you chose will be added here. The sequence of the audio codecs listed here is the sequence of the audio codecs to be used for negotiating the media of a phone call to be established.

If you want to create more extensions or if no extensions have been created because you skipped the quick setup wizard, you can click the  button to add a new extension or click the  button to create a batch of extensions.

 and  options are available for backup using MS xlsx file or adding extensions of the IPPBX system in bulk.


- Define a **Start Extension Number** and the number of extensions to be created in the **Count** field.
- As shown in the figure, when **batch adding** extension numbers: if the **starting extension** is 1050 and the number of extensions to add is 10, 10 extension numbers (from 1050 to 1059) will be added.
For the outbound display numbers assigned to these extensions, the starting number is 67293500, calculated by incrementing by 1 sequentially. Therefore, the 10 outbound display numbers (from 67293500 to 67293509) will be assigned to the 10 extensions (from 1050 to 1059) in order.
If there is no need to set an **outbound display number**, leave the "Start Outbound CID 1/2" field blank.
- Additionally, when adding extensions in batches, it is recommended to leave the **Password** field blank. In this case, the newly created extensions will use 10-character random passwords consisting of numbers, letters, and symbols, which helps enhance system security. If a specific password is specified, all newly created extensions will share the same password.

5.1.3 Analog Extensions

Path: **Telephony** -> **Extensions** -> **Analog Extensions**

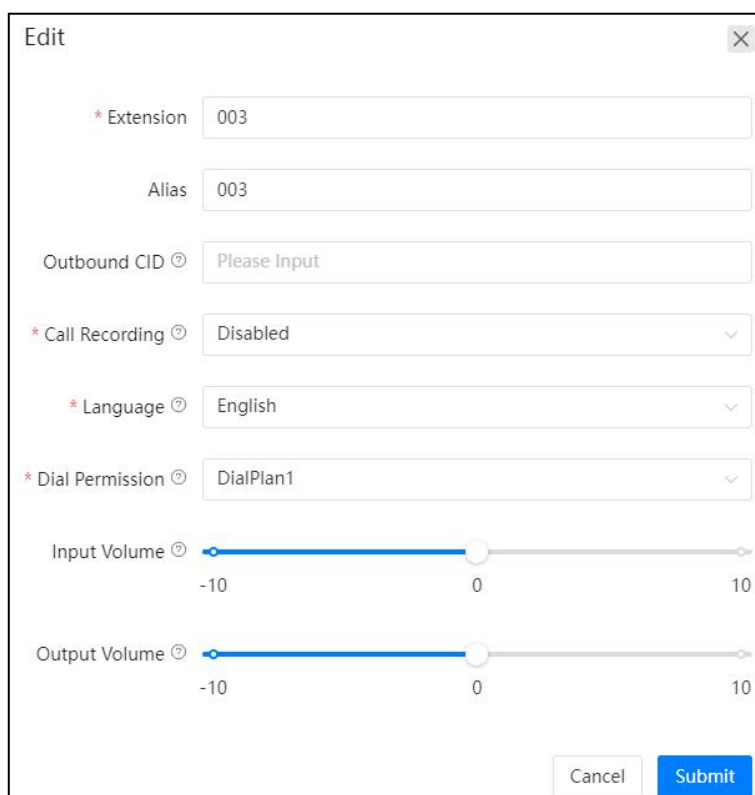
Analog extensions are generated automatically by the IPPBX system if FXS interfaces are detected. All you have to do is attaching analog phones or fax machine to the FXS interface, the analog extensions can be used directly for phone calls, no more additional settings required.



Channel	Extension	Alias	Outbound CID	Call Recording	Dial Permission	Operation
3	003	003	Please Input	Disabled	DialPlan1	
4	004	004	Please Input	Disabled	DialPlan1	

The **Channel** column and **Extension** column list the FXS interfaces and the corresponding extension numbers which are generated automatically by the IPPBX system.

You may click on the  button to change settings if necessary.



Edit

* Extension: 003

Alias: 003

Outbound CID: Please Input

* Call Recording: Disabled

* Language: English

* Dial Permission: DialPlan1

Input Volume: -10 0 10

Output Volume: -10 0 10

Cancel Submit

- **Extension number:** This option can be defined per your requirements.
- **Alias:** This option can be defined to identify this analog extension.
- **Outbound CID:** This option displays the number externally through digital trunk.
- **Call Recording:** This option could be enabled to record Inbound, Outbound or Both direction phone calls if necessary.
- **Language:** This option determines the language of the system prompts that the user will listen to/hear.
- **Dial Permission:** This option controls which dial rules the user can use to make phone calls.
- **Input Volume:** This option could be used to adjust the input gain of this analog extension.
- **Output Volume:** This option could be used to adjust the output gain of this analog extension.

5.2 Inbound Control

Path: *Telephony -> Inbound Control*

The Inbound Control section is where you define how CooVox IPPBX system handles incoming calls. Typically, you determine the phone number that outside callers have called (DID Number) and then indicate which extension, Ring Group, Voicemail, or other destination to which the call should be directed.

5.2.1 IVR

Path: *Telephony -> Inbound Control -> IVR*

IVR, or Interactive Voice Response, is responsible for the menus people hear and respond to when they call up a company or business and hear the words for example: "press 1 for sales, press 2 for marketing, press 0 to speak to the operator,".

Before configuring IVR menus you will first need to create inbound call destinations, for example, **Extensions**, **Departments** (ring groups), **IVR prompts**, **Call Queues**, etc.

If you want to create multi-layer IVR menus, you may need to create the sub-layers at first.

In order to create an IVR menu, please click on the **Add** button, you'll see a popup dialog as below:

The screenshot shows a modal window titled "Add" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The form contains the following fields and controls:

- Name**: Text input field with placeholder "Please Input".
- Number**: Text input field with value "0602".
- Voice Prompts**: Dropdown menu with "Please Select".
- Loop Count**: Dropdown menu with value "1".
- Dial Extension**: Toggle switch, currently turned on (blue).
- Dial Permission**: Dropdown menu with "Extension".
- Language**: Dropdown menu with "Default".
- Press Key Timeout(s)**: Spin box with value "3" and minus/plus buttons.
- Events**: A grid of dropdown menus. The first row has "No Press" and "Hangup". The second row has "Invalid Key" and "Hangup". A "+" button is to the right of the second row.

At the bottom right, there are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Submit".

- In the **Name** field a name is required to identify this IVR menu.
- In the **Number** field a number had been created for this IVR menu for user being able to dial this number and test the IVR options.
- In **Voice Prompts** drop-down list, select a pre-recorded voice prompts for this IVR menu. The prompts will be played to the callers as they enter the IVR. The voice prompts must be uploaded or recorded from the *Audio Library -> IVR Prompts* page.
- In **Loop Count** drop-down list, select the number of times to playback this IVR prompts before callers pressing a key.
- **Dial Extension** switch could be enabled for callers to dial specific numbers upon this IVR menu if they already knew which number should be dialed, so the callers don't have to listen to all the options of this IVR.
- If **Dial Extension** is enabled a default **Dial Permission** named **Extension** will be applied for callers being able to dial internal extensions upon this IVR menu, if you wish callers could dial some more numbers you may select another dial permission here. (Not Recommended)
- **Language** option determines which language of system voice prompts the callers will hear if they landed on some inbound destinations that will play system voice prompts via


this IVR menu, voicemail for example.

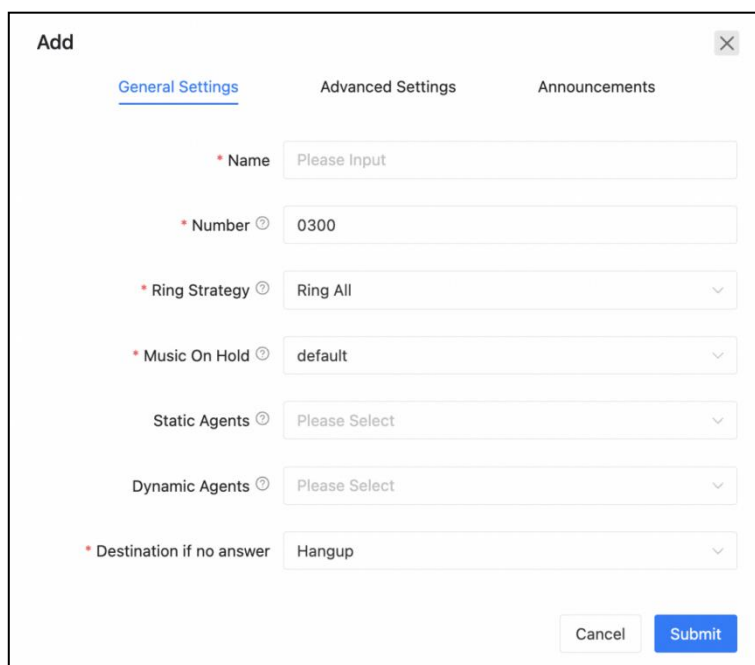
- **Press Key Timeout(s)**: The maximum interval time in seconds between pressing two keys.
- **Events** are the IVR options to be configured according to the instructions you have specified in the selected IVR prompts. Available key presses could be set from **0** to **9**, ***** and **#**. If the caller presses the key which are not specified and it will be handled by the “Invalid Key” option. And if the caller didn’t press any key during the whole IVR process, the call will be handled by the “No Press” option.

5.2.2 Call Queue

Path: *Telephony -> Inbound Control -> Call Queue*

A call queue places incoming calls in line to be answered while extension users are busy with other calls. The queued calls are distributed to the next available extension user in the order received. Once a call queue has been created, it can be assigned to specific extensions and configured to feature greetings, messages, and hold music.

To create a call queue, please click on the  button, a popup window will show up as below:



Add ✕

General Settings Advanced Settings Announcements

* Name

* Number

* Ring Strategy

* Music On Hold

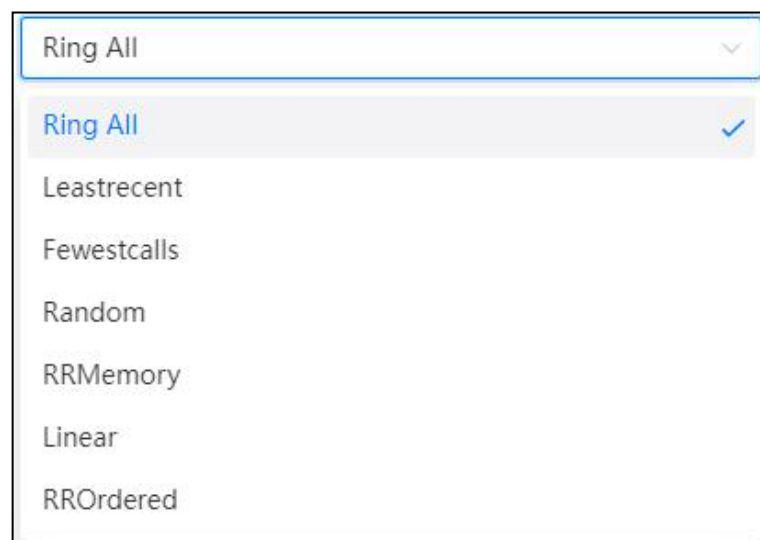
Static Agents

Dynamic Agents

* Destination if no answer

First please complete the **General Settings**.

- In **Call Queue Name** field specify a name to identify this queue.
- In **Queue Number** field a default number is given. The number could be changed within the Paging Group Extension Number Range listed on **Telephony -> Preferences -> Global PBX Options** page, Extension Ranges section.
- **Ring Strategy** sets the method how you wish the queue agent extensions to ring when there's incoming call to this queue.



- **Ring All:** Ring all available agents until one answers(default).
 - **Leastrecent:** Ring the extension of the Agent who has least recently received a call.
 - **Fewestcalls:** Ring the extension of the Agent who has taken the fewest number of calls.
 - **Random:** Ring the extension of a random Agent.
 - **RRMemory:** The system remembers which agent was last called and begins the round robin with the next agent.
 - **Linear:** Starting with the first agent, ring the extension of each agent in turn until the call is answered.
 - **RROrdered:** Same as RRMemory, except the queue member order is preserved.
- In the **Music On Hold** drop-down list select a music folder as hold music when callers are waiting in the queue.

- After **Agent Penalty** is enabled, and the Ring Strategy is on the Linear mode, the incoming calls in the queue will ring the agents in the order of the static agent extension numbers list.
- **Static Agents** are extensions that are assumed to always be in the queue. Static agents do not need to “log in” to the queue, and cannot “log out” of the queue.
- **Dynamic Agents** are extensions that can log in and out of the queue. Extensions selected here will NOT automatically be logged in to the queue.
- **Destination if no answer** sets the final destination for the callers if no one answers the call when they were in the queue.

More advanced options for call queue is available, please click on [Advanced Settings](#) button to show advanced options, they are optional but might be useful to improve the callers' experiences.

Add ×

General Settings Advanced Settings Announcements

Auto Fill ?

* Agent Timeout(sec.) ? -- +

* Auto Pause ? ▾

* Wrap Up Time(sec.) ? -- +

Report Hold Time ?

* Max Callers ? -- +

Add Queue Name Caller ID ?

Max Wait Time(sec.) ?

Join Empty ?

Leave When Empty ?

- **Auto Fill** if it's set to be Yes, and multiple agents are available, the PBX will send one call to each waiting agent (depending on the ring strategy). Otherwise, it will hold all calls while it tries to find an agent for the top call in the queue, making the other callers wait.
- **Agent Time Out** specifies the number of seconds to ring an agent's extension before

sending the call to the next Agent (based on Ring Strategy).

- If an agent's extension rings and the agent fails to answer the call, **Auto Pause** option can automatically pause that agent to stop them receiving further calls from the queue.
- **Wrap Up time** is the amount of time in seconds that an agent has to complete work on a call after which the call is disconnected.
- If **Report Hold Time** is enabled, it will report to the agent about how long the caller had been waiting in the queue.
- The value of **Max Callers** limits the maximum amount of callers can wait in the queue (Default is 0 -- unlimited). When the maximum number of callers in the queue is reached, subsequent callers will be sent to the **If no answer** destination.
- If **Add Queue Name Caller ID** option is enabled, when an incoming call is distributed to an agent the queue name will be displayed on the phone screen along with the caller ID. So a call queue agent knows which call queue the call is coming from. This feature is helpful if an agent belongs to multiple call queues.
- Calls that have been waiting in the queue for **Max Wait Time(Sec)** will be sent to the **If no answer** destination. If left blank, there will not be any time limitation of waiting time.
- **Join Empty** option allows callers to enter the queue when no agents are available. If this option is not enabled, callers will not be able to enter the queue without available agents - callers will be sent to the **If no answer** destination.
- **Leave When Empty** option if it's enabled and calls are still in the queue when the last agent logs out, the remaining callers in the Queue will be transferred to the **If no answer** destination. This option cannot be used with **Join Empty** at the same time.

You may set the system to playback announcements to the callers while they are waiting in the queue. Please click on the [Announcements](#) button to setup customized announcements.

Add
✕

General Settings
Advanced Settings
Announcements

Caller Position Announcements

* Announce Hold Time ? ▾

Announce Position ?

* Broadcast Frequency(sec.) ? - +

Periodic Announcements

* Repeat Frequency(sec.) ? - +

Announcements Prompts ? ▾

- **Caller Position Announcements** is used to tell the callers how they've been waiting and the position in the queue.
 - **Announce Hold Time:** Announce to the callers of the time they have been waiting, the first minute callers waiting in the queue will not hear such announcements.
 - **Announce Position:** If set to be Yes, the system will announce the position of the caller is currently waiting in the queue.
 - **Broadcast Frequency(Sec):** To defines how often to announce queue position and estimate hold time.
- **Periodic Announcements** can be used to periodically playback a voice prompts to the callers waiting in the queue.

- Repeat Frequency(Sec): The time interval to repeat this periodic announcements.
- Announcements Prompts: To select a voice prompts to be periodically played to the waiting callers.

After setting up call queue, you may use internal extensions (non-agent extensions) to call the queue number to verify the queue settings.

5.2.3 Time Conditions

Path: *Telephony -> Inbound Control -> Time Conditions*

Time conditions in CooVox series IPPBX allow you to control what happens to inbound calls both during and outside (weekends/holidays) normal business hours.

Time condition settings include Time Rule, Weekday and Holiday settings.

- Time Rule:
- Weekdays:
- Holidays:

To create a time rule you need first set up weekdays and holidays.

To set up weekdays you may modify the default one or create a new one by clicking on **Add** button.

* Name

Weekdays From To

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat
	09:00 - 12:00 <input type="button" value="x"/>	09:00 - 12:00 <input type="button" value="x"/>	09:00 - 12:00 <input type="button" value="x"/>	09:00 - 12:00 <input type="button" value="x"/>	09:00 - 12:00 <input type="button" value="x"/>	
	14:00 - 18:00 <input type="button" value="x"/>	14:00 - 18:00 <input type="button" value="x"/>	14:00 - 18:00 <input type="button" value="x"/>	14:00 - 18:00 <input type="button" value="x"/>	14:00 - 18:00 <input type="button" value="x"/>	

This example shows the company opens from Monday to Friday. On each weekday, it opens from 9 am to 12 pm, after a 2-hour break then opens from 2 pm to 6 pm. Any other time duration unspecified will be considered as non-business hours.

In order to exclude holidays from the weekdays, you'll also have to set up holidays.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Edit holiday1" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there is a text input field labeled "* Name" containing the text "holiday1". Below this is a section labeled "* List of Holidays" with a circular refresh icon. It contains two entries, each with a date and time range and a calendar icon: "2022-08-13 00:00:00 -> 2022-08-14 23:59:00" and "2022-08-20 00:00:00 -> 2022-08-21 23:59:59". To the right of each entry are four small buttons: a minus sign, a plus sign, an up arrow, and a down arrow. At the bottom of the dialog are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Submit".

Please ensure you add all upcoming holidays to the holiday list. Now you have all prerequisites to set up a time rule.

* Weekdays ⓘ	weekdays	▼
* Holidays ⓘ	holiday1	▼
— Business Hours Destination ⓘ —		
* Destination Type	IVR	▼
* Destination	welcome[0600]	▼
— Non-business Hours Destination ⓘ —		
* Destination Type	Extension	▼
* Destination	100[100]	▼
— Holiday destination ⓘ —		
* Destination Type	IVR	▼
* Destination	welcome[0600]	▼
		<input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Submit"/>

Now you could apply this time rule to the **Inbound Routes**.

In the above example, there are only business hours and non-business hours for inbound calls.

If you want inbound calls during your holidays to be handled by a holiday IVR, you could setup another IVR dedicated for holidays.

5.2.4 Inbound Routes

Path: *Telephony -> Inbound Control -> Inbound Routes*

The Inbound Routes settings tell your IPPBX system where to send those inbound calls coming in from the trunks. Calls can be sent to a variety of destinations, including extensions, departments (ring groups), call queues, IVRs, DISAs, conferences, paging groups, voicemail, fax, etc.

Office Closed ?

* Destination Type ?

* Inbound Destination ?


Status ?

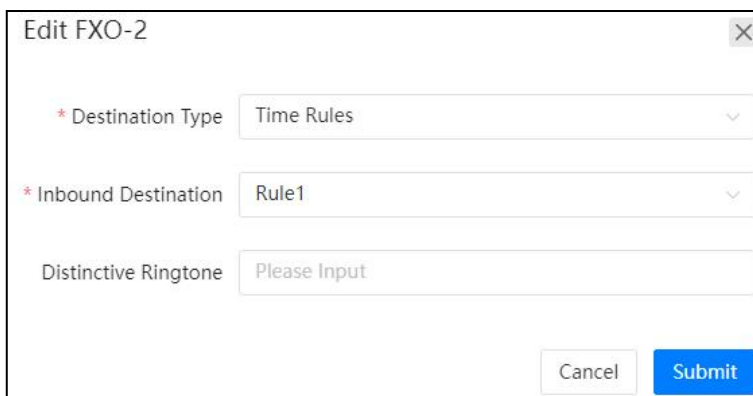
Office Closed is an extending of time conditions, you can manually activate Office Closed by feature code. This feature allows much more flexible time conditions to be temporarily applied for the offices which may have some unscheduled businesses and activities off the time table of the time conditions. For the Office Closed feature codes and instructions, please refer to Feature Codes.

The Inbound Routes are configured per each trunk. You may set different inbound destinations for different trunks.

Batch Edit		Trunk Name			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Trunk Name	Destination Type	Inbound Destination	Distinctive Ringtone	Operation
<input type="checkbox"/>	FXO-2	Time Rules	Rule1		Edit
<input type="checkbox"/>	FXO-1	IVR	welcome[0600]		Edit
<input type="checkbox"/>	11	Extension	100[100]		Edit

Total 3 items < 1 > 20 / page Goto

Please click on  button to configure inbound routes for each trunk.



Dialog box titled "Edit FXO-2" with the following fields:

- * Destination Type: Time Rules
- * Inbound Destination: Rule1
- Distinctive Ringtone: Please Input

Buttons: Cancel, Submit

In the Inbound Destination field select a desired inbound destination for inbound calls from this trunk.

Distinctive Ringtone is optional, if needed, you may specify the ringtone name of the phone, so when the callers call in from this trunk the phone will ring this specific ringtone. It requires the phone support distinctive ringtone feature.

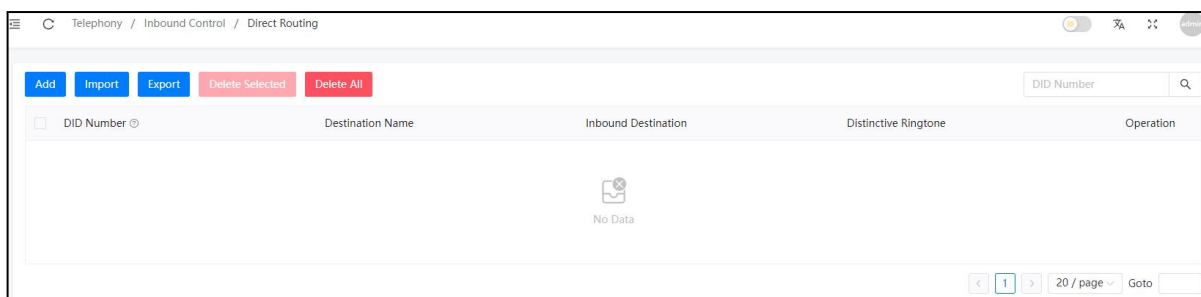
This is how you configure inbound routes for a trunk, you may configure the same inbound routes for other trunks or use different inbound route settings per your requirements.

5.2.5 Direct Routing

Path: *Telephony -> Inbound Control -> Direct Routing*

You may set up Direct Routing based on the DID numbers of your VoIP/E1/T1/BRI trunk lines and the phone numbers of the external callers. Direct Routing has higher priority than time conditions (unless the inbound destination is a time rule) and other general inbound routes.

Direct Routing based on DID numbers will cause the inbound calls which dialed the specified DID number to a specific call destination without the limitation of any other inbound settings. To add a Direct Routing rule based on DID number, please click on the "Add" button as shown below.



In the popup window, specify one of your DID numbers, and assign a call destination for all inbound calls by calling this DID number.

Add
✕

* DID Number ?

* Destination Name ?

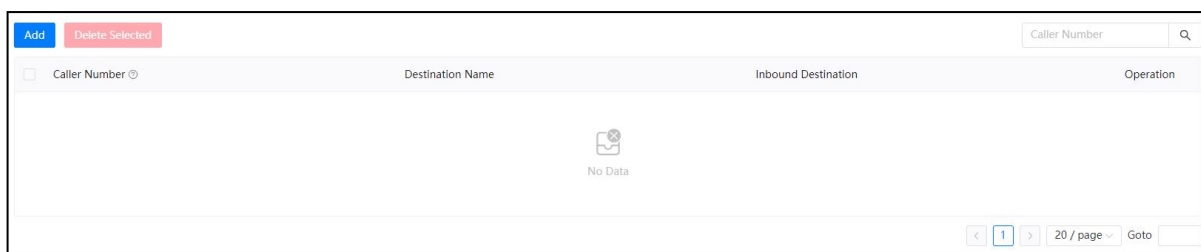
* Inbound Destination ?

Distinctive Ringtone ?

In the above example, 94088322 is one of your DID numbers, you may configure it with an extension number, when someone calls this number, the call will then directly go to the selected extension.

In the **Distinctive Ringtone** field you may specify the ringtone name of the phone, so when the callers call the DID number and the call goes to this extension the phone will ring this specific ringtone. It requires the phone support distinctive ringtone feature.

To add a Direct Routing rule base on the caller's number, please click "Add" button as shown below.



In the popup window, specify the caller’s number, and assign a call destination for inbound calls from this external phone number.

Once this Direct Routing is created, all phone calls coming from the number 85337096 will then all go to extension 101, no matter when and from which trunk the call is coming in.

Add ✕

* Caller Number ☺

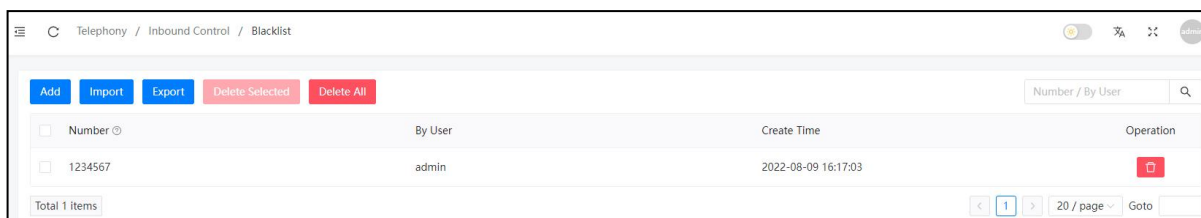
* Destination Name ☺

* Inbound Destination

5.2.6 Blacklist

Path: **Telephony -> Inbound Control -> Blacklist**

Blacklist feature allows you to create a list of numbers that are not allowed to call in to the IPPBX system. Blacklist could be managed by both the admin user and operator user. The extension user could also add numbers to the system blacklist by using Blacklist Feature Codes.



By specifying a number in the top right number blank, you may add a number to the system blacklist.

If you want to share the blacklist numbers on other IPPBX systems, you may download it by clicking the [Export](#) button to download all blacklist numbers in a file and upload on other IPPBX systems.

5.3 Outbound Control

By default if you've not configured any outbound control settings, the extension users are not able to make outbound phone calls yet. Please follow the instructions of this chapter to configure the IPPBX system for outbound phone calls.

5.3.1 Trunks

A trunk on an IPPBX system is essential for extensions to be able to make outbound phone calls. On CooVox IPPBX system, the trunks will be detected and generated automatically at the first time of the system initialization.

FXO/GSM Trunks

Path: **Telephony -> Outbound Control -> Trunks**

On the IPPBX front panel, red LED indicates the RJ11 interface is FXO. You should attach the telephone wire from your telecom socket to the FXO ports.

Physical Trunks				Batch Edit
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Remark	Type	Operation
<input type="checkbox"/>	FXO-2		Analog	✎
<input type="checkbox"/>	FXO-1		Analog	✎

Total 2 Items

/ 20 / page

If needed you may edit the trunk settings by click on the [✎](#) button, or you may select the same type of trunks and click on [Batch Edit](#) button to edit settings of the trunks together.

Edit FXO-1 ✕

<p>Remark <input style="width: 100%;" type="text" value="Please Input"/></p> <p>Output Volume <input type="range" value="0"/> -10 0 10</p> <p>Input Volume <input type="range" value="0"/> -10 0 10</p> <p>Answer Polarity Detection <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Hangup Polarity Detection <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Fax Detect <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Quick Send Number <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Caller ID Start <input type="text" value="Default"/></p>	<p>* Call Recording <input type="text" value="In & Out"/></p> <p>* Prompts Language <input type="text" value="English"/></p> <p>* Busy Count <input type="text" value="6"/></p> <p>Busy Pattern <input type="text" value="Please Input"/></p> <p>Busy Detection <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Fax DST <input type="text" value="Please Select"/></p> <p>Caller ID Signaling <input type="text" value="Default"/></p> <p>* Fax Wait Time(sec.) <input type="text" value="5"/> -- +</p>
--	--

Select the parameters you want to configure before modifying them. Usually if the trunks are working fine please do not change these settings.

- **Remark:** Add remark description of the trunk.
- **Fax Wait Time(sec):** Setup duration for fax timeout.
- **Call recording:** To enable or disable call recording on the trunk/trunks. To enable recording you have options to record inbound calls only, outbound calls only or both inbound and outbound calls.
- **Output Volume:** Sets the volume of the outgoing calls from the FXO channels.
- **Input Volume:** Sets the volume of the incoming calls from the FXO channels.
- **Answer Polarity Detection:** When enabled, FXO (FXS signaled) ports watch for a polarity reversal to mark when an outgoing call is answered by the remote party.
- **Hangup Polarity Detection:** In certain countries, a polarity reversal is used to signal the disconnection of a phone line. If enabled, the calls will be considered “hang up” on a polarity reversal.
- **Fax Detect:** Enable or disable fax auto detection on this trunk.

- **Fax DST:** The extension number of the fax destination. If the extension number is set with an email address, the fax will be sent directly to the mailbox. If no email address is set, the fax will be sent directly to the fax machine corresponding to the extension number.
- **Caller ID Signaling:** Setup caller ID signaling for this trunk line instead of using global caller ID signaling.
- **Prompts Language:** You can choose a desired language of the system voice prompts to play to the incoming calls from this trunk. For example, if the call is not answered or the user is busy, the IPPBX system will notify the caller to leave a voice message in the language you set.
- **Busy Count:** Specify how many busy tones to wait for before hanging up, and it's configurable only if Busy Detection is enabled.
- **Busy Pattern:** If busy detection is enabled, it is also possible to specify the cadence of your busy signal.
- **Busy Detection:** Enable busy tone detection, it is also possible to specify how many busytones to wait for before hanging up.
- **Quick Send Number:** When enabled, your calls will get through faster, as all numbers sent through this trunk will always be added with “#” at the end, it will cause the carrier to switch the calls immediately instead of waiting till digits timeout.
- **Caller ID Start:** Caller ID detection option for this trunk instead of using global settings. For more information please refer to Analog Settings.

E1 Trunks

Path: *Telephony -> Outbound Control -> Trunks*

If your T600 system has E1 module installed, you'll have an E1 trunk available for inbound and outbound phone calls.

Physical Trunks Batch Edit				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Remark	Type	Operation
<input type="checkbox"/>	PRI-1		Digital	
<input type="checkbox"/>	FXO-2		Analog	
<input type="checkbox"/>	FXO-1		Analog	

Total 3 Items < 1 > 20 / page Goto

Click on the button to configure the E1 (PRI) trunk when needed.

Edit PRI-1 ✕

Remark <input type="text" value="Please Input"/>	* Call Recording <input type="text" value="Disabled"/>
Overlap Dial <input type="text" value="Yes"/>	Outbound CID <input type="text" value="Please Input"/>
* Reset Interval <input type="text" value="3600"/> - +	PRI Indication <input type="text" value="Inband"/>
Switch Type <input type="text" value="EuroISDN (comm..."/>	* Prompts Language <input type="text" value="English"/>
Fax Detect <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Fax DST <input type="text" value="Please Select"/>
Dial Permission <input type="text" value="Default"/>	Preferred Outbound CID <input type="text" value="Extension"/>
Quick Send Number <input type="checkbox"/>	

- **Call recording:** To enable or disable call recording on the trunk/trunks. To enable recording you have options to record inbound calls only, outbound calls only or both inbound and outbound calls.
- **Overlap Dial:** Overlap dialing mode (sending overlap digits).
- **Outbound CID:** The number you want to display to the called party.
- **Reset Interval:** To set the time in seconds between restart of unused B channels.
- **PRI Indication:** To enable this to report Busy and Congestion on a PRI using out-of-band notification.
- **Switch Type:** To set the type of PRI switch being used by the telephony provider.
- **Prompts Language:** Custom a system voice prompts language for the callers calling in

from this trunk.

- **Fax Detect:** Enable/disable fax detection on this trunk.
- **Fax DST:** The extension number of the fax destination. If the extension number is set with an email address, the fax will be sent directly to the mailbox. If no email address is set, the fax will be sent directly to the fax machine corresponding to the extension number.
- **Dial Permission:** Custom dial permission for this trunk, by default it uses the “Extension” dial permission. Configure only if this trunk is used for PBX integration, so calls coming from the other side can dial out from this IPPBX trunk directly. DO NOT change unless you fully understand how this feature works.
- **Preferred outbound CID:** To set preferred outbound CID of this trunk of the extensions.
- **Quick Send Number:** When enabled, your calls will get through faster, as all numbers sent through this trunk will always be added with “#” at the end, it will cause the carrier to switch the calls immediately instead of waiting till digits timeout.

SIP Trunks

Path: *Telephony -> Outbound Control -> Trunks*

Asterisk PBX can be registered as a SIP user agent to a SIP proxy (provider). If you have subscribed to a VoIP service from an ITSP (Internet Telephony Service Provider), then with the account details provided by them you can configure a SIP trunk on your CooVox IPPBX system for the user extensions to share and make outbound phone calls.

To implement your SIP trunk account on the IPPBX system, you’ll need to create a SIP trunk.

Add
✕

Basic
Other

Enable 🔔

* Type 🔔

* Server Address 🔔

Out Proxy Server 🔔

* Username 🔔

* Password 🔔

Contact 🔔

* Retry Interval 🔔

* Name 🔔

Authentication 🔔

* Port 🔔

Out Proxy Port 🔔

* AuthUser 🔔

* Identify By 🔔

* Register Expiration 🔔

* Max Retry 🔔

Most of the trunk settings will be given by the service provider, settings that are not mentioned by the provider you may leave them blank or use default values.

- **Enable:** The trunk will be active and usable only if it's enabled.
- **Authentication:** If the service provider doesn't require a username and password for this account to register to their server then you can disable this option.
- **Server Address:** The SIP server domain or IP address.
- **Out Proxy Server:** SIP trunk proxy server's IP address.
- **Out Proxy Port:** SIP trunk proxy server's port number.
- **User Name:** Username provided by SIP Provider.
- **AuthUser:** AuthUser is the optional authorization user for the SIP server.
- **Password:** Password provided by SIP Provider.
- **Contact:** Contact user to use in an outbound call request through this trunk.

- **Retry Interval:** Once registration expired, retry interval is the number of seconds system will wait before attempting to send another register request to the server.
- **Identify By:** Identify by the user name and domain or the Authorization username.
- **Type:** In practical applications, client mode SIP trunks are the most commonly used to connect to the SIP providers for low cost, long distance and international phone calls, while server mode is only used when users want to do SIP trunking between IPPBXs.
- **Registration Expiration:** Expiration time of registration in seconds.
- **Max Retry:** Defines how many times the IPPBX system will attempt to register to the server before permanently giving up.

Add
✕

Basic
Other

Fax Detect ⓘ

SRTP ⓘ

Client URI ⓘ

Server URI ⓘ

AOR Contact ⓘ

* Call Recording ⓘ

From User ⓘ

From Domain ⓘ

* DTMF Mode ⓘ

Send PAI

RTP Timeout ⓘ – +

Fax DST ⌵

NAT Support ⓘ

* Transport Protocol ⓘ ⌵

* Prompts Language ⓘ ⌵

Simultaneous Call ⓘ

* Preferred Outbound C ⌵

Outbound CID ⓘ

Dial Permission ⓘ ⌵

* Video Codecs ⌵

Send RPID

Qualify ⓘ – +

Available codes Select all Total 10 items

Ulaw

Alaw

G.729

GSM

Selected codes Clear 3 items selected

Alaw

Ulaw

G.729

- **Fax Detect:** Enable/disable fax detection on this trunk.
- **SRTP:** Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP) encrypts the RTP traffic to secure your VoIP phone calls. Before enabling this option, you need to ensure the end point can also support SRTP.
- **Client URI:** Client SIP URI used when attempting outbound registration (e.g. SIP:1234567890@sip.example.com:5060).

- **Server URI:** SIP URI of the server to register against (e.g. sip:sip.example.com:5060).
- **AOR Contact:** Address of records, it uses the same format as the client URI.
- **Call Recording:** Enable/disable call recording on this trunk. If enabled, all phone calls going in or out will all be recorded.
- **From User:** Username to use in “From” header for sending outbound call requests to this trunk.
- **From Domain:** Your service provider’s domain name.
- **DTMF Mode:** Used to inform the system how to detect the DTMF key press. Choices are Inband, rfc4733, SIP info and Auto.
- **Send PAI:** Send the P Asserted Identity header. The P-Asserted-Identity contains the caller id information for the call on the INVITE SIP packet. PAI and RPID are mutually exclusive you can set one or the other but not both.
- **RTP Timeout:** RTP Timeout can be used to automatically hangup the call if not RTP traffic is received within 60 (default) seconds.
- **Qualify:** Qualify will cause the server sending SIP OPTIONS command regularly to check that the device is still online.
- **NAT Support:** With this option enabled, Asterisk may override the address/port information specified in the SIP/SDP messages, and use the information (sender address) supplied by the network stack instead. This feature is often required when there is a firewall located between the PBX and the service provider.
- **Transport Protocol:** To set the VoIP trunk to use UDP, TCP or TLS as the transport protocol, in most cases the providers use UDP as default transport protocol.
- **Prompts Language:** You can choose a desired language of the system voice prompts to play for the incoming calls from this trunk. For example, if the call is not answered or the user is busy, the IPPBX system will notify the caller to leave a voice message in the language you set.
- **Simultaneous Calls:** This option will limit the number of simultaneous outbound calls can be made through this trunk, leave it blank as not limited.
- **Preferred Outbound CID:** To set preferred outbound CID of this trunk of the extensions.
- **Outbound CID:** The number you want to display to the called party while dialing out

through this trunk. It depends on the service provider whether it works or not.

- **Dial Permission:** Custom dial permission for this trunk, by default it uses the “default” dial permission. Configure only if this trunk is for branch office integration, so calls coming from the other side can dial out from this IPPBX trunk directly. DO NOT change unless you fully understand how this feature works.
- **Video Codecs:** If the ITSP supports video calls then you can enable compatible video codecs here for video phone calls.
- **Send RPID:** Send the Remote Party ID header. PAI and RPID are mutually exclusive you can set one or the other but not both.
- **Available Codec:** CooVox IPPBX system supports the following audio codecs G.711 (ulaw, alaw), G.722, G.726, G.729, GSM, Opus and Speex. You may choose the appropriate audio codecs from here and click to add to Selected Codec.
- **Selected Codec:** Audio codecs you chose will be added here. The sequence of the audio codecs listed here is the sequence of the audio codecs to be used for negotiating the media of a phone call to be established.

IAX Trunks

Path: *Telephony -> Outbound Control -> Trunks*

IAX trunks can be used to interconnect 2 IPPBXs in remote locations. You have to create a “Server Mode” IAX trunk on one IPPBX and a “Client Mode” on the other IPPBX. The server mode IAX trunk should define username and password, the username and password should be applied on the client mode IAX trunk.

Below is an example of the client mode IAX trunk.

Add ✕

Enable

* Name

* Type

Authentication

* Server Address

* Port

Username

* Password

Outbound CID

* Preferred Outbound CID

Dial Permission

Prompts Language

* Call Recording

Available codes Select all Total 10 items

- Ulaw
- Alaw
- G.729
- GSM
- G.722
- G.726
- Speex
- G.711

Selected codes Clear 3 items selected

- Alaw
- Ulaw
- G.729

Add ✕

Enable

* Name

* Type

Authentication

* Server Address

* Port

Username

* Password

Outbound CID

* Preferred Outbound CID

Dial Permission

Prompts Language

* Call Recording

Available codes Select all Total 10 items

- Ulaw
- Alaw
- G.729
- GSM
- G.722
- G.726
- Speex
- G.711

Selected codes Clear 3 items selected

- Alaw
- Ulaw
- G.729

Add
✕

Enable ?

* Type ?

* Server Address ?

Username ?

Outbound CID ?

Dial Permission ?

* Call Recording ?

* Name ?

Authentication ?

* Port

* Password ? 👁

* Preferred Outbound CID

Prompts Language ?

Available codes	Select all	Total 10 items	Selected codes	Clear	3 items selected
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ulaw			Alaw		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alaw			Ulaw		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> G.729			G.729		
<input type="checkbox"/> GSM					
<input type="checkbox"/> G.722					
<input type="checkbox"/> G.726					
<input type="checkbox"/> Speex					
<input type="checkbox"/> G.711					


- **Trunk Name:** It should be the username of the IAX trunk account.
- **Authentication:** If the “Server Mode” trunk hasn’t enabled this option, then it doesn’t require a username and password for this account, you can disable this option and specify the Server Address for authentication.
- **Server Address:** The IAX server domain or IP address.
- **User Name:** Username provided by IAXserver.

- **Password:** Password provided by IAXserver.
- **Outbound CID:** The number you want to display to the called party while dialing out through this trunk.
- **Dial Permission:** Custom dial permission for this trunk, by default it uses the “default” dial permission. Configure only if this trunk is for remote IPPBX integration, so calls coming from the other side can dial out from this IPPBX trunk directly. DO NOT change unless you fully understand how this feature works.
- **Call Recording:** Enable/disable call recording on this trunk. If enabled, all phone calls going in or out will all be recorded.
- **Type:** Server Mode IAX trunk provides username and password for the Client Mode IAX trunk to register.
- **Preferred Outbound CID:** To set preferred outbound CID of this trunk of the extensions.
- **Prompts Language:** You can choose a desired language of the system voice prompts to play for the incoming calls from this trunk. For example, if the call is not answered or the user is busy, the IPPBX system will notify the caller to leave a voice message in the language you set.
- **Available Codec:** CooVox IPPBX system supports audio codecs such as G.711 (ulaw, alaw), G.722, G.726, G.729, GSM, Opus and Speex. You may choose the appropriate audio codecs from here and click to add to Select Codec.
- **Selected Codec:** Audio codecs you choosed will be added here. The sequence of the audio codecs listed here is the sequence of the audio codecs to be used for negotiating the media of a phone call to be established.

5.3.2 Dial Rules


Path: *Telephony -> Outbound Control -> Dial Rules*

On the CooVox IPPBX system you can setup different dial rules, for users to dial numbers in different format/pattern and cause the IPPBX system to call out through different trunk lines. For example, users dial the numbers with a prefix 9 to call out through the CO lines (land lines). Or dial the numbers with a prefix 00 to call out through the VoIP lines (SIP trunks).

Click on  button to create a dial rule name, below is an example dial rule.

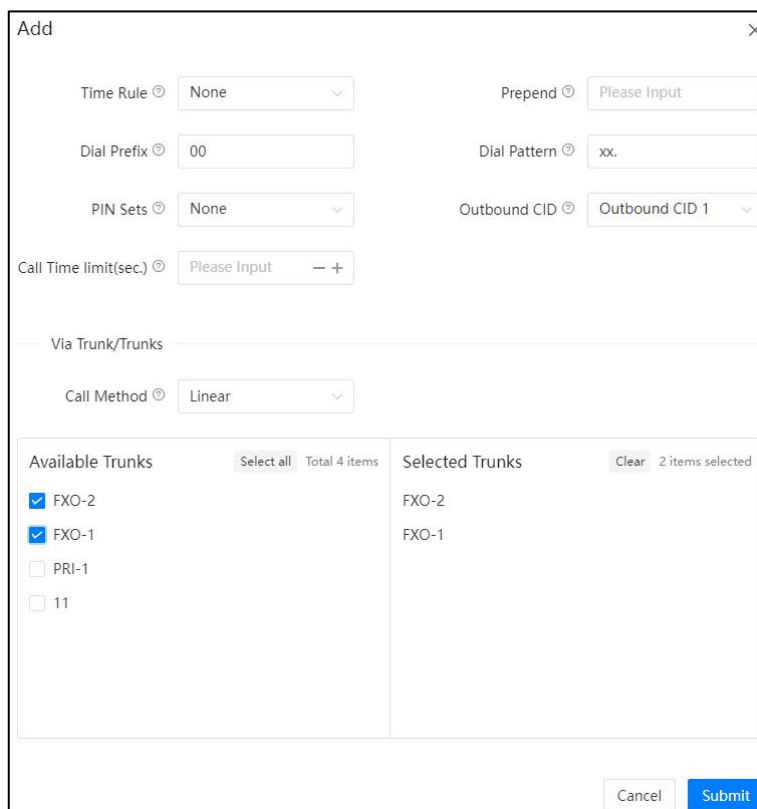


The screenshot shows a dialog box titled 'Add' with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there is a text input field labeled '* Name' containing the text 'DialOut'. Below the input field, there are two buttons: a grey 'Cancel' button and a blue 'Submit' button.

Click on the  button to create new dialing rules.



The screenshot shows a table with one row. The table has a header row with a blue 'Add' button on the left. The row contains the text 'DialOut' and a green '+' button on the right.



The screenshot shows a complex 'Add' dialog box with various configuration options. At the top right is a close button (X). The options are arranged in two columns:

- Time Rule: None (dropdown)
- Prepend: Please Input (text field)
- Dial Prefix: 00 (text field)
- Dial Pattern: xx. (text field)
- PIN Sets: None (dropdown)
- Outbound CID: Outbound CID 1 (dropdown)
- Call Time limit(sec.): Please Input (text field with minus and plus buttons)

Below these is a section titled 'Via Trunk/Trunks' with a 'Call Method' dropdown set to 'Linear'. At the bottom, there are two lists:

- Available Trunks:** Select all Total 4 items. Contains checkboxes for FXO-2 (checked), FXO-1 (checked), PRI-1, and 11.
- Selected Trunks:** Clear 2 items selected. Contains FXO-2 and FXO-1.

At the bottom right of the dialog are 'Cancel' and 'Submit' buttons.

- In the **Time Rules** dropdown list, you may select a time condition for this dial rule, so

this dial rule will only be available to be used at business hours.

- **Prepend** option is used to always add specific digit/digits in front of the actual dialed number after the **Dial Prefix** is deleted. These extra digits will be sent along with the actual number to the service provider to exchange. For example, if you want to always add an area code in front of the dialed number, you can specify the area code in front of the dialed number, you can specify the area code here, otherwise leave this field blank.
- **Dial Prefix** is the first digit users have to dial while they want to make calls through the trunk/trunks selected in this dial rule. The system will strip the prefix from the number that is sent to the trunk.
- **Dial Patterns** act like a filter for matching numbers dialed with trunks. The various patterns you can enter are similar to Asterisk's definition of them:
 - **X** — Refers to any digit between 0 and 9
 - **N** — Refers to any digit between 2 and 9
 - **Z** — Any digit that is not zero. (E.g. 1 to 9)
 - **.** — Wildcard. Match any number of anything. Must match *something*.
- **Pin Set** is a collection of PIN codes for granting outbound phone calls.
- **Outbound CID**: Choose between Outbound CID1 and Outbound CID2 to send to the called party. When the extension user make outbound phone calls by using this dial rule, the chosen outbound CID number will be used. So in the below **Selected Trunks** field VoIP or E1/T1/BRI trunks need to be used, and the service provider need to support users passing outbound CIDs.
- **Call Time Limit**: The limited time of call conversation can be made while using this dial rule. The limitation can be set from 60 to 3600 seconds.
- **Call Method** sets how to use the selected trunks for outbound phone calls.
 - **Linear**: Always take the first available trunk, if the first trunk is busy it will try the second trunk, if the second trunk is busy it will try the third, and so on.
 - **Linear Cycle**: Always take the next trunk, the trunk which the last had taken will not be used, it will call out through the next one directly.
- Double click one of the trunks or drag-and-drop to move the trunks from **Available Trunks** field to **Selected Trunks** field. The selected trunks will be used by this dial rule for outbound phone calls.

Note: If you want all users to use the same dial rule for outbound phone calls, a dial prefix may not be necessary. But please make sure all available trunks should be included in the Selected Trunks field, otherwise unselected trunks will never be used.


If you want to set different dial rules please make sure the dial rules use different dial prefixes.

5.3.3 Dial Permissions

Path: **Telephony -> Outbound Control -> Dial Permissions**

A dial permission consists of outbound dial permissions (dial rules) and internal dial permissions. Each extension number had been assigned with a dial permission. Dial rules are created for dial outbound phone calls, internal dial permissions are used for controlling extension number from using local phone system features.

You may create several different dial permissions. By assigning the extension numbers with different dial permissions you may limit the extension users to dial certain outbound phone calls and use certain local phone system features.

Click on  button to create a new dial permission or you may use the default dial permission.

Edit

* Name: DialPlan1

Dial Rules

Available Rules	Selected Rules
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DialOut	DialOut

Internal Permissions

Extension <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Paging & Intercom <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Department <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Call Parking <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Conference <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Call Pickup <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DISA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Call Queue <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Feature Codes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Call Spy <input type="checkbox"/>
IVR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Seize CO Line <input type="checkbox"/>

Cancel Submit

In the **Dial Rules** section by moving the dial rules from the **Available Rules** field to the **Selected Rules** field to enable the dial rules in this dial permission. In the above given example, 2 dial rules had been enabled. The “call-pstn” rule is used to make phone calls through CO lines (land lines). The “call-voip” rule is used to make phone call through the SIP trunk. So if you assign this dial permission to the extension users, they will be able to make outbound phone call both through CO lines and the SIP trunk.

In the **Internal Permissions** section by switching the internal call features on/off to enable/disable the call features.

- **Extension:** Allow/Disallow dialing other extension numbers.
- **Paging & Intercom:** Allow/Disallow dialing paging & intercom group numbers.
- **Department:** Allow/Disallow dialing other department numbers.
- **Call Parking:** Allow/Disallow answering the parked calls.
- **Conference:** Allow/Disallow using conference feature.
- **Call Pickup:** Allow/Disallow pickup phone calls on other extensions.
- **DISA:** Allow/Disallow using DISA feature.
- **Call Queue:** Allow/Disallow dialing the call queue numbers.
- **Feature Codes:** Allow/Disallow using feature codes.
- **Call Spy:** Allow/Disallow spying on other extensions' phone calls.
- **IVR:** Allow/Disallow dialing IVR extensions.
- **Seize CO Line:** Allow/Disallow the extension user to dial the FXO trunk BLF code to seize the line and make outbound phone call directly.

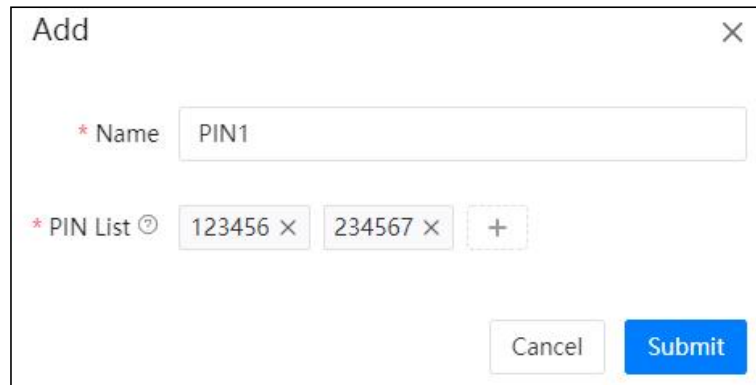
By default all extensions use the default dial permission “DialPlan1”, if you have created new dial permissions, please don't forget to assign them to the extensions from **Telephony -> Extensions -> IP Extensions** and **Telephony -> Extensions -> Analog Extensions** (if there are analog extensions) page.

5.3.4 PIN Sets

Path: **Telephony -> Outbound Control -> PIN Sets**

Pin sets can be used to secure your IPPBX system phone services and in particular for outbound dial rules and DISA.

Each PIN Set consists of a series of PIN Codes.

The image shows a web-based dialog box titled "Add" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains two main input sections. The first is labeled "* Name" and has a text input field containing "PIN1". The second is labeled "* PIN List" with a help icon (i) and contains two input fields with "123456" and "234567", each followed by a small "x" icon, and a "+" icon to the right. At the bottom right of the dialog are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Submit".

The PIN codes could be any digits that you want, but usually recommended it to be 3 to 5 digits meaningless numbers.

You could distribute these PIN codes out to each of the extension users or several of them to share a same PIN per your demand. If the PIN set is implemented on a dial rule or DISA, the IPPBX system will ask them to enter one of those PIN codes before they can call out.

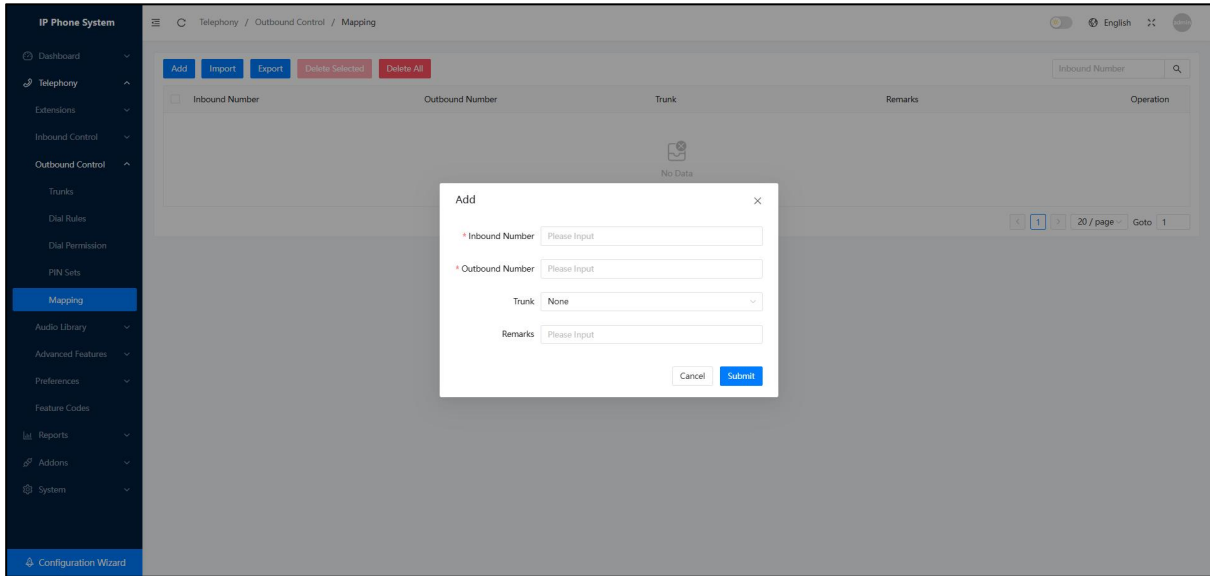
The PIN codes also can be used to query call logs and recordings, so even if the extension user dialed a number from another extension if PIN code is used, you'll know who actually made that call.

5.3.5 Mapping

Implement inbound and outbound number conversion, where an outbound caller ID is bound based on the inbound number. This facilitates setting the outbound caller ID for extensions and handling calls that come from third-party platforms and are outbound via IPPBX. When local extensions or third-party devices make outbound calls through this device, the outbound caller ID can be quickly set via this device.

Path: **Telephony** -> **Outbound Control** -> **Mapping**

Click "Add", then enter the "Inbound Number" (which can be a local extension number or an internal number passed in by a third party), enter the "Outbound Number" (the outbound caller ID of the local trunk), and enter the optional parameter "Trunk" (to bind the number conversion to a specified trunk).



Click "Export", then enter parameters such as "Outbound Number", "Inbound Number", and "Trunk" into the list in accordance with the original data format. Then click "Import" to import the data into the device, enabling quick batch data addition.



5.4 Audio Library


5.4.1 Music On Hold

Path: **Telephony** -> **Audio Library** -> **Music On Hold**

Music On Hold(MOH) is commonly known on an IPPBX system allows audio files (such as WAV or MP3 files) to be uploaded to the IPPBX system and played back when a caller is placed on hold or is waiting in a queue.

Audio files are managed by folder basis. You may use the system default MOH folder as on hold music or you may create new folders and upload your custom music files. Please first click on **New Directory** to create a new MOH folder.

Give this folder a name and set the playback mode as shuffle (random playback) or in turn (playback in order). Once done click on “Submit”.

Now click on  button to upload audio files to the newly created folder one by one.

Supported File Format: MP3, WAV(8KHz, 16bit, Mono)

Directory Name	Playback Mode	Files	Operation
default	Shuffle	countrywalks × metamorphosis × summer ×	
Music1	Shuffle		

5.4.2 IVR Prompts

Path: **Telephony** -> **Audio Library** -> **IVR Prompts**

To configure an IVR menu on CooVox IPPBX system you'll first need to record your IVR prompts, these IVR prompts will communicate with the callers about the menu options that they have e.g. press one for sales.

Always be sure that the recorded IVR prompts will match the options to be set up in the IVR.

If you change your IVR options, don't forget to change your recording!

The IVR prompts are pre-recorded and then uploaded to the CooVox series IPPBX system.



The pre-recorded audio could be MP3 or WAV (16bit, 8KHz, Mono) format.

After uploading, you may playback on the web by clicking button or playback on a phone by clicking on the button.

If you want to record the voice prompts by using an IP phone extension, please click on the **Recording** button, in the pop-up dialog, please define a name for the audio file to be recorded and select an extension which will be used to do the recording.

Recording ✕

* Filename

* Extension

When done, click on Submit and the selected extension will ring. After the user pickup the phone, please follow the system voice prompts to complete the recording. When recording is done, the newly recorded audio will be listed on this page and ready to be used for setup IVR.

5.4.3 Custom Prompts

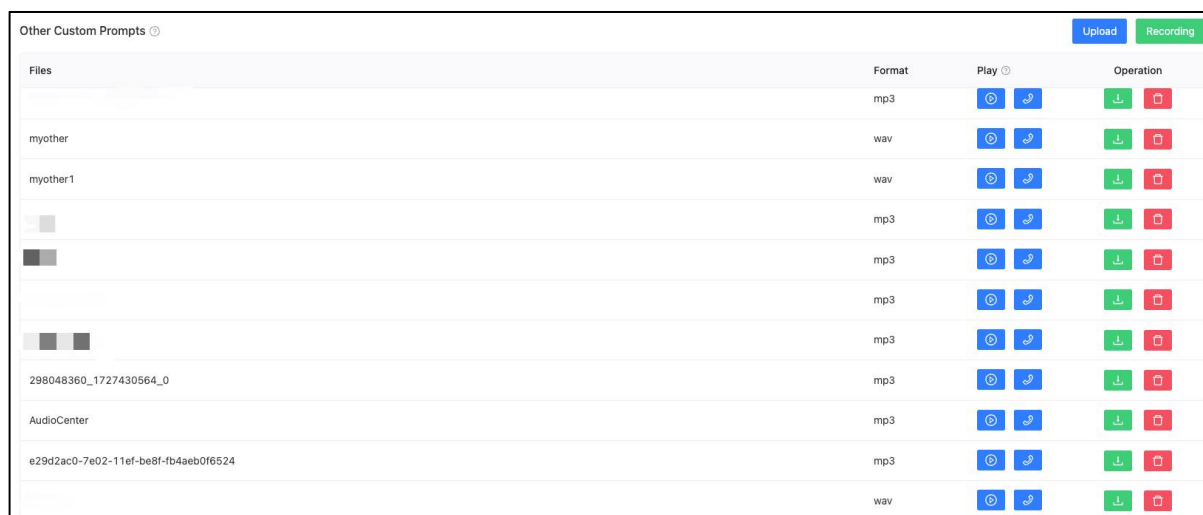
Path: **Telephony -> Audio Library -> Other Custom Prompts**

















































Custom prompts are to be used by call queue, call forward and some other advanced features, where customized voice prompts required.

You could record the voice prompts in MP3 or WAV (16bit, 8000Hz, mono) format and

upload here.

Then when you setup call queue periodic announcements you could select the customized voice prompts, or when you setup call forward notify message you could set the IPPBX system to notify callers before forwarding their calls.



Files	Format	Play	Operation
	mp3	 	 
myother	wav	 	 
myother1	wav	 	 
	mp3	 	 
	mp3	 	 
	mp3	 	 
	mp3	 	 
298048360_1727430564_0	mp3	 	 
AudioCenter	mp3	 	 
e29d2ac0-7e02-11ef-be8f-fb4aeb0f6524	mp3	 	 
	wav	 	 

You can also click the Recording button to record prompts. Select an extension number to record a custom announcement. Click the Submit button and the selected extension will ring. After answering the call, the custom announcement can be recorded.



Recording ✕

* Filename ?

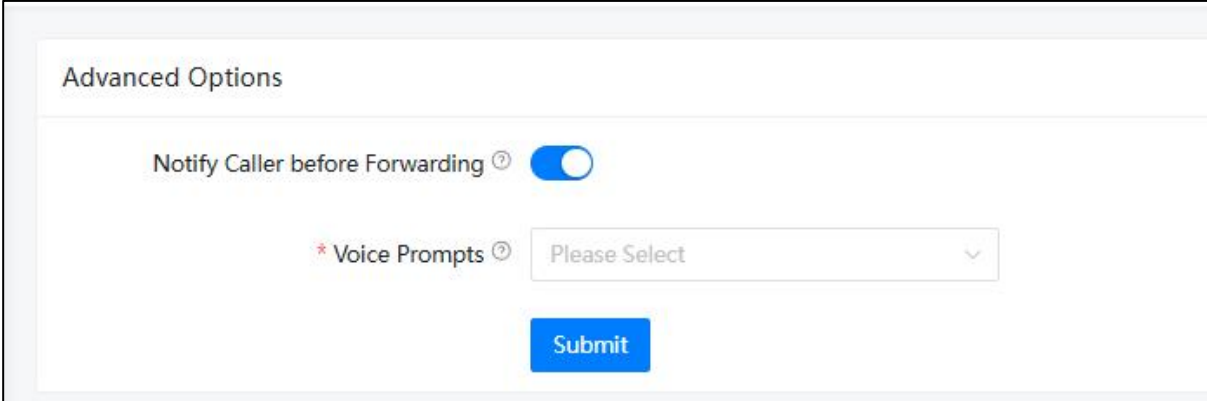
* Extension ?

5.5 Advanced Features

5.5.1 Call Forward

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Call Forward*

Call forward allows calls to an extension to be forwarded to a specific internal extension number or an external phone number. According to different application scenario, the forward type can be set as Forward All, Forward on Busy, Forward When Unavailable, No Answer and Busy, or No Answer and Unavailable.



Advanced Options

Notify Caller before Forwarding

* Voice Prompts

Submit

- **Notify Caller before Forwarding** option allows you to choose a voice prompts to be played to the caller to notify caller that the call will be forwarded. The voice prompts is uploaded from *Telephony -> Audio Library -> Other Custom Prompts* page. If this option is not enabled, the call will be forwarded without notifying the caller.

To configure call forward please click on the **Add** button. And follow the explanations to complete the configurations as below.

Add [Close]

* Extension Number: 000[Clive]

* Forward Type: Forward All

* Destination: 899

Enable:

Time rule: Worktime

Cancel Submit

- In the **Extension Number** drop-down list select the extension to be configured with call forward.
- In **Forward Type** drop-down list select the condition of when to forward the incoming calls.
- In the **Destination** field specify the number to receive the forwarded phone calls. If it's another internal extension number, just fill in with that extension number. If it's an external number, you'll have to specify the dial prefix in front of the actual number. In this case, the actual number is 65302385, the dial prefix is 9.
- In the **Time rule** field, it will determine whether to execute the transfer based on time rule

In the forward list, you may disable or enable items based on requirements.

Extension Number	Forward Type	Timeout(sec)	Destination	Enable	Time rule	Operation
<input type="checkbox"/> 000	Forward All	0	899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Worktime	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

Total 1 items

20 / page Goto 1

Call forward could be configured by Admin user and the operator user, and even by extension user from extension user web portal or by extension users from their phones by feature codes, please refer to Call Forward feature codes.

5.5.2 Follow Me

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Follow Me*

Click on [Add](#) add a follow me feature like below.

- Select the **Extension** which will be configured with Follow Me.
- **Ring Duration (Sec)**: To set the time in seconds to ring the extension before Follow Me process starts.
- **Follow Me List**: The list of numbers to be reached in order.
- **Number and Timeout (Sec)**: The number to be reached and the time to ring this number before trying the next one. If the number is an external number, don't forget to add a dial prefix in front of it.

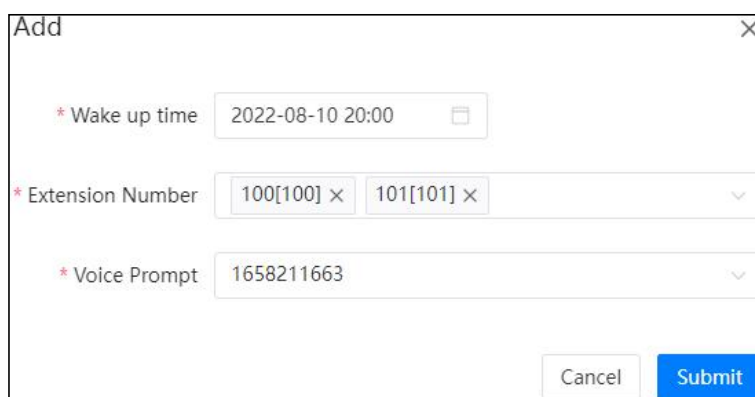
Take the above settings as example, when extension 100 gets an incoming call, if it's not answered in 15 seconds, the call will be forwarded firstly to 101 and ring this extension for 10 seconds, if still not answered, it will try number 921432368 (9 is the dial prefix, not part of the number) for another 10 seconds. If extension 101 answered the call then 921432368 will not be called. If the call didn't answer by any of the numbers listed in **Follow Me List**, the Follow Me process will end and the caller will be disconnected.

5.5.3 Wake Up Call

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Wake Up Calls*

Wake Up Call feature could be used to schedule reminders to the user extensions. Wakeup calls could be scheduled by admin user from admin Web interface, by operator user from operator Web interface, or could be scheduled by extension users by dialing Wake Up Call feature codes.

To schedule a wakeup call from admin user Web interface, please click on **Add** button, in the popup window set the time of the wakeup call and select the extension/extensions to be called at the scheduled time point.



The screenshot shows a modal window titled "Add" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains three main input fields:

- * Wake up time:** A date and time picker field showing "2022-08-10 20:00".
- * Extension Number:** A multi-select dropdown menu with two selected items: "100[100]" and "101[101]".
- * Voice Prompt:** A dropdown menu with the selected value "1658211663".

At the bottom right of the window, there are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Submit".

- Click on **Wake up time** field to schedule the date and time for the wakeup call.
- In **Extension Number** field you could select one or more extensions as you want.
- In **Voice Prompt** please choose the voice file to be played in the wake-up call. If Default is selected, then the it will play the current time in the wake-up call.

If a wakeup call is not answered, system will try to ring back in the next minute, and will retry 2 times, after which system will consider the wakeup call completed.

5.5.4 Conference

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Conference*

Conferences allow two or more callers to be joined together so that all parties on the call can hear one another. Conferences are also referred as Conference Bridges or Conference Rooms. There are 10 conference numbers for internal extension users to dial to join conference calls. You can also set conference as a destination in inbound routes to allow outside callers to reach the conferences.

Add						
Conference Number	Guest Password	Admin Password	Leader Wait	Announce Caller	Conference Recording	Operation
0900	1234	2345	No	No	No	Edit Delete
0901	1234	2345	No	No	No	Edit Delete
0902	1234	2345	No	No	No	Edit Delete
0903	1234	2345	No	No	No	Edit Delete
0904	1234	2345	No	No	No	Edit Delete
0905	1234	2345	No	No	No	Edit Delete
0906	1234	2345	No	No	No	Edit Delete
0907	1234	2345	No	No	No	Edit Delete
0908	1234	2345	No	No	No	Edit Delete
0909	1234	2345	No	No	No	Edit Delete

Total 10 items

< 1 > 20 / page Goto

Only users who dial the same conference number could hear one another. Please click the [Add](#) to add a conference.

Add ✕

* Conference Number 🗑

* Guest Password 🗑

* Admin Password 🗑


* Dial Permission 🗑

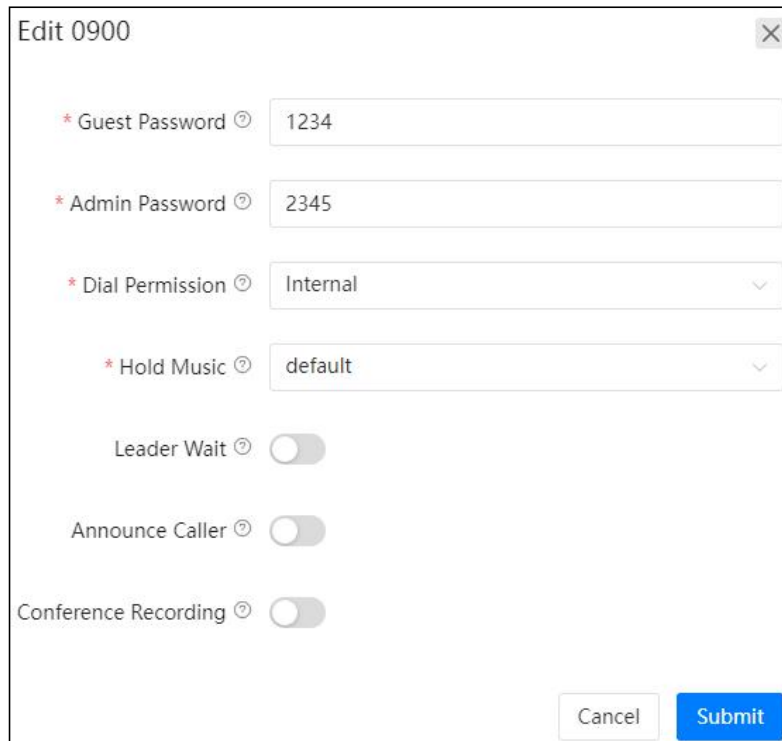
* Hold Music 🗑

Leader Wait 🗑

Announce Caller 🗑

Conference Recording 🗑

There are options for each conference for you to customize the conference feature. Please click the  button to change the options if needed.



Edit 0900

* Guest Password 1234

* Admin Password 2345

* Dial Permission Internal

* Hold Music default

Leader Wait

Announce Caller

Conference Recording

Cancel Submit

- **Guest Password** is for ordinary conference users, only the users who enter the correct password can join in the conference.
- **Admin Password** is for conference admin, only the user/users who enter the admin password will become the conference administrator. Conference admin can invite other numbers to join in the conference by using Conference feature codes.
- **Dial Permission** could be used by the conference admin user to dial other numbers and invite them to join in the conference. By default, all conferences use Internal dial permission, which means by default the conference admin could only invite internal extension numbers to join in the conference, if inviting external number is necessary, please select a valid dial permission which could be used to dial external numbers.
- **Leader Wait**, if enabled, the conference will start when the conference admin entered. Before conference admin joining in, all other participants will be waiting with background music on.
- **Announce Callers** option causes the IPPBX system to notify all conference participants about new participants join-in. Before a new participant joining in the conference, the IPPBX system will ask the participant to say his/her name, once done, system playback

the recorded name to other participants and at the same time, new participant joins in.

- **Call Recording** option determines whether the conferences to be held in this “conference room” should be recorded or not.

5.5.5 DISA

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> DISA*

Direct inward system access(DISA) allows an outside caller to dial directly into the PBX system and access the system's features and facilities remotely.

It's useful if you want people to be able to, for example take advantage of the low rate for international calls that you have available on your system, or to allow outside callers to be able to use the paging or intercom features of the system. Always protect this feature with strong password/passwords, the passwords need to be set on PIN Sets page.

To add a DISA feature, follow the explanations below.

The screenshot shows a web form titled "Add" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The form contains the following fields and controls:

- Name:** A text input field containing "Disa1".
- Extension for this DISA:** A text input field containing "0700".
- PIN Code:** A dropdown menu currently set to "None".
- Response Timeout(sec.):** A numeric input field with "10" and minus/plus buttons.
- Digit Timeout(sec.):** A numeric input field with "5" and minus/plus buttons.
- Dial Permission:** A dropdown menu currently set to "DialPlan1".

At the bottom right of the form are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Submit".


- In the **PIN Code** drop-down list select a valid PIN Set. The PIN codes of this PIN set will be used to authorize all callers using the system features and facilities.
- **Response Timeout(sec):** The maximum waiting duration before hanging up if the dialed number is incomplete or invalid. Defaulted 10 seconds

- **Digit Timeout(sec):** The maximum interval time between digits when typing extension number. Defaulted 5 seconds.
- **Extension for this DISA:** If you want to access DISA by dialing an extension, you can define an extension number for this DISA.
- **Dial Permission:** Select a dial permission for this DISA so callers will be able to make outbound phone calls using the trunks on the IPPBX system.

5.5.6 Paging & Intercom

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Paging & Intercom*

The Paging and Intercom feature allows you to use your phone system as an intercom system, provided that your endpoints (phone devices) support this functionality. The Paging and Intercom feature allows you to define an extension number that by calling the number will simultaneously page/intercom a group of phones.

To create a **Paging & Intercom** group, please click on the  button, a popup window will show up as below.

- In the **Group Number** field, a default group number is given. The number could be changed within the Paging Group Extension Number Range listed on *Telephony -> Preferences -> Global PBX Options* page, Extension Ranges section.
- In the **Name** field a name should be given to identify this paging group.
- In the **Mode** dropdown list, if “Simplex” is selected, calling the group number will page on the group members, if “Duplex”, the group members are able to talk back to the caller (intercom); If “Multicast” is selected, the system will use the multicast method to send the paging data.
- **Ring Timeout(sec)** : Device’s ringing timeout duration.
- **Auto Answer** Enable/Disable automatic answer feature of the terminal device. (It requires the terminal to support the SIP header auto answering tag).
- In the **Group Members** field, select the desired user extensions, make sure all extensions you selected are desktop based IP phones, otherwise if the phone is an analog one, paging/intercom will not work.

Except group paging and intercom, extension users could also paging/intercom an individual extension by using feature codes, please refer to introductions in Other feature codes section.

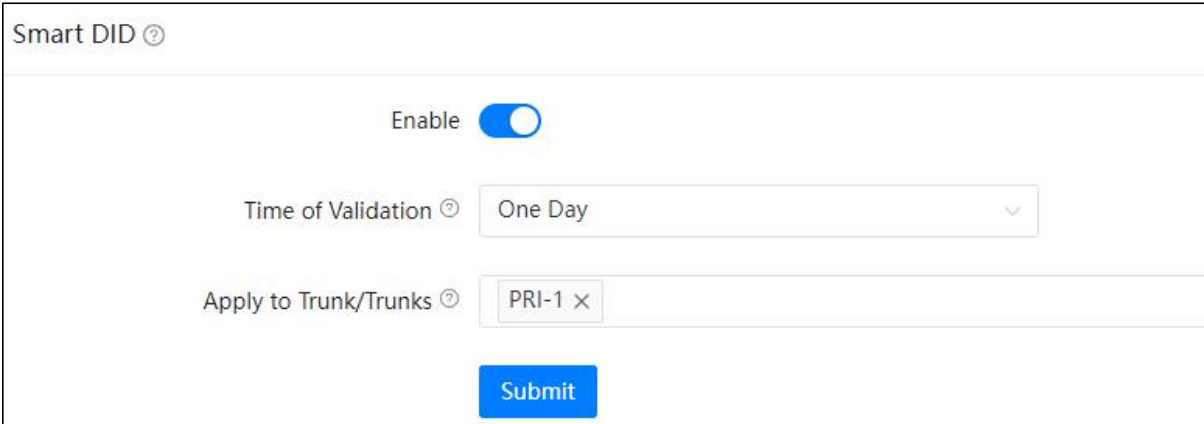
5.5.7 Smart DID

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Smart DID*

With Smart DID feature, the IPPBX system has the ability to route an inbound call directly to an extension if the extension had previously called or tried to call the external number. It is convenient for the called party to make a call back and be directly routed to the extension that called them without going through the IVR menu or reception desk.

For example, extension 100 called external number 1234567, no matter this number answered or not, when the number tries to ring back, the call will go directly to extension 100.

If you want this to happen, please use the **Enable Smart DID** switch to turn on this feature.



Smart DID ⓘ

Enable

Time of Validation ⓘ One Day ▾

Apply to Trunk/Trunks ⓘ PRI-1 ×

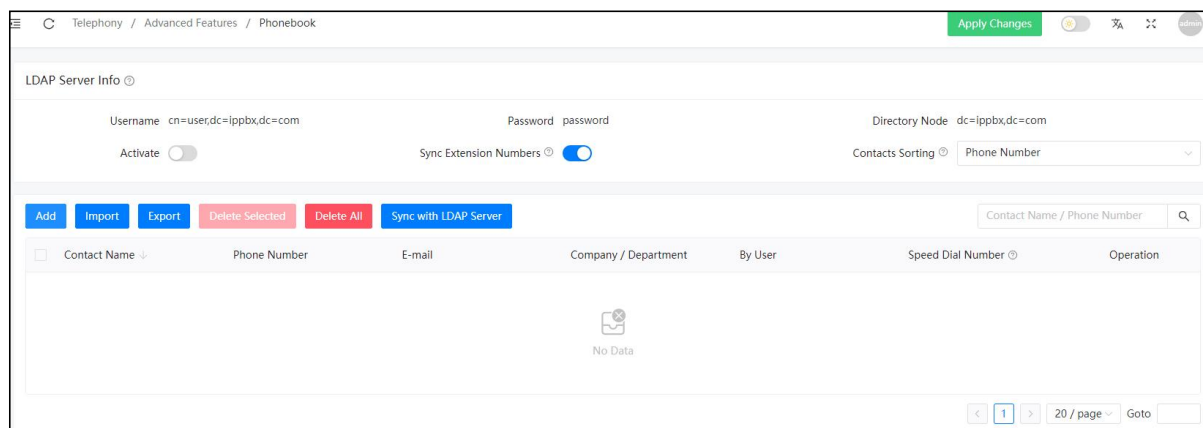
Submit

In **Time of Validation** dropdown list choose how long the system to save these outbound call records. When the records expired, the inbound calls will be routed according to you inbound routes settings.

In **Apply to Trunk/Trunks** field, you have to select the trunk/trunks Smart DID feature will be applied to.

5.5.8 Phonebook

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Phonebook*



Phonebook feature for CooVox series IPPBX is just like a contact list on the mobile phones. You may add contacts to the IPPBX system, when the contacts calling in, on the ringing user extension phone screen will display the caller number and the contact name you have added before. If the number didn't match any contacts in the phonebook, then only caller number will be displayed on the ringing phone screen.

You may click on the Add button to add a new contact from the popup window.

Add
✕

* Contact Name

* Phone Number

E-mail

Company / Department

Speed Dial Number

Or you may export the phonebook template file to add the contacts by MS Excel and then upload the file to generate contacts.

Contacts could be added by admin user from admin web interface, by operator from operator web interface and by extension user from extension user web portal.

A contact added by admin user and operator user is visible to all extension users, but a contact added by an extension user is only visible to the user who added it and the admin and operator user, other extensions won't be able to see it.

5.5.9 LDAP

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Phonebook*

LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol) is an open, vendor-neutral, industry standard application protocol for accessing and maintaining distributed directory information services over an IP network. An LDAP server has been pre-configured on CooVox IP PBX which is mainly used to centralize manage the phonebook.

If you are using IP phones you'll need to manually configure LDAP configurations using the LDAP server credentials as below. Also, you can select to synchronize internal extension numbers to the LDAP phonebook or not.

LDAP Server Info			
Username	cn=user,dc=ippbx,dc=com	Password	password
Activate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Directory Node	dc=ippbx,dc=com
Sync Extension Numbers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Contacts Sorting	Phone Number

5.5.10 Callback

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Callback*

Callback is to allow a company employee who needs to make a call from their personal phone to call the IPPBX, the IPPBX calls them back and the cost of any future outbound calls are at the company's expense.

Options

Enable

Strip Prefix

Add Prefix

* Dial Permission

Submit

- **Enable:** Enable Call Back feature by switching the button on.
- **Strip Prefix:** The received caller ID might have some additional digits in front of it and it will not be possible for you to call back directly, you can specify here to remove some digits before calling back.
- **Add Prefix:** Define digits added before calling out the numbers.
- **Dial Permission:** Choose an appropriate dial plan to make sure the IPPBX system has the permissions for outbound calling.

Add

* Number

* Destination Type

* Destination

Cancel Submit

- **Number:** The number which will be used to call into the IPPBX system and handled by the Callback feature.
- **Destination:** An extension or another call destination which will be used to call the callback number.

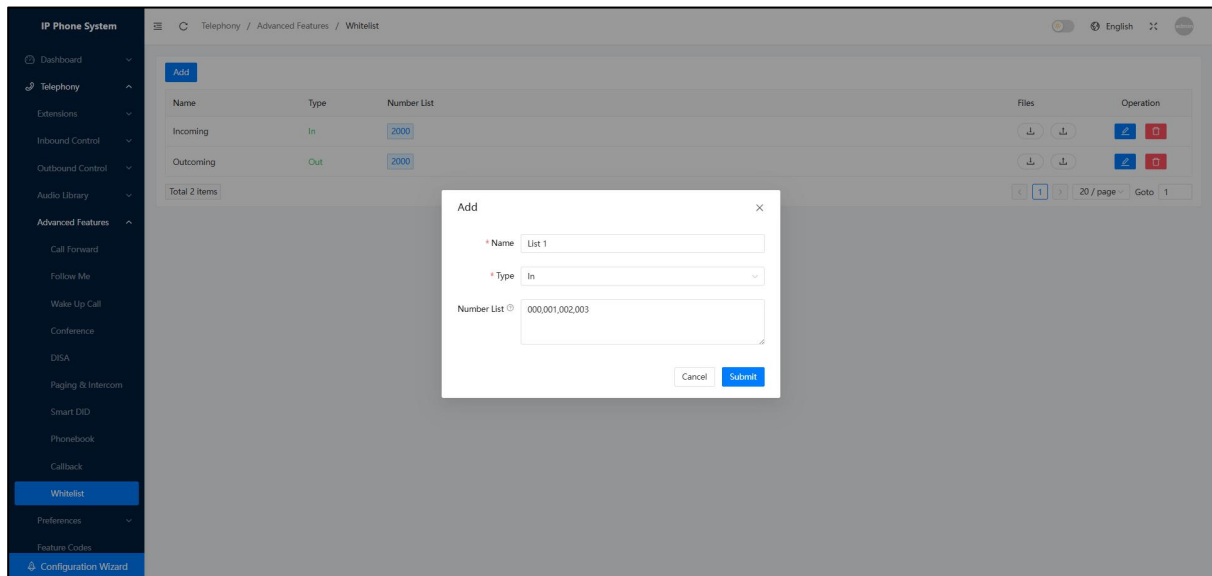
In the above example, if the caller 85337096 called the IPPBX system, IPPBX will disconnect this call and make a call back to this number using extension 100.

In the call back destination field you can even set the destination to a conference, call queue or DISA, so the callers can access these functionalities all at the companies expense.

5.5.11 Whitelist

Path: *Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Whitelist*

An extension user can set up a whitelist, only the numbers in the whitelist can dial that extension number, otherwise the call will be rejected. After establishing the whitelist, user can select the association in the 'IP Extension'.

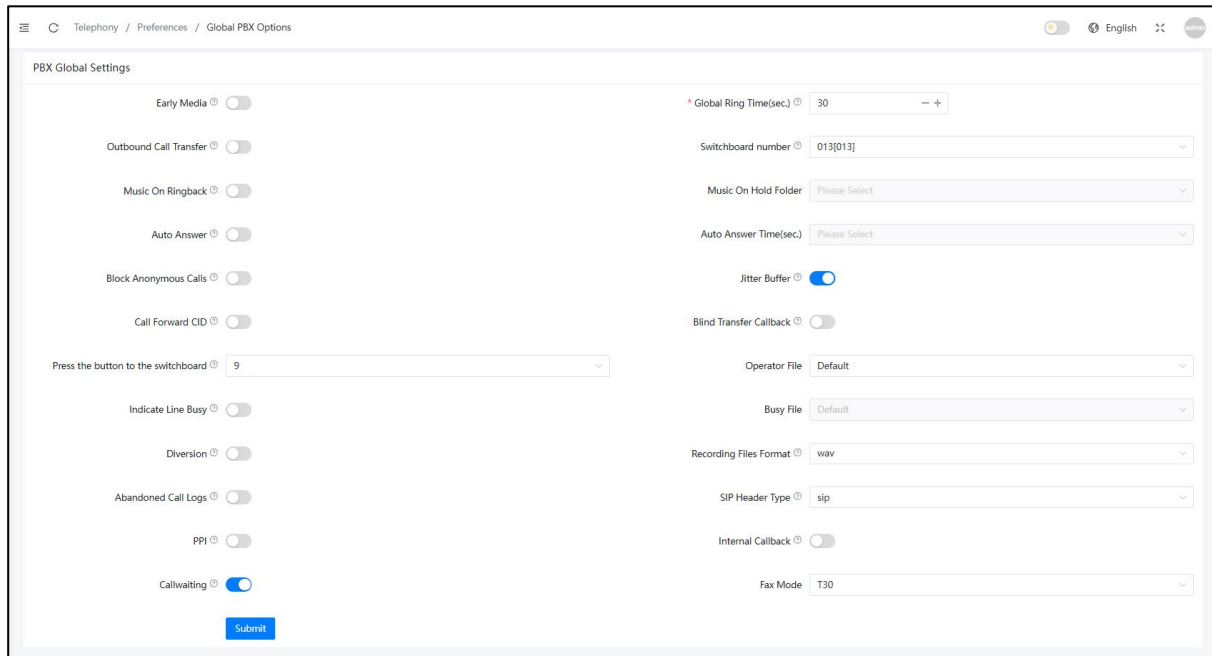


- **Name:** the name of the white list.
- **Type:** Inbound: Only numbers in the whitelist can call in to the associated extension.
Outbound: The associated extension can only make outbound calls to numbers present in the whitelist.
Inbound and Outbound: Only numbers in the whitelist can call in to the associated extension, and the associated extension can only make outbound calls to numbers in the whitelist
- **Number List:** the system would check whether the incoming call number match with any one number on the number list. Please use ‘ , ’ to separate multiple numbers.

5.6 Preferences

5.6.1 Global PBX Options

Path: *Telephony -> Preferences -> Global PBX Options*



- **Operator Extension:** Choose an extension to be operator extension. When an incoming call has been directed to voicemail, then by pressing '0' the caller will be put through to the operator extension.
- **Global Ring Time:** If it's not specifically configured, an incoming call will ring the extension for the time given here.
- **Outbound Call Transfer:** Allow outbound phone calls to be transferred, if enabled it might cause phone call problem in certain situations. For example, an outbound phone call had been placed to another IVR system, the keypress might be recognized as transfer request on your own IPPBX system.
- **Early Media:** Early media is the ability of two user agents to communicate before a call is actually established.
- **Music On Ringback:** If enabled, callers will hear music instead of ringback tone when calling extensions.
- **Music On Hold Folder:** To select the music folder.
- **Auto Answer:** Auto-answer enables the IPPBX to automatically answer the inbound calls from analog ports.
- **Auto Answer Time:** The time in second after the call is auto answered.
- **Block Anonymous Calls:** If enabled, all anonymous (without caller ID) calls will be

blocked by the phone system.

- **Jitter Buffer:** Jitter buffer can be used to resolve the sound distortion caused by network congestion, timing drift or route changes.
- **Call Forward CID:** The incoming call numbers are allowed to be transmitted through other digital trunks.
- **Press the button to the switchboard:** When voicemail is disabled, an unanswered call will be disconnected directly without indicating the caller to press 0 to speak with the operator.
- **Operator File:** Calls that are unanswered due to the disable of extension's voice mailbox, the selected prompt will be played to the caller.
- **Indicate Line Busy:** Whether to enable the announcement of 'Line Busy' when the outgoing line cannot be connected.
- **Busy File:** After the outgoing call fails, the selected prompt will be played to the caller.
- **Blind Transfer Callback:** Enable the blind transfer for unanswered call to be transferred.
- **Diversion:** While forwarding/transferring a call out through SIP trunk, the actual caller number can be passed to the forwarded number with diversion option enabled, but requires the SIP trunk service provider support this feature, otherwise please disable this option.
- **PPI:** The P-Preferred-Identity (PPI) header is used among trusted SIP entities (typically intermediaries) to carry the identity of the user sending a SIP message as it was verified by authentication.
- **Abandoned Call Logs:** Whether to record the abandoned call that are in the queue into logs.
- **SIP Header Type:** The header type for PPI and Diversion.
- **Internal Callback:** When an internal extension dials another internal extension that is unanswered or busy, the caller can press 1 to activate callback, and the called extension will automatically call back the extension that activated callback when the next hang-up occurs. If callback is activated multiple times, the most recent activation is used.
- **Call Waiting:** Globally enable or disable the call waiting function for peer-to-peer calls between extensions.

- **Fax Mode:** Configure the fax mode to negotiate faxes using either T.30 or T.38 protocol.

Extension Ranges ⓘ

Conference Extension Number Range	0900	-	0935
User Extension Number Range	0000	-	9999
Call Queue Extension Number Range	0300	-	0335
Department Number Range	0400	-	0435
Paging Group Extension Number Range	0500	-	0535
IVR Extension Number Range	0600	-	7000
DISA Number Range	0700	-	0735
Voice Assistant Number Range	0800	-	0820
Call Retrieve Number	41	-	49

The user extension number and system extension number ranges are defined here to avoid any conflicts within the IPPBX system. You can modify these number ranges as per your requirements. The user extension number could be 2 to 11 digits. And **Call Retrieve Number** range need to be modified from the **Feature Codes** screen.

5.6.2 VoIP Advanced

Path: *Telephony -> Preferences -> VoIP Advanced*

Global SIP settings allow you to configure some general and advanced options for the IPPBX system global SIP preferences.

SIP Settings

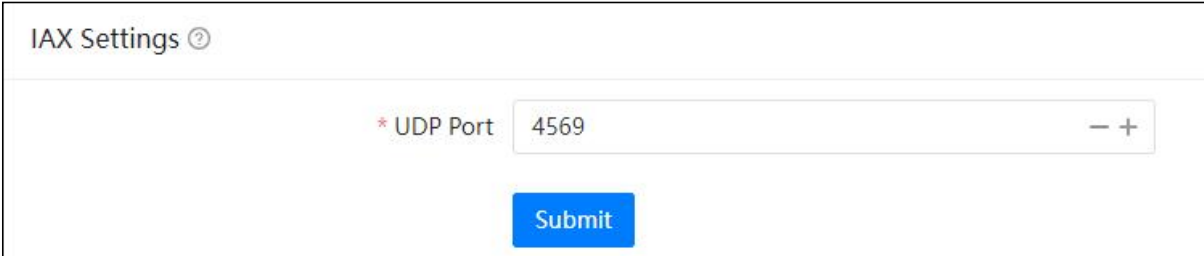
* UDP Port	5060	-- +
* TCP Port	5060	-- +
* TLS Port	5062	-- +
TLS Version	sslv23	▼
ICE Enable	<input type="checkbox"/>	
STUN Server Address	Please Input	
* RTP Port Range	10000	- 11000
* User Agent	IPPBX	
* Endpoint Identifier Order	ip,username,auth_username,anonymous	
External Media Address	Please Input	
External Signaling Address	Please Input	
External UDP Signaling Port	5060	
External TCP Signaling Port	5060	
External TLS Signaling Port	5062	
Local Net(IP/Netmask Length) 1	Please Input	
Local Net(IP/Netmask Length) 2	Please Input	
Local Net(IP/Netmask Length) 3	Please Input	

- **UDP Port:** SIP over UDP service port. By default, ZYCOO IPPBX system uses UDP as SIP transmission protocol. Port number can be changed here if required. If changed on the IPPBX system, you'll also have to change on the SIP clients.
- **TCP Port:** If the phones support TCP protocol, you can register SIP extensions over TCP protocol on port 5061.
- **TLS Port:** If the phones support TLS protocol, you can register SIP extensions over TLS protocol on port 5062.
- **TLS Version:** Set the TLS protocol version.
- **ICE Enable:** This is specific to clients that support NAT traversal for media via ICE, STUN, TURN. By default, please keep it enabled, otherwise WebRTC won't work, **STUN Server Address** can be left blank.
- **STUN Server Address:** By default, please keep it blank, if you got available STUN server, please specify the valid server address, otherwise an invalid STUN server address will cause phone system exception.
- **RTP Port Range:** The UDP ports used by the IPPBX system to carry RTP voice stream. Do not change the port range or you may encounter audio issue with phone calls.
- **User Agent:** The default user agent string also contains the Asterisk version. If you don't want to expose it, change the user agent string here.
- **Endpoint Identifier Order:** The priority of SIP signaling user authentication type (non-professional users are not recommended to modify).
- **External Media Address:** If you want to map your IPPBX system to the Internet, you should specify the static public IP address or domain name here.
- **External Signaling Address:** This is similar to External Media Address except that the External Signaling Address is looked up regularly (every 10s).
- **External UDP Signaling Address Port:** Port number of SIP signaling with UDP transport protocol on the public network.
- **External TCP Signaling Address Port:** Port number of SIP signaling with TCP transport protocol on the public network.
- **External TLS Signaling Address Port:** Port number of SIP signaling with TLS transport protocol on the public network.
- **Local Net (IP/Netmask Length):** Your local network address/addresses.

Note: If you are going to map your IPPBX system to the Internet, the following configurations should be done.

- 1. SIP port mapping on your router (one of the following: UDP: 5060; TCP: 5061; TLS: 5062).*
- 2. RTP port mapping on your router (UDP: 10001 to 10500).*
- 3. Specify External Media Address and External Signaling Address.*
- 4. Specify your local network address/addresses.*
- 5. For extensions remote registration, enable “Remote Extension” on extension edit popup window.*

Mapping your IPPBX to the Internet will be risky, for security precautions please always use strong passwords.



The screenshot shows a web interface for 'IAX Settings'. At the top left, there is a header 'IAX Settings' with a help icon. Below the header, there is a form field labeled '* UDP Port' with the value '4569' entered. To the right of the input field are minus and plus signs for adjusting the value. Below the input field is a blue 'Submit' button.

IAX2 extension support had been enabled by default for all extensions. And IAX2 works on UDP port 4569, you may modify the port number if required.

Asterisk supports different QoS settings at the application level for various protocols on both signaling and media. The Type of Service (TOS) byte can be set on outgoing IP packets for various protocols. The TOS byte is used by the network to provide some level of Quality of Service (QoS) even if the network is congested with other traffic.

Type of Service ?

TOS for Signaling packets	CS3
TOS for RTP audio packets	ef
TOS for RTP video packets	AF41
COS Priority for Signaling packets	3
COS Priority for RTP audio packets	5
COS Priority for RTP video packets	4

5.6.3 Analog Settings

Global Analog Settings are used for configuring the IPPBX system to seamlessly work with the telephone lines from your telecommunications providers.

Analog Settings

Caller ID Detection <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Caller Name <input type="checkbox"/>
Caller ID Signaling <input type="text" value="Bell-US"/>	Caller ID Start <input type="text" value="Ring"/>
Caller ID Buffer Length <input type="text" value="2500"/>	Ring Debounce <input type="text" value="32"/>
DTMF Hits Begin <input type="text" value="2"/>	DTMF Misses End <input type="text" value="3"/>
Detect Caller ID After <input type="text" value="1"/>	Opermode <input type="text" value="FCC"/>
Tone Zone <input type="text" value="United States"/>	Send Caller ID After <input type="text" value="1"/>
FXO Tune <input type="checkbox"/>	Tone Duration <input type="text" value="Please Input"/>
FXO Ring Timeout(ms.) <input type="text" value="8000"/>	Relax DTMF <input type="checkbox"/>
Denoise RX <input type="checkbox"/>	Denoise TX <input type="checkbox"/>
Echo Cancel When Bridged <input type="checkbox"/>	Echo Training <input type="text" value="no"/>
<input type="button" value="Submit"/>	

- **Caller ID Detection:** Allow\Disallow to detect caller ID.
- **Caller Name:** In some countries/regions caller name can be passed through the PSTN lines, by enabling this option the caller name will be received by the IPPBX system along with the caller ID.
- **Caller ID Signaling:** The signaling type applied on the PSTN lines to pass caller ID.

- **Bell-US**—Also known as Bellcore FSK. Used in the Canada, China, Hong Kong and US.
- **DTMF**—Dual Tone Multi-Frequency. Used in Denmark, Finland and Sweden.
- **V23**—Mostly used in UK.
- **V23-Japan**—Mostly used in Japan.
- **Caller ID Start:** Defines when the caller ID starts.
 - **Ring**—Caller ID starts when a ring is received.
 - **Polarity**—Caller ID starts when polarity reversal starts.
 - **Polarity(India)**—Can be used in India.
 - **Before Ring**—Caller ID starts before a ring received.
- **Caller ID Buffer Length:** The buffer length can be used to store caller ID info.
- **Ring Debounce:** Sets the minimum time in milliseconds to debounce extraneous ring events.
- **DTMF Hits Begin:** Sampling matching value of DTMF caller ID digits, you can choose 1 to 5 digits been matched then to consider it as part of the Caller ID.
- **DTMF Misses End:** Sample matching value of DTMF caller ID digits, you can choose 1 to 5 digits been mismatched then to consider it's not part of the caller ID.
- **Detect Caller ID After:** Sets the IPPBX to detect Caller ID after how many rings been detected.
- **Opermode:** Set the Opermode for FXO Ports.
- **Tone Zone:** Select the tone zone of your country.
- **Send Caller ID After:** Certain countries (UK) have ring tones with different ring tones (ring-ring), which means the caller ID needs to be set later on, and not just after the first ring, as per the default (1).
- **FXO Tune:** FXO Tune is a utility of tuning the various settings on the FXO ports for better adaptability with the PSTN lines, e.g. impedance.
- **Tone Duration:** used to adjust caller ID detection, non-professional users please do not modify.
- **FXO Ring Timeout:** This value can be tweaked to shorten how long it takes before the analog port (FXO) consider a non-ringing line to have hungup.
- **Relax DTMF:** If you are having trouble receiving DTMF key presses, enabling this

option will make the DTMF interpreter much more permissive.

- **Denoise RX/TX:** The denoise parameter will help on noise reduction of the noisy analog lines, especially when gains have been increased on the lines.
- **Echo Cancel When Bridged:** It allows echo cancellation to be enabled or disabled for calls that are bridged between two TDM devices. As most of the time, the calls between two TDM endpoints will not have any echo, so this option is not required.
- **Echo Training:** The time length setting of echo training.

5.6.4 Voicemail Settings

Voicemail settings can be used to configure global voicemail options for all extension users.

The screenshot shows the 'Voicemail Settings' interface. It is organized into three main sections:

- Mailbox Options:**
 - Max Greeting Time(sec.): 30
 - Delete Voicemail:
 - Dial '0' for Operator:
- Voice Message Options:**
 - Message Format: WAV (16-bit)
 - Maximum Messages: 1000
 - Max Message Time(min.): 10
 - Min Message Time(sec.): 2
- Playback Options:**
 - Say Message CallerID:
 - Say Message Duration:
 - Play Envelope:
 - Allow Users to Review:

A blue 'Submit' button is located at the bottom center of the form.

- **Max Greeting Time** sets the max greeting message duration the extension users can record in their mailbox to greet the callers when they entering voicemail.
- **Dial '0' for Operator:** option if enabled, the callers can press 0 to call the operator extension.
- **Delete Voicemail:** When this option is enabled, the voicemail in the IPPBX system will be automatically deleted after the voicemail is sent out by email (regardless of whether the email is sent successfully or not).
- **Message Format:** sets the voicemail audio file format to be saved in the IP PBX system.

- **Maximum Messages** sets the maximum number of messages can be saved in the system for each extension user.
- **Max Message Time** sets the maximum duration of a single voice message can be accepted by IP PBX system.
- **Min Message Time** sets the minimum duration of a single voice message can be accepted by the IP PBX system, message duration less than the Min Message Time will be discarded by IP PBX system.
- **Say Message Caller ID:** Announce caller ID when listening to the message on user extension.
- **Say Message Duration:** Announce message duration when listening to the message on user extension.
- **Play Envelope:** Announce date time and caller ID when listening to the message on user extension.
- **Allow Users to Review:** Allow callers to review their message before saving.

5.6.5 Module Settings

Note: Module Settings are only for configuring digital module cards (E1/T1, BRI) on T600 IPPBX systems. Ignore this part if you are using FXS/FXO/GSM modules.

Path: **Telephony -> Preferences -> Module Settings**

ZYCOO T600 IPPBX systems need proper module settings to load correct drivers and configure files to drive the E1 and BRI telephony modules.

Default module settings are with module types FXS/FXO/GSM on both telephony module slots. So if you don't have E1 and BRI modules installed then you don't have to configure module settings.

E1 PRI Signaling

E1 module can be installed on both Slot1 and Slot2. To ensure T600 IPPBX can detect and drive E1 module in the Module Type field you should choose "E1/T1".

Slot 1	
Module Type	E1/T1
* Mode	E1
* Clocking Source ☺	Default
* Overlap Dial	Yes
* Signaling	CPE
* Framing	CCS
* Coding	HDB3
CRC4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Prdial Plan	
Prilocal Dial Plan	

- **Mode:** Sets the module to work as E1mode.
- **Clocking Source:** Use local or remote as the E1/T1 clock source.
- **Signaling:** Sets the module to work with PRI CPE or NET, CPE is used on the client side, NET is used on the telephony provider side.
- **Framing:** By default, CPE and NET use CSS (Common Channel Signaling).
- **Coding:** By defaultHDB3.
- **CRC4:** A method of checking for errors in transmitted data on E-1 trunk lines. Enable it only if the telephony provider implemented CRC4 on their E1 lines.
- **Dial Plan:** The ISDN-level Type Of Number (TON) or numbering plan, used for the dialed number. For most installations, leaving this as 'unknown' (the default) works in the most cases. In some very unusual circumstances, you may need to set this to 'dynamic' or 'redundant'. Note that if you set one of the others, you will be unable to dial another class of numbers. For example, if you set 'national', you will be unable to dial local or international numbers.
- **Local Dial Plan:** Only RARELY used for PRI (sets the calling number's numbering plan). In North America, the typical use is sending the 10 digit caller ID number and

setting the priloal dial plan to 'national' (the default). Only VERY rarely will you need to change this.

These configuration parameters should be given by the telephony provider, please configure these parameters correctly according to what they give to match the switching equipment being used by the telephony provider.

Once the configurations had been done, save and reboot the IPPBX system. In the meantime, you attach the E1 line to the E1 interface. After rebooting you should get LED indications with L1 red, L2 red, L3 off and L4 green of a successful PRI CPE connection. For more details of the LED indications please check T600 chapter in the LED Indication section. If in the deployment you got some else connection status you should check with the telephony provider to confirm the configuration parameters. Or check with them if the line had been activated by them and ready for phone calls. If you need any help from ZYCOO, please contact ZYCOO Support for help.

T1 PRI Signaling

To configure ZYCOO E1 telephony module to work in T1 mode, please choose **T1** in the **Mode** dropdown list. And then configure T1 related parameters given by the telephony provider.

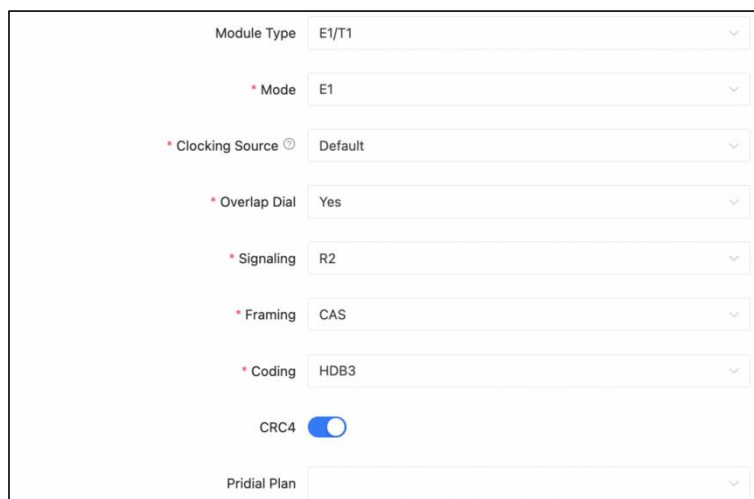
Slot 1	
Module Type	E1/T1
* Mode	T1
* Clocking Source ☺	Default
* Overlap Dial	Yes
* Signaling	CPE
* Framing	ESF
* Coding	BBZS
CRC4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Prdial Plan	
Prilocal Dial Plan	

T1 runs on same signaling types as E1 mode. And T1 uses different Framing and Coding methods, configure these parameters according to the details provided by the telephony provider. In most cases CRC4 is not needed for T1 circuit, enable it only when the provider requires it.

After configurations been done, save and reboot the IPPBX system. In the meantime, you attach the T1 line to the T1 interface. After rebooting you should get LED indication with L1 red, L2 red, L3 off, L4 green to indication PRI CPE signaling. For more details of the LED indications please check T600 chapter in the LED Indication section.

MFC/R2 Signaling

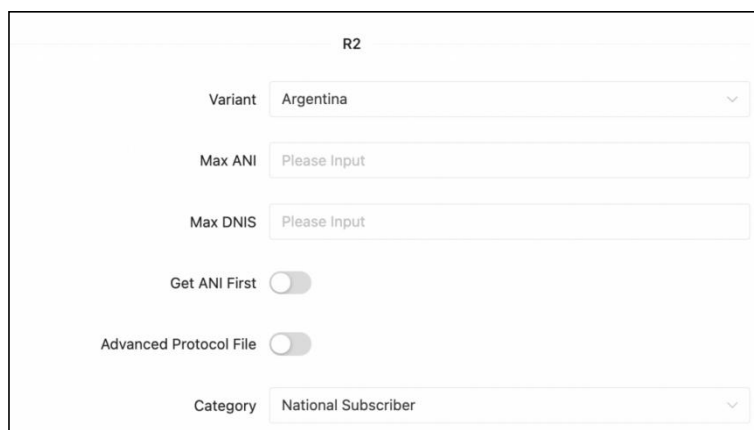
In the E1 settings section and Signaling field by selecting R2 you are able to configure E1 R2 signaling.



The screenshot shows a configuration form for E1 settings. The fields are as follows:

- Module Type: E1/T1
- * Mode: E1
- * Clocking Source: Default
- * Overlap Dial: Yes
- * Signaling: R2
- * Framing: CAS
- * Coding: HDB3
- CRC4:
- Pridial Plan: (empty)

In **Signaling** field select R2, **Framing** and **Coding** should use default value. Below in the R2 Signaling Settings section set the R2 parameters.



The screenshot shows the R2 Signaling Settings configuration form. The fields are as follows:

- Variant: Argentina
- Max ANI: Please Input
- Max DNIS: Please Input
- Get ANI First:
- Advanced Protocol File:
- Category: National Subscriber

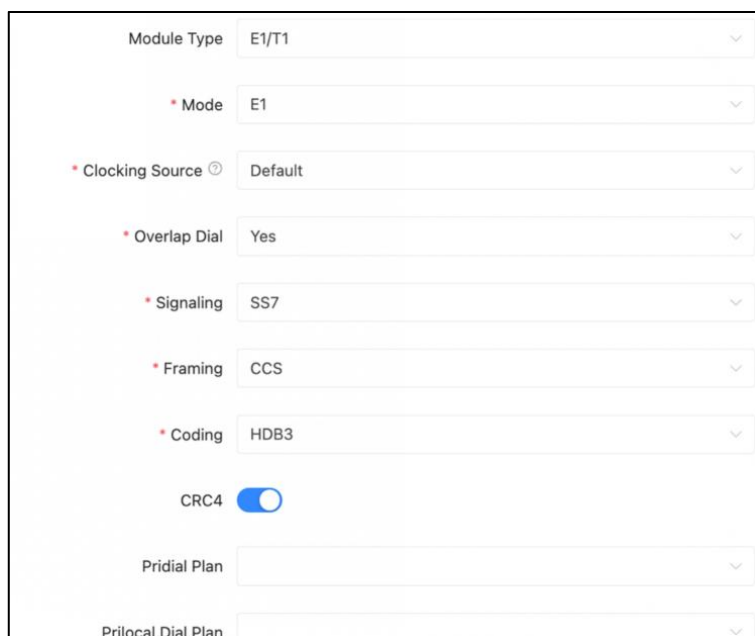
- **Variant:** Protocol variant setting depends on country and carries.
- **Max ANI:** The maximum expected number of ANI digits.
- **Max DNIS:** The expected number of dialed digits.
- **Get ANI First:** The usual behavior for incoming calls is to get the calling party category and the ANI as soon as possible, and to get the DNIS afterwards. This doesn't work on

all systems, so the option to reverse this behavior is provided.

- **Advanced Protocol File:** Additional configurations for R2 signaling.
- **Category:** Send calling party's category. Usually National Subscriber works just fine, you can set other options if needed in real application.

SS7 Signaling

Signaling System No.7 (SS7) is a set of telephony protocols can be delivered via E1 and T1. In the E1 settings section and Signaling field by selecting SS7, you are able to configure E1 SS7 signaling.



The screenshot displays a configuration form for E1 SS7 signaling. The form includes the following fields and controls:

- Module Type:** E1/T1 (dropdown)
- * Mode:** E1 (dropdown)
- * Clocking Source:** Default (dropdown)
- * Overlap Dial:** Yes (dropdown)
- * Signaling:** SS7 (dropdown)
- * Framing:** CCS (dropdown)
- * Coding:** HDB3 (dropdown)
- CRC4:** A toggle switch that is currently turned on.
- Pridial Plan:** (dropdown)
- Prilocal Dial Plan:** (dropdown)

In the **Signaling** dropdown list you should select SS7, **Framing** and **Coding** should use default value. Below in the **SS7 Settings** section set the detailed SS7 parameters.

Variant	ITU
Point Code	Please Input
Point Code of Node Adjacent	Please Input
ss7 dchan	Please Input
Signaling Link Code	Please Input
Default Destination Point Code	Please Input
Network Indicator	National
Called Nai	Unknown
Calling Nai	Unknown
International Prefix	Please Input
National Prefix	Please Input
Subscriber Prefix	Please Input
Unknown Prefix	Please Input

Please configure these parameters according to the instructions of the service provider or ask for advice from our support team. Otherwise please do not change these settings without professional guidance.

5.7 Feature Codes

Path: *Telephony -> Feature Codes*

Feature codes can be dialed from user extensions to enable and disable certain features or to achieve some call features. For example, enable and disable call forward, transfer incoming calls, check voice messages, etc.

Feature codes could be modified if necessary but please ensure all feature codes you wish to change will not conflict with other existing ones.

5.7.1 Voicemail Feature Code

A screenshot of a user interface for Voicemail settings. At the top, it says "Voicemail" with a question mark icon and a blue edit icon. Below this, there are two entries: "Dial Voicemail" with the code "*60" and "My Voicemail" with the code "*61".

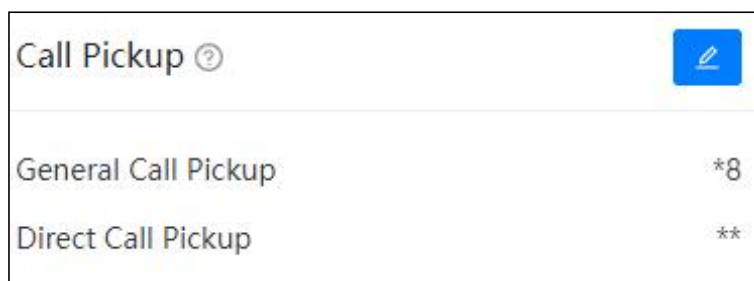
Voicemail ?	
Dial Voicemail	*60
My Voicemail	*61

Dial *60 and you will enter the main menu of voicemail feature, by specifying the extension number and voicemail password of the required extension then you can check its voicemail and you can do this for any extension by following the system voice guidance.

By dialing *61 from an extension and entering the voicemail password for this extension you can follow the voice guidance to check voicemail of your own extension. Or alternatively, you can configure some advanced options for your voicemail box.

5.7.2 Call Pickup Feature Code

Call pickup feature codes allow users to pickup calls that are not directed to them by dialing a feature code *8 or **.



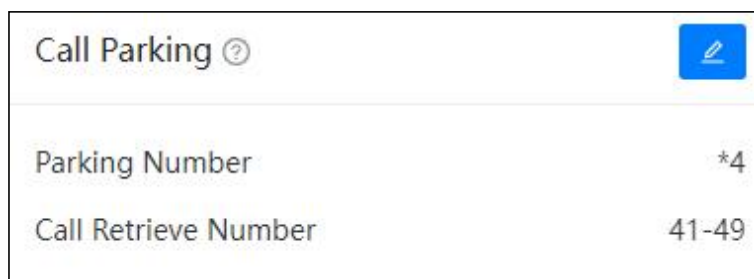
Call Pickup ?	
General Call Pickup	*8
Direct Call Pickup	**

If there's an incoming call ringing on an extension that belongs to your department, you may dial the general call pickup feature code *8 (end with #) to pick up the call. While if there are 2 ringing extensions in your department, by dialing *8 will pick up the first incoming call. If you need to pick up the second incoming call or if you don't know which call came first, you may use direct call pickup feature code.

Direct call pickup feature code could be used to pick up an incoming call on a specific extension, no matter the extension is from the same department or from another department. Just dial ** following by the extension number (end with #) you'll be able to pick up the incoming call on that specific extension.

5.7.3 Call Parking Feature Codes

Call parking feature allows anyone who has received a call to park the call on an extension, allowing any other user to access the parked call.



Call Parking ?	
Parking Number	*4
Call Retrieve Number	41-49

To park a call, extension user could dial *4 during a live call, and then listen as the system tells you where you can retrieve the call (usually extension 41). The second call will be parked on 42, and it continues to park on orderly.

To retrieve the parked calls, user should dial the retrieve number given by the IPPBX system.

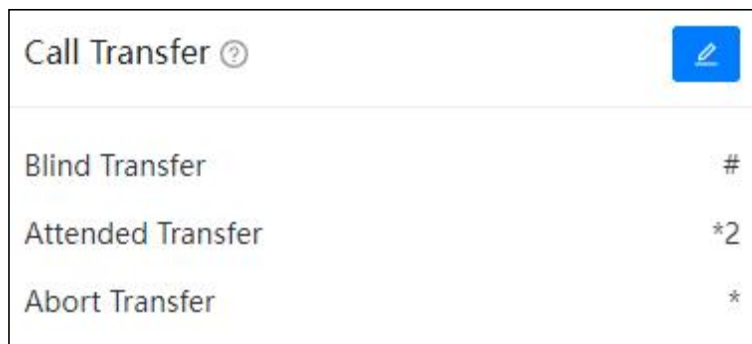
And this could be done by any extension.

A call could be parked for maximally 120 seconds before it goes back to the extension which parked it. And the parking lot (call retrieve numbers) could be monitored by BLF. It's helpful if the operator wants to know if there are calls parked on the IPPBX system.

5.7.4 Call Transfer Feature Code

Call Transfer is used to transfer a call in progress to some other destinations. There are two types of call transfer.

- Attended call transfer - Where the call is placed on hold, a call is placed to another party, and a conversation can take place privately before the caller on hold is connected to the new destination. It is also referred to "Supervised Call Transfer".
- Blind call transfer - Where the call is transferred to the other destinations without intervention (the other destination could ring out and may not be answered for instance).

A screenshot of a user interface for call transfer features. The title is "Call Transfer" with a help icon. Below the title is a list of three options: "Blind Transfer" with a hash symbol (#), "Attended Transfer" with an asterisk and the number 2 (*2), and "Abort Transfer" with an asterisk (*).

Call Transfer ?	
Blind Transfer	#
Attended Transfer	*2
Abort Transfer	*

In a live call, you can press # key and the IPPBX system prompts "Transfer", you then enter the number to transfer to, this call will be transferred instantly and the user can hangup. If the transferred number doesn't answer this call then it will go to voicemail.

If blind transfer sometimes seems inappropriate, you may use attended transfer feature. In a live call, you can press *2 and the IPPBX system prompts "Transfer", you then enter the number to transfer to, after someone answers your call, you can introduce this call and hang-up at which point the call is transferred.

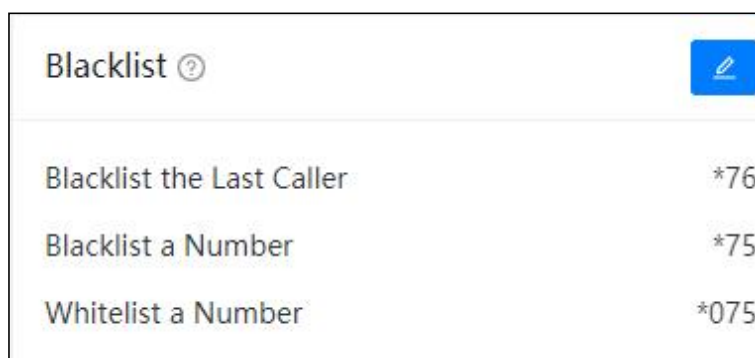
In an attended transfer, if the third party rang for 15 seconds without answering, the extension user will go back to the caller and the transfer is terminated. You may also manually abort the

transfer by pressing * when the third party is still ringing.

5.7.5 Blacklist Feature Code

Blacklist feature codes allow the extension users to add external phone numbers to IPPBX system blacklist from their phones, consequently the numbers added will not be able to dial in to the IPPBX system.

Adding blacklist numbers from phone by using feature codes is the same as adding blacklist numbers from admin and operator UI.

A screenshot of a mobile application interface showing a 'Blacklist' menu. The menu title is 'Blacklist' with a help icon. Below the title, there are three options: 'Blacklist the Last Caller' with code '*76', 'Blacklist a Number' with code '*75', and 'Whitelist a Number' with code '*075'. A blue edit icon is visible in the top right corner of the menu.

Feature Code	Code
Blacklist the Last Caller	*76
Blacklist a Number	*75
Whitelist a Number	*075


Blacklist the last caller allows you to dial *76 to directly add the last caller's number to the IPPBX blacklist.

You may also dial *75 (end with #) and follow the voice prompts to specify the number you wish to blacklist to add numbers to the IPPBX system blacklist.

To remove numbers from blacklist (whitelist a number), you can dial *075 (end with #) and follow the voice prompts to specify the number you wish to whitelist.

5.7.6 Call Spy Feature Code

Call Spy allows users to dial the spy feature codes following by an extension number to listen to the call conversation in real-time.

Call Spy ⓘ		
Normal		*90
Whisper		*91
Barge		*92

- **Normal Spy:** For example, extension 410 is talking to someone on the phone, you can dial *90410 (end with #) to listen to their conversation, however, neither speaker will be able to hear you.
- **Whisper Spy:** Whisper spy is also known as coaching. For example, a new employee is talking to the customer on the phone, their supervisor can dial *91 following by the employee's extension number (end with #) to listen to their conversation. The supervisor can talk to the new employee only without the customer hearing the conversation.
- **Barge Spy:** Barge spy is similar to an instant 3-way conference call. While an extension user is talking to someone else on the phone, you can dial *92 following by their extension number (end with #) to talk to both of the speakers.

Note: Before you can spy on an extension, please enable "Call Spy" option on the extension edit popup window.

5.7.7 Call Queue Feature Code

Call queue feature codes are for call queue agent extensions only. They are meaningless to the non-agent extensions.

Call Queue ?	
Agent Pause	*95
Agent Unpause	*095
Agent Login	*62
Agent Logout	*062

Agent Login and **Agent Logout** are for dynamic agents to login or out of the call queue. And for both static agents and dynamic agents, they can dial *95 to suspend their extensions temporarily, new calls will not be distributed to their extensions, until they dial *095 to resume.

5.7.8 Conference Feature Code

Conference feature codes are used by conference admin for inviting participants to join in a conference or for creating a conference during a normal phone call.

Conference ?	
Invite Participant	0
Return with Participant	**
Return without Participant	*#
Create Conference	*0

When in a conference room, if the conference admin user presses 0 they will get a dial tone for inviting others to participate in this conference.

If the invited party agrees to join in the conference, conference admin user can dial ** to return to the conference with invited party.

If the invited party doesn't want to join in the conference, conference admin user can press *# to return to the conference without the invited party.

During a live call the extension user can press *0 to create a dynamic conference room. The other side will automatically enter the conference as an ordinary participant while the extension user who created this conference will be requested to enter the conference password to enter. Usually, the user needs to enter the conference admin user password as the user needs to invite others to join in the conference.

Note: After a dynamic conference is created, in reality you have entered a static conference room (by default 90 is the first available conference room). You are able to use conference admin menu to invite others to the conference and also others can dial 90 to enter this conference.

5.7.9 Wakeup call Feature Code

Except configuring Wakeup Calls from admin and operator web user interface, extension users could request wakeup calls from their phones directly by feature codes.

Wake Up Call ?	
Wake Up Call Main Menu	*55
Direct Wake Up Call Request	*55*
Cancel All Wakeup Calls	*055

- **Cancel All Wakeup Calls:** By dialing this code to cancel all requested wakeup calls.
- **Direct Wakeup Call Request:** Add a wakeup call directly by dialing this feature code followed by a specific date and time in 8-digit number format, for example, feature code is *55*, you can dial *55*08010730 to add a wakeup call of 7:30am on August 1st.
- **Wakeup Call Main Menu:** Advanced wakeup call menu for adding, viewing and canceling wakeup calls.

5.7.10 Call Forward Feature Code

Call forward could be configured from admin and operator web user interface. With the following feature codes, extension users can activate or deactivate call forward directly from their phones without configuration on the Web GUI.

Call Forward ?	
Forward All Activate	*71
Deactivate All	*071
Activate Forward on Busy	*72
Deactivate Forward on Busy	*072
Activate Forward on No Answer	*73
Deactivate Forward on No Answer	*073

For example, a CooVox IPPBX requires prefix 9 to call outbound, and the number you want to forward the calls to is 85337096.

- **Forward All Activate:** Dial *71985337096, press 1 to confirm.
- **Deactivate Forward All:** Dial *071.
- **Activate Forward on Busy:** Dial *72985337096, press 1 to confirm.
- **Deactivate Forward on Busy:** Dial *072.
- **Activate Forward on No Answer:** Dial *73985337096, press 1 to confirm.
- **Deactivate Forward on No Answer:** Dial *073.

5.7.11 DND Feature Code

DND (Do Not Disturb) could be set on the IP phones from the phone level, if the phone doesn't have DND feature you may use the DND feature code to set DND from IPPBX system level. Any phone connected to the CooVox series IPPBX system can use the DND feature code, no matter it's IP phone, analog phone or softphone.

DND ?	
DND Activate	*74
DND Deactivate	*074

Simply dial *74 to enable DND, if you hear a beep sound that means DND is on. Once DND enabled, the extension will only be able to make calls, and inbound calls will be rejected. Make sure when you are ready to receive inbound calls, dial *074 to deactivate DND.

5.7.12 Office Closed Feature Code

Office Closed could be set on the IP phones from the phone level. Any phone connected to the CooVox series IPPBX system can use the Office Closed feature code, no matter it's an IP phone, analog phone or softphone.

Office Closed ?	
Office Closed On	*81
Office Closed Off	*081

By dialing the Office Closed On feature code you may disable all inbound control settings, all inbound calls will be forwarded to a specific destination. By dialing the Office Closed Off feature code to resume all inbound control settings.

5.7.13 CooCall Push Notification

When you have registered your extension with ZYCOO CooCall softphone APP, the IPPBX system can send push notification to your phone to wakeup CooCall upon incoming calls. You may dial “Always Send Push” or “Do Not Send Push” feature code to enable or disable push notification feature.

App push Notification ⓘ	
Always Send Push	*19
Do Not Send Push	*019

5.7.14 Other Feature Codes

Others	
One Touch Recording	*1
Intercom	*50
Paging	*51
Announce WAN Port IP	**11
Announce LAN Port IP	**12
Announce Extension Number	**13
Speed dial	*99
Switch Phone	*3
Meet Me Page	*52

- **Announce WAN Port IP:** By dialing this code you'll hear the system announce the IP address of the IPPBX WAN interface.
- **Announce LAN Port IP:** By dialing this code you'll hear the system announce the IP address of the IPPBX LAN interface.
- **Announce Extension Number:** By dialing this code you can check the extension number of your phone, either it's an IP phone or analog phone.
- **One Touch Recording:** One Touch Recording is also known as Record on Demand. It allows users to record phone calls selectively. In a live call conversation, an extension user can use feature code *1 to record this call. With this feature, you don't have to

configure recording all calls for the extensions which may cause heavy system resource use if some call recordings are not required.

- **Intercom:** The intercom feature code allows you to intercom one extension only. You don't have to create a "Paging and Intercom" group for only one extension if you intend to intercom with only that extension.
- **Paging:** The paging feature code allows you to page one extension only. It's the same as the intercom feature code, the only difference between paging feature code and intercom feature code is by using intercom feature code both sides can talk to each other but using paging feature code, only the caller can talk to the called party.
- **Speed Dial:** Use speed dial feature code with contact speed dial number to call a contact instead of dial the contact's actual number.
- **Meet Me Page:** Meet Me Page can be used to page someone over the phones/speakers. The paged person can use this feature code to terminate the paging and establish an intercom call with the initiator.
- **Switch Phone:** When the extension is registered on several different endpoints, you may dial *3 from an idle endpoint to switch the call to the idle endpoint.

6. Reports

6.1 Records

6.1.1 Call Record

Path: **Reports -> Records -> Call Record**

Call recordings to be checked here are for those extensions which had enabled call recording from the extension edit page.

Search criteria can be used to search call recordings are as follows.

Start Date → End Date	Trunk	PinCode	Caller	Final Callee	Reset	Search
-----------------------	-------	---------	--------	--------------	-------	--------


- **Start-End Date** could be used to search the recording within the specific time range (require).
- **Trunk** could be used to search according to the inbound/outbound trunk's name (optional).
- **PIN Code** could be used only for those calls which are dialed out with PIN codes define in PIN Set (optional).
- **Caller** could be used to search according to a specific caller's number (optional).
- **Final Callee** could be used to search according to a specific callee's number (optional).

The searched recordings will be displayed in a list with some detailed information.



Start time	Caller	Callee	Final Callee	Duration	Trunk	PinCode	Type	Status	Operation
2022-09-01 04:17:17	877	866	866	01:32			Internal	Answered	 
2022-09-01 04:11:45	866	887	887	00:28			Internal	Answered	 
2022-09-01 04:10:47	866	887	887	00:23			Internal	Answered	 
2022-08-31 21:42:34	802	809	809	00:17			Internal	Answered	 

Total 4 Items

< 1 > 20 / page Goto

You may playback the recording by built-in web player by clicking on the  button.



Or you may click on the  button to download or click  to delete.

Call recordings can be managed only by the admin user from admin web UI. Operator user can only query and review the recordings but cannot delete them.





6.1.2 Conference Recordings

Path: **Reports -> Call Recordings -> Conference Recordings**

If the Conferences had call recording enabled, the conference held will be recorded and conference recordings could be found for review here.

In the Start-End Date fields you may specify to search for recordings of the specific time period.

The searched recordings will be listed with detailed information of when the conference calls were started, the conference number and the call/record duration. There are also the same options to playback, download and delete the recording files.

Start time	Caller	Callee	Final Callee	Duration	Type	Status	Operation
2022-09-01 04:20:34	800	0900	CONFERNCE(0900)	00:32	Internal	Answered	 
2022-09-01 04:14:24	887	0900	CONFERNCE(0900)	01:16	Internal	Answered	 

Total 2 items

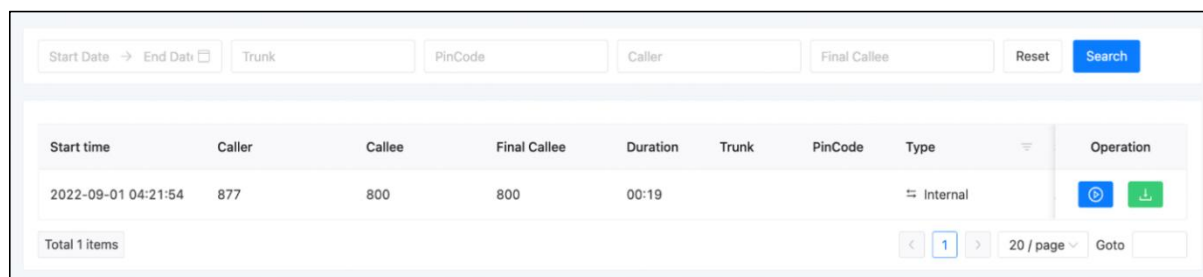
< 1 > 20 / page Goto

6.1.3 One Touch Recordings

Path: **Reports -> Call Recordings -> One Touch Recordings**

One touch recording is for those extensions that are not enabled call recording, when the user wants to record the call, by pressing *1 will start recording.

The recordings of once touch recording could be found here. Search criteria and recording list options are the same as “normal” call recordings, except one touch recording could not be found on the **Call Recording** page.



The screenshot shows a search interface for call recordings. At the top, there are input fields for 'Start Date', 'End Date', 'Trunk', 'PinCode', 'Caller', and 'Final Callee', along with 'Reset' and 'Search' buttons. Below the search form is a table with the following columns: Start time, Caller, Callee, Final Callee, Duration, Trunk, PinCode, Type, and Operation. A single record is displayed with the following data: Start time: 2022-09-01 04:21:54, Caller: 877, Callee: 800, Final Callee: 800, Duration: 00:19, Type: Internal. The 'Operation' column contains two icons: a play button and a download button. At the bottom, there is a pagination bar showing 'Total 1 items', page navigation (1), and '20 / page'.

Start time	Caller	Callee	Final Callee	Duration	Trunk	PinCode	Type	Operation
2022-09-01 04:21:54	877	800	800	00:19			Internal	

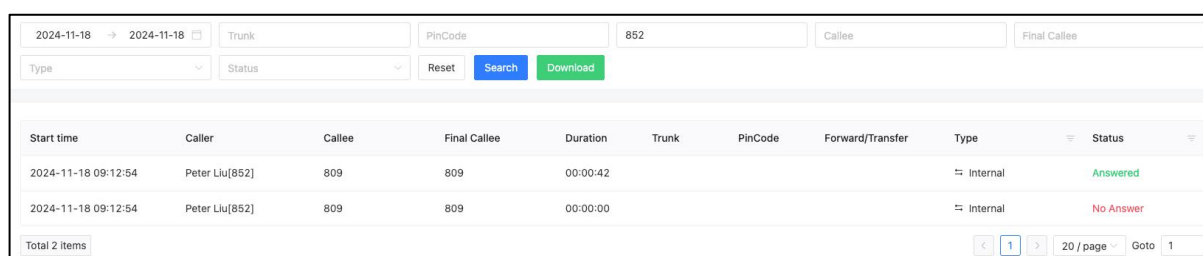
6.2 Log

6.2.1 Call Log

Path: **Reports -> Logs -> Call Logs**

Call logs are also known as CDR (Call Detailed Records), on the call logs page you can check records for any call that went through the IPPBX system.

To query call logs, you need to first specify the searching criteria. After querying the records, you can click the download button to export.



The screenshot shows a search interface for call logs. At the top, there are input fields for 'Start Date', 'End Date', 'Trunk', 'PinCode', 'Callee', and 'Final Callee', along with 'Reset', 'Search', and 'Download' buttons. Below the search form is a table with the following columns: Start time, Caller, Callee, Final Callee, Duration, Trunk, PinCode, Forward/Transfer, Type, and Status. Two records are displayed with the following data: Record 1: Start time: 2024-11-18 09:12:54, Caller: Peter Liu[852], Callee: 809, Final Callee: 809, Duration: 00:00:42, Type: Internal, Status: Answered. Record 2: Start time: 2024-11-18 09:12:54, Caller: Peter Liu[852], Callee: 809, Final Callee: 809, Duration: 00:00:00, Type: Internal, Status: No Answer. At the bottom, there is a pagination bar showing 'Total 2 items', page navigation (1), and '20 / page'.

Start time	Caller	Callee	Final Callee	Duration	Trunk	PinCode	Forward/Transfer	Type	Status
2024-11-18 09:12:54	Peter Liu[852]	809	809	00:00:42				Internal	Answered
2024-11-18 09:12:54	Peter Liu[852]	809	809	00:00:00				Internal	No Answer

- In **Start** and **End Date** fields set the start and end date to search call logs within this period of time.
- By specifying the name of a trunk in the **Trunk** field to search the inbound or outbound calls came in or sent out through this specific trunk only.

- In the **PIN Code** field specify a PIN code of a PIN Set to search outbound calls made by using this PIN code.
- The time when this call took place will be listed in the **Start Time** column.
- In the **Caller** column lists the original caller of the calls.
- In the **Final Callee** column lists the first callee but might not be the last.
- The **Final Callee** column lists the extension/destination where the call finally ends.
- In the **Duration** column lists the call duration of each phone calls, this might not be the exact talk time, as when calling through the FXO ports, IPPBX system will auto answer the inbound calls so IVR works, and it will auto answer the outbound calls, so the IPPBX could send the numbers out through the PSTN lines.
- In the **Trunk** column lists the trunks used by those phone calls. Internal call will not take any trunk so this blank will be blank for internal calls.
- In the **PIN Code** column, only those outbound calls made out with a PIN code will list the PIN code used here. This is a good idea to tell which user/users made the call, as the PIN codes are not shared by every extension user. Every extension may have a PIN different than others or several extension users share a PIN code that is different than others.
- In the **Type** column it indicates the type of each phone call, inbound, outbound or internal.
- In the **Status** column you could tell if the calls are successfully made or failed for any reason.

6.2.2 Fax Log

All fax records of the IPPBX system can be queried on the Fax Log page, select the start and end dates, and also specify the sender and receiver information to query all fax records that meet the conditions within a certain period of time. If no other query conditions are specified except the time period, all fax records in the IPPBX system within the time period will be directly queried.

Start Date → End Date Sender Receiver Reset

Start time	Sender	Receiver	Type	Status
2022-08-30 11:19:10	003	85337096	➤ Send	OK
2022-08-29 17:19:40	85337096	003	➤ Receive	OK

Total 2 items < 1 > 20 / page Goto

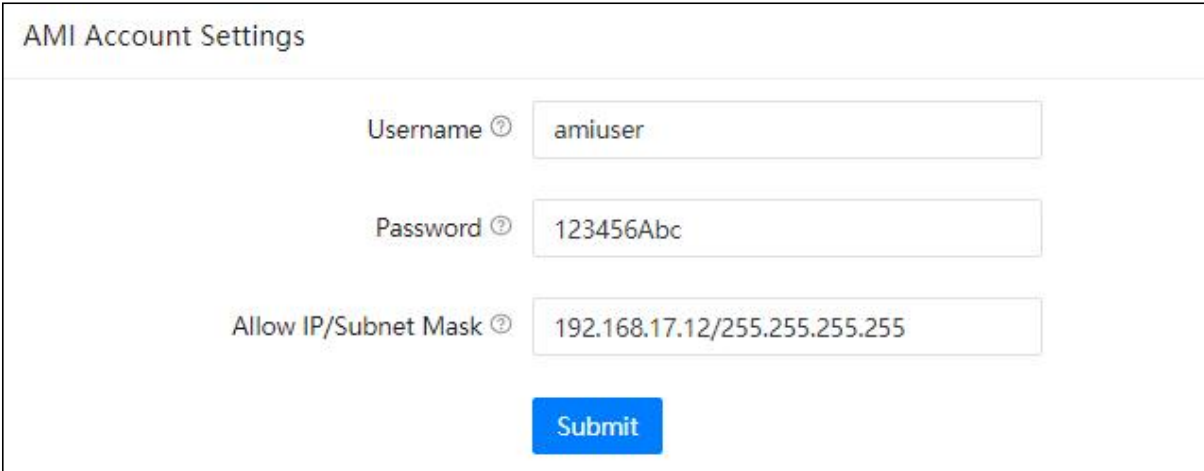
7. Addons

7.1 API

7.1.1 AMI

Path: *Addons* -> *API* -> *AMI*

This section defines the information of the AMI interface. If the AMI Account Settings is empty, it will consider that the AMI interface is closed. The AMI interface is mainly used for the connection of third-party systems and send commands to control traffic and obtain relevant data in the device.



AMI Account Settings

Username ⓘ amiuser

Password ⓘ 123456Abc

Allow IP/Subnet Mask ⓘ 192.168.17.12/255.255.255.255

Submit

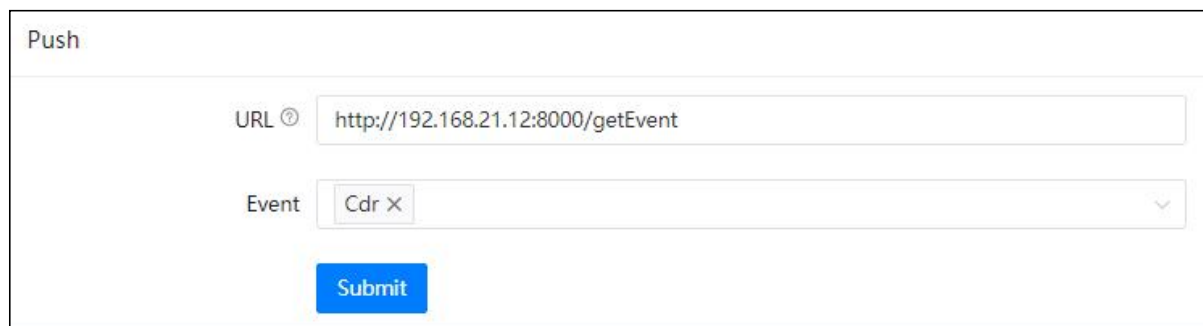
- **Username:** AIM interface authentication username.
- **Password:** AMI interface password
- **Allow IP/Subnet Mask:** the segment of IP addresses that are allowed to access.

7.1.2 Push Event

Path: *Addons* -> *API* -> *Push Event*

The Push Event is a data sending method based on HTTP POST, which can be used to connect with a third-party system to obtain call pop-up data or call recording data. When the Push Event is enabled, the device will push the selected event data to the specified URL.

Therefore, the URL is required to fill out.



The screenshot shows a form titled "Push" with the following fields:

- URL**: A text input field containing the value "http://192.168.21.12:8000/getEvent".
- Event**: A dropdown menu with "Cdr" selected and a close icon (X).
- Submit**: A blue button at the bottom of the form.

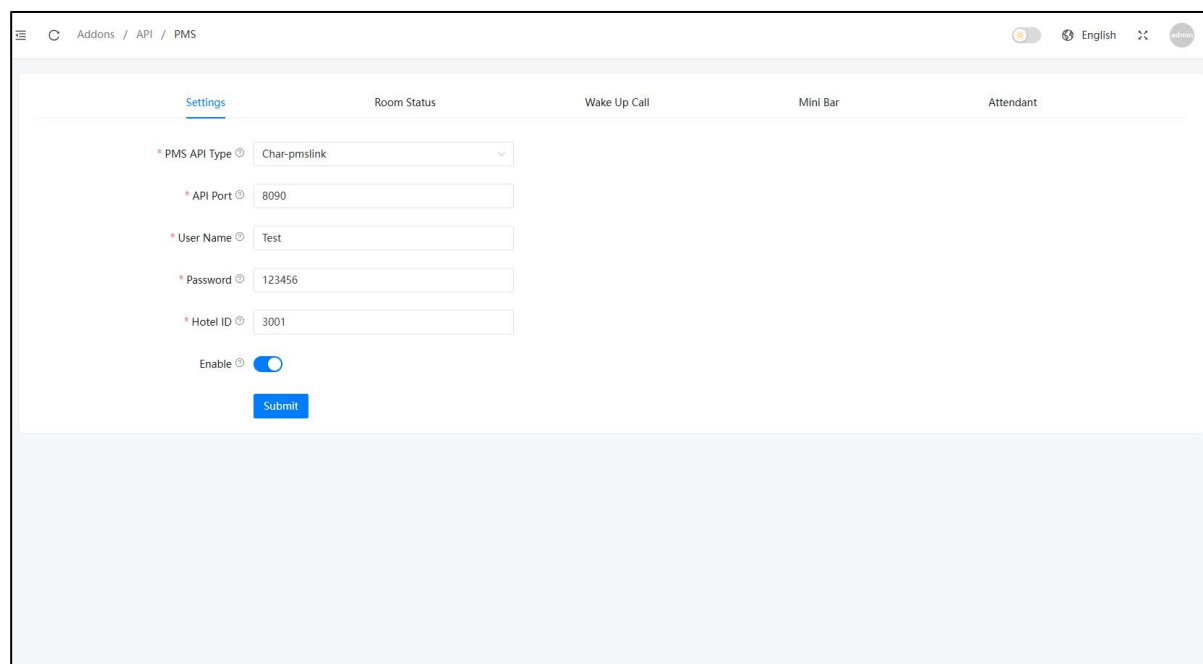
- **URL:** The destination address of the push event.
- **Event:** The AMI event type that needs to be pushed to the destination address.

7.1.3 PMS

Path: *Addons* -> *API* -> *PMS*

- **Settings**

Select the PMS API type for IPPBX integration and configure related parameters. The IPPBX supports multiple types of PMS APIs. After the customer selects a hotel API type, the page will display the corresponding configuration items based on the selected API type.



The screenshot shows the "Settings" page for PMS configuration. The breadcrumb path is "Addons / API / PMS". The page has a navigation bar with tabs: "Settings", "Room Status", "Wake Up Call", "Mini Bar", and "Attendant". The "Settings" tab is active. The configuration fields are:

- * PMS API Type**: A dropdown menu with "Char-pmslink" selected.
- * API Port**: A text input field with "8090".
- * User Name**: A text input field with "Test".
- * Password**: A text input field with "123456".
- * Hotel ID**: A text input field with "3001".
- Enable**: A toggle switch that is currently turned on.
- Submit**: A blue button at the bottom of the form.

Steps:

Firstly, select the “PMS API Type”, fill in the related parameters, turn on the Enable and submit.

- **PMS API Type:** Select the type of hotel management system API to be integrated.
Char-pmslink: For specific usage methods, refer to the official Char-pmslink documentation.
Others: For details on the integration method, refer to the ZYCOO PMS API documentation.
- **API Port:** Select the API service port on the IPPBX side.
- **User Name:** The username used to authenticate the API connection.
- **Password:** The password used to authenticate the API connection.
- **Hotel ID:** Used to distinguish a specific hotel.
- **Enable:** Enable/Disable the PMS service.

Note: When "Others" is selected as the hotel API type, the system will activate a TCP Socket-based API service for integration with the hotel management system. Once activated, the system will monitor port 8080. For specific usage instructions, please refer to the PMS API documentation.

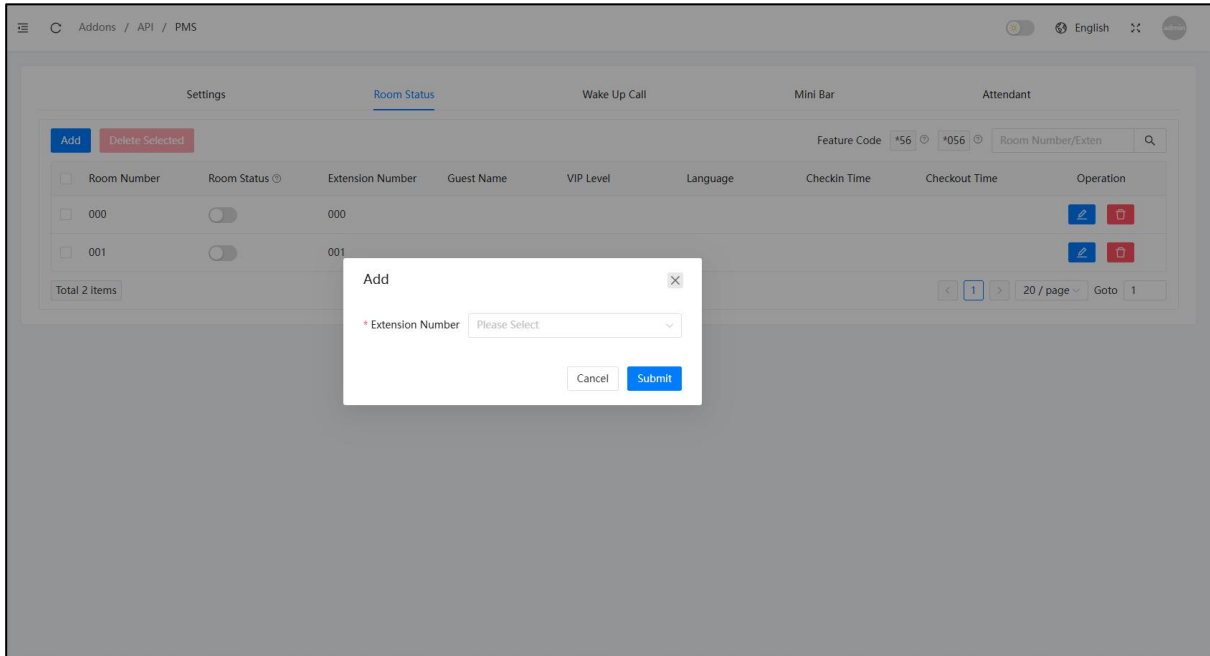
● Room Status

A list of correspondences between extension numbers and room numbers in the IPPBX system. It is used to display the check-in information of hotel guest rooms and relevant information of checked-in guests.

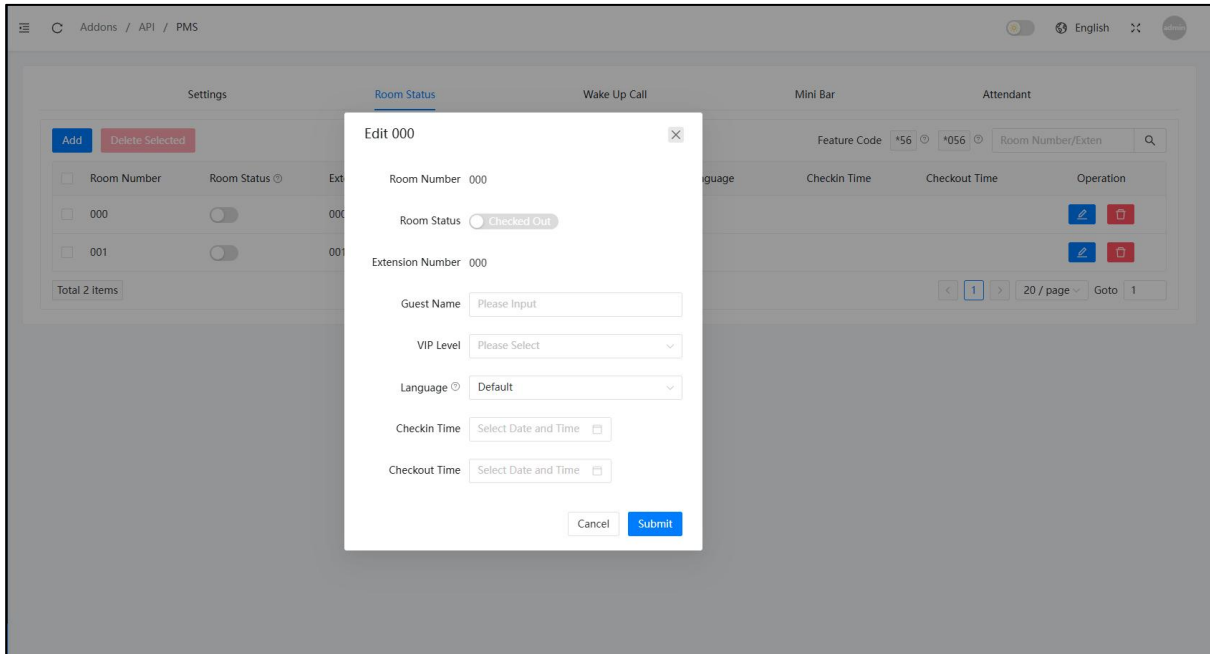
Room Number	Room Status	Extension Number	Guest Name	VIP Level	Language	Checkin Time	Checkout Time	Operation
<input type="checkbox"/> 000	<input type="checkbox"/>	000						Edit Delete
<input type="checkbox"/> 001	<input type="checkbox"/>	001						Edit Delete

Steps:

Click the Add to select the extension number corresponding to the hotel room for the guest room extension



Then you can edit and delete the Room Number, dialing the function key *56 from the current room's extension allows setting the room status, while dialing *056 clears all currently set statuses.



- **Room Number:** Current room number (non-editable)
- **Room Status:** Check-in status: Checked in / Checked Out
- **Extension Number:** Extension number bound to the room number (non-editable)
- **Guest Name:** Name of the guest staying in the room

- **VIP Level:** Guest's VIP level (VIP(A) - VIP(D))
- **Language:** System voice prompt language (e.g., wake-up call)
- **Checkin Time:** Guest's check-in time (required when the room status is "Checked in")
- **Checkout Time:** Guest's check-out time

Explanation: Room status codes need to be defined in the hotel management system. When using the guest room extension to dial the room status function code, enter the corresponding status code according to the voice prompt.

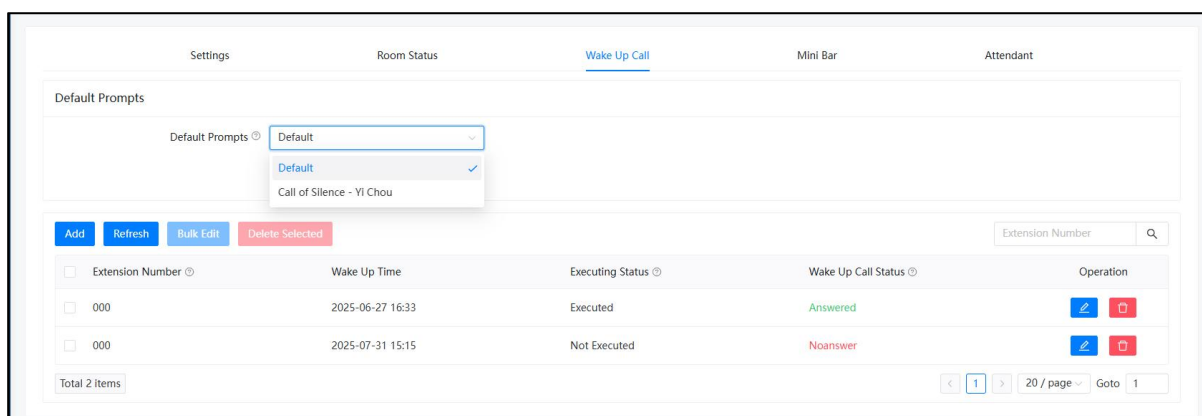
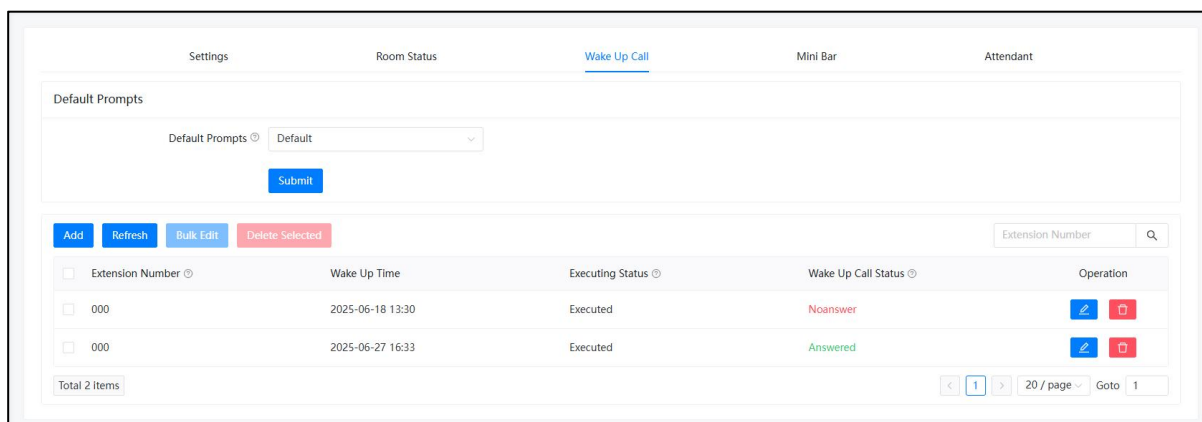
• Wake Up Call

The function here is the same with the **【Telephony -> Advanced Features -> Wake Up Call】**.

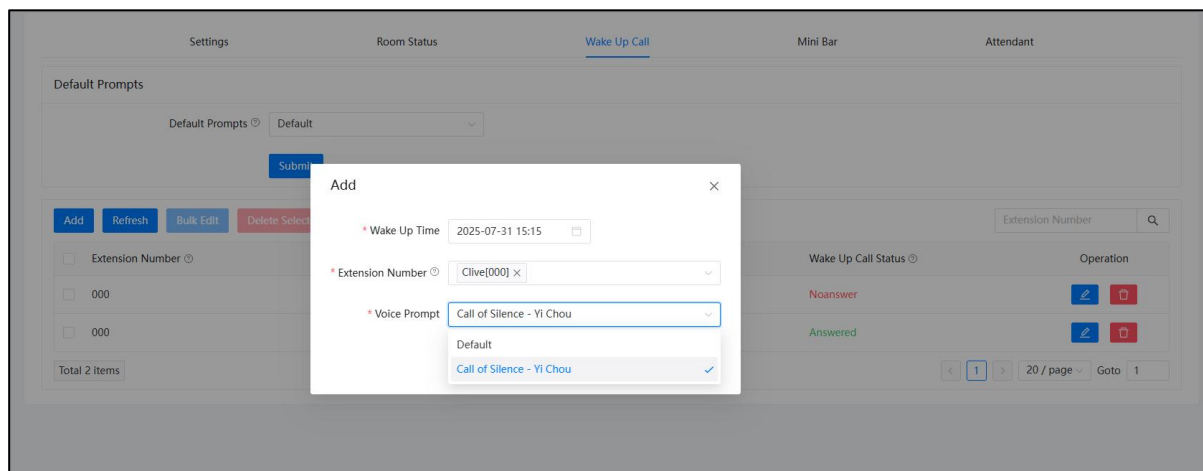
The Default Prompts is the one that plays automatically after a wake-up call is answered, the path is **【Telephony -> Audio Library -> Other Custom Prompts】**.

After uploading a file in the voice prompt, it will appear in the drop-down options here.

Select the file and click "Submit".



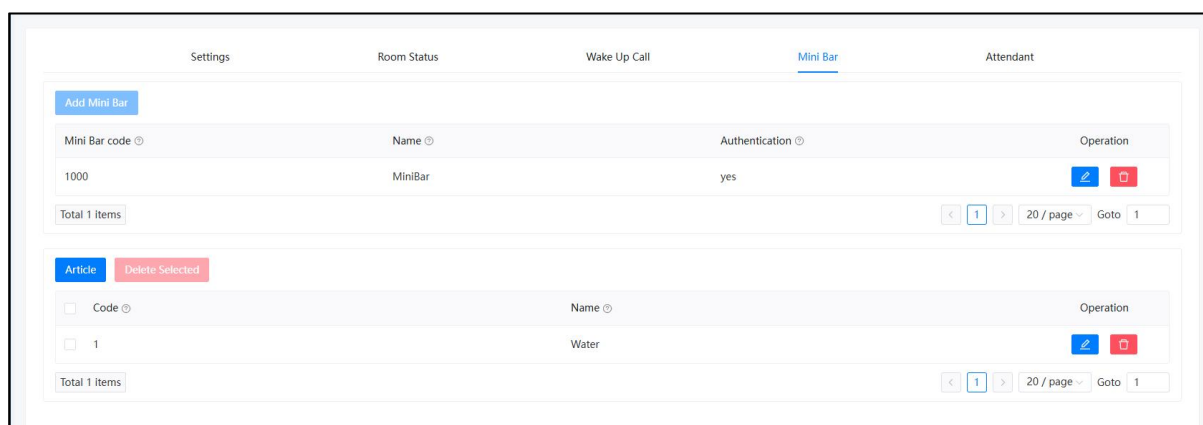
Click Add to create a wake-up call.



- **Wake Up Time:** The time when the wake-up call initiates.
- **Extension Number:** Extension number for the wake-up call.
 - **Voice Prompt:** Set the voice file to be played after the wake-up call is answered. If "Default" is selected, the global default voice file will be used.
- **Executing Status:** Whether the wake-up call has been dialed.
- **Wake Up Call Status:** Whether the wake-up call has been answered.
- **Default Prompts:** Set the global default voice prompt file. If not set here, the system's built-in voice file will be used.

• Mini Bar

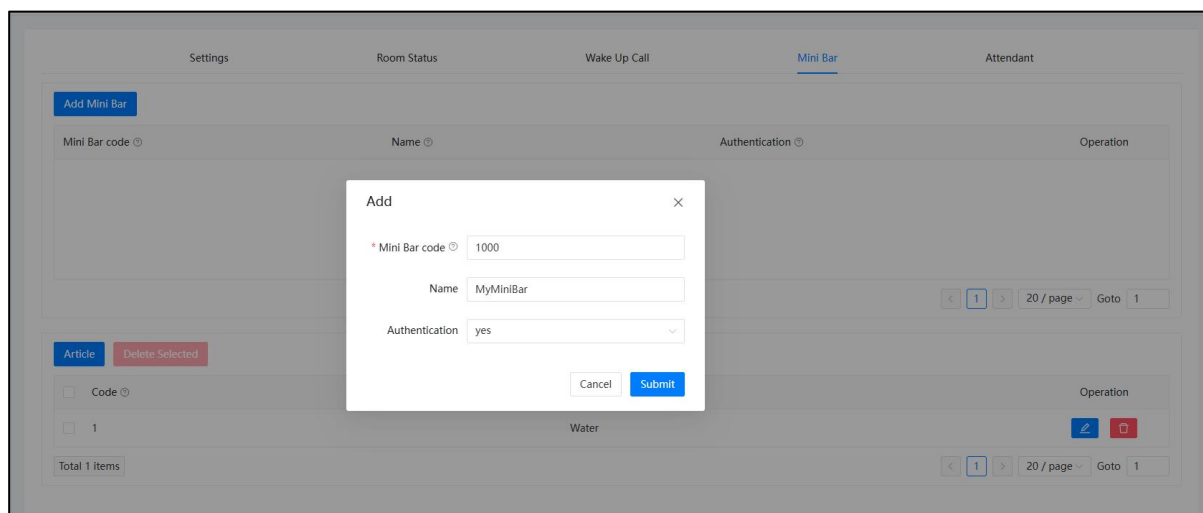
MiniBar is used for billing and statistics of consumable goods in hotel rooms. Room attendants can add or remove guestroom consumables by dialing the MiniBar code via the in-room phone. However, the alternative items in MiniBar can only be added through the system's web interface.



Steps:

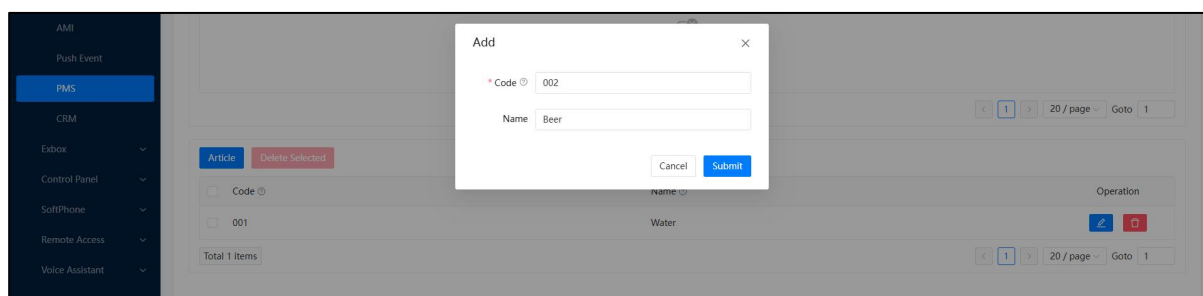
Click Add Mini Bar, Room attendants can access the MiniBar for billing management of in-room consumables by dialing the MiniBar code via the current guestroom extension, followed by entering their attendant code and password. If "Verification" is enabled, the room attendant's password must be entered before accessing the MiniBar.

The room attendant information is configured in **【Addons - API - PMS – Attendant】** .



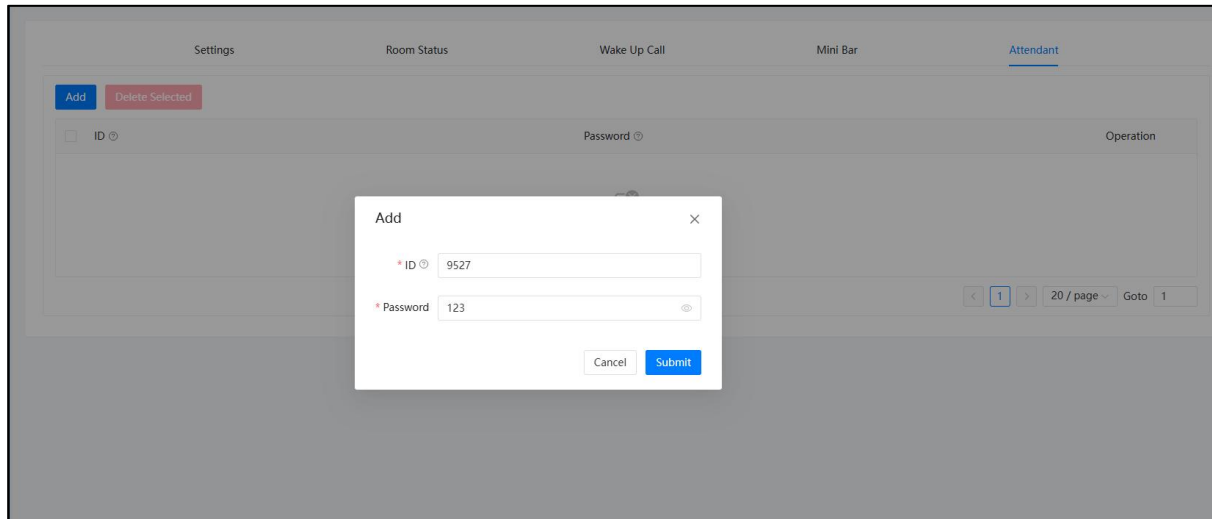
- **Mini Bar code:** MiniBar code: attendants can dial this code via the guestroom extension to access MiniBar.
- **Name:** MiniBar name
- **Authentication:** Whether a verification code is required before attendants access MiniBar by dialing the MiniBar code.

Click the Article.



- **Code: Item code:** Room attendants must enter the corresponding code of the item when billing for in-room consumables.
- **Name:** Item name
- **Attendant**

Attendants refer to the accounts and passwords used for managing guestroom billing in MiniBar. When room attendants dial the MiniBar code via an extension, they will be required to enter their attendant code and password.



- **ID:** The code used by room attendants to access the MiniBar.
- **Password:** The password used by room attendants to access the MiniBar.

7.1.4 CRM

Go to **【Addons -> API -> CRM】**, This page allows configuring the integration of IPPBX with CRM. Integrating IPPBX with Vtiger CRM enables functions including: incoming call pop-up from IPPBX to the corresponding user in CRM, synchronization of call record data, and click-to-dial in CRM (which dials by calling the IPPBX interface).

- **Type:** vtiger.
- **Server Address:** The server address that login to CRM.
- **User: The account:** The username of the CRM administrator account.
- **Password:** Use the "Access Key" value found in the administrator's User Information after logging into CRM.
 - **API Key:** Use the "Vtiger Secret Key" from the CRM Gateway settings as the API key.

Note: For detailed usage instructions, refer to the "vtiger CRM Integration User Manual", which includes detailed configuration methods in both CRM and IPPBX.

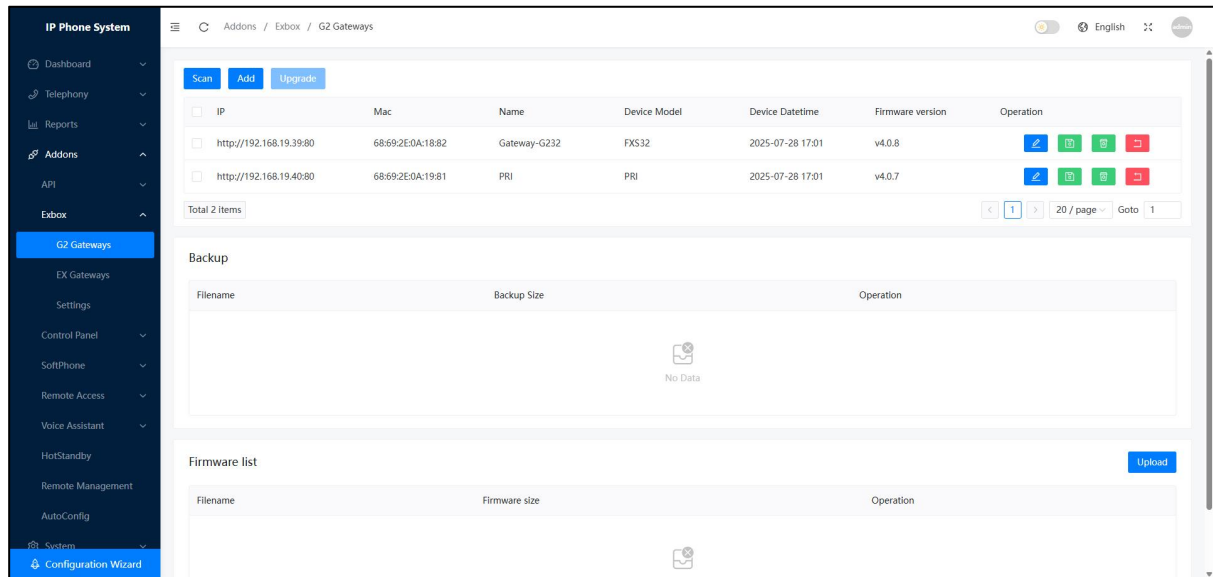
7.2 Exbox

7.2.1 G2 Gateways

Path: *Addons -> Exbox ->G2 Gateways*

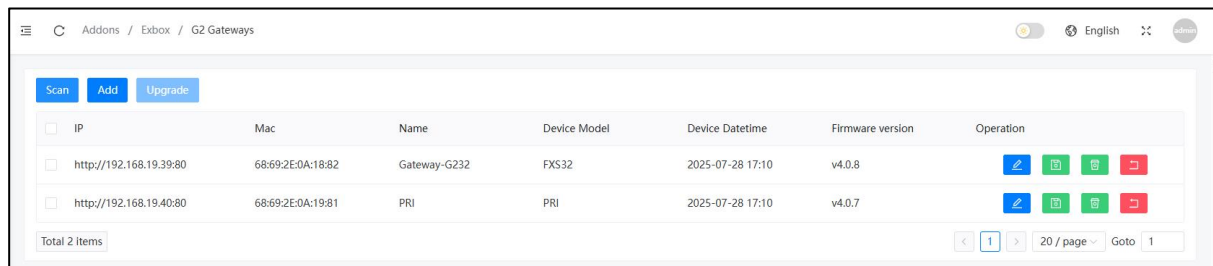
The functionality of the current page is intended for gateway products such as

G232/G116/G401. Through this page, you can scan gateways in the same network segment and perform simple operations like configuration and upgrades.



● Add

Click Scan, it can find the G2 series devices which in the same network segment, cross-network-segment G2 devices, if the network is functioning properly, can be added manually via the "Add" button by entering the web link recognizable by the G2 series (e.g., <http://192.168.1.100:80>). After the device is added, its ports can be configured. Click the "Edit" button next to the device, and the following page will appear.



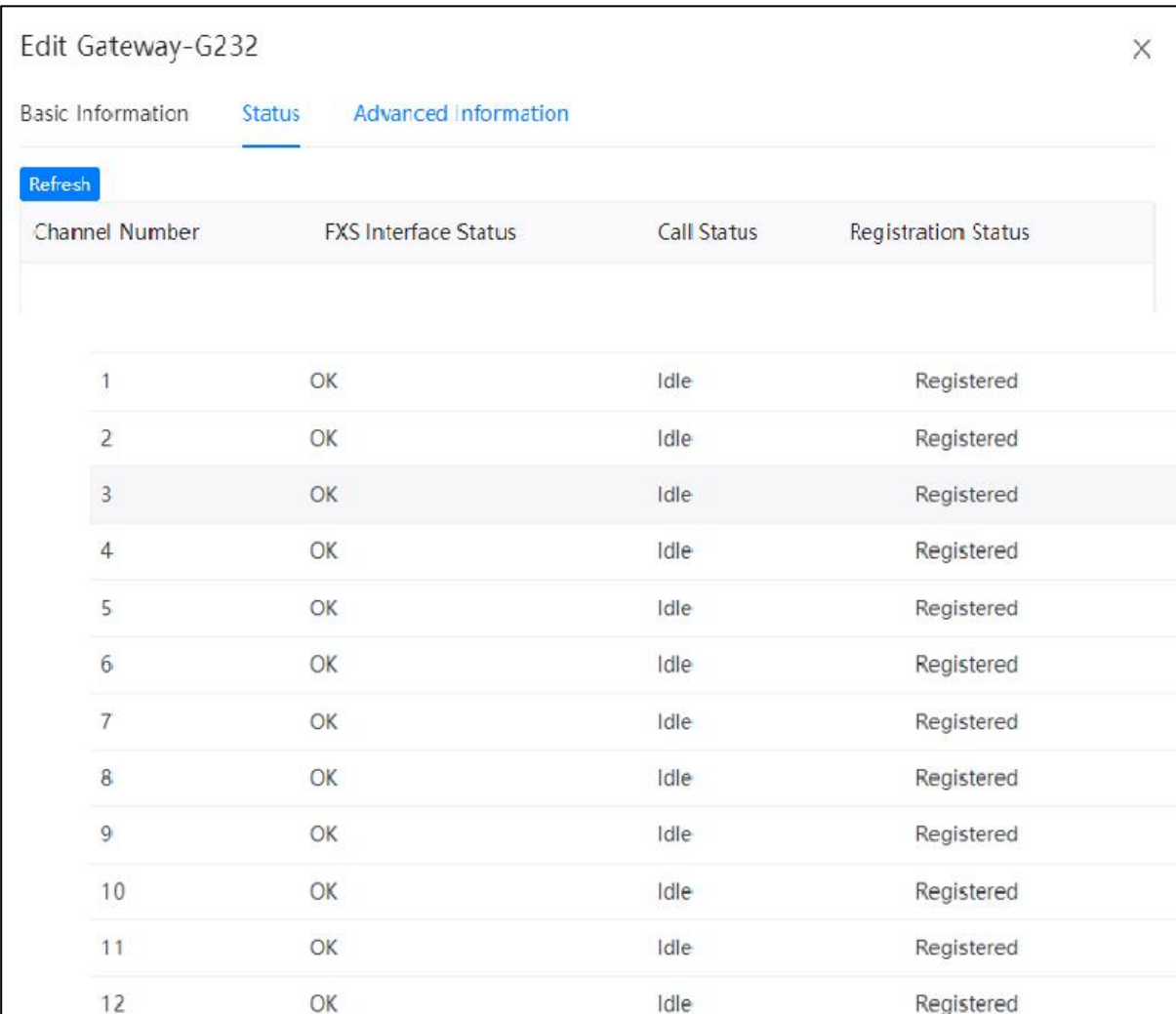
G232/G216 gateway

Basic Information setting, set the extension number corresponding to the terminal port in this Page.

The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Edit Gateway-G232" with a close button in the top right corner. Below the title are three tabs: "Basic Information" (selected), "Status", and "Advanced Information". Under the "Basic Information" tab, there are two buttons: "Auto Fill" (blue) and "Empty Fill" (red). The main content is a table with three columns: "Channel Number", "Extension Number", and "Modify Extensions". The table contains 15 rows, each representing a channel and its corresponding extension number. The "Modify Extensions" column contains a dropdown menu for each row, currently displaying the extension number.

Channel Number	Extension Number	Modify Extensions
1	110	110
2	111	111
3	112	112
4	113	113
5	114	114
6	115	115
7	116	116
8	117	117
9	118	118
10	119	119
11	120	120
12	121	121
13	122	122
14	123	123
15	124	124

In the Status page, you can check the registration status of the port that have been configured with extensions number.



The screenshot shows a web interface for editing gateway G232. It has three tabs: 'Basic Information', 'Status' (selected), and 'Advanced Information'. A 'Refresh' button is located above the table. The table has four columns: 'Channel Number', 'FXS Interface Status', 'Call Status', and 'Registration Status'. It contains 12 rows of data, with the third row highlighted.

Channel Number	FXS Interface Status	Call Status	Registration Status
1	OK	Idle	Registered
2	OK	Idle	Registered
3	OK	Idle	Registered
4	OK	Idle	Registered
5	OK	Idle	Registered
6	OK	Idle	Registered
7	OK	Idle	Registered
8	OK	Idle	Registered
9	OK	Idle	Registered
10	OK	Idle	Registered
11	OK	Idle	Registered
12	OK	Idle	Registered

In the Advanced Information Page, you can set the advanced functions of the terminal device (for specific details of the functions, please refer to the administrator manual of G232 and G216).

Edit Gateway-G232
✕

Basic Information
Status
Advanced Information

* Input Volume

* Send Key

Dial Match Delay (ms)

Internal Calling

Output Noise Reduction

NTP SYNC

Digit Map

* Output Volume

* Send Delay

* Echo Cancellation

Call Waiting

Input Noise Reduction

TimeZone

G116 Gateway

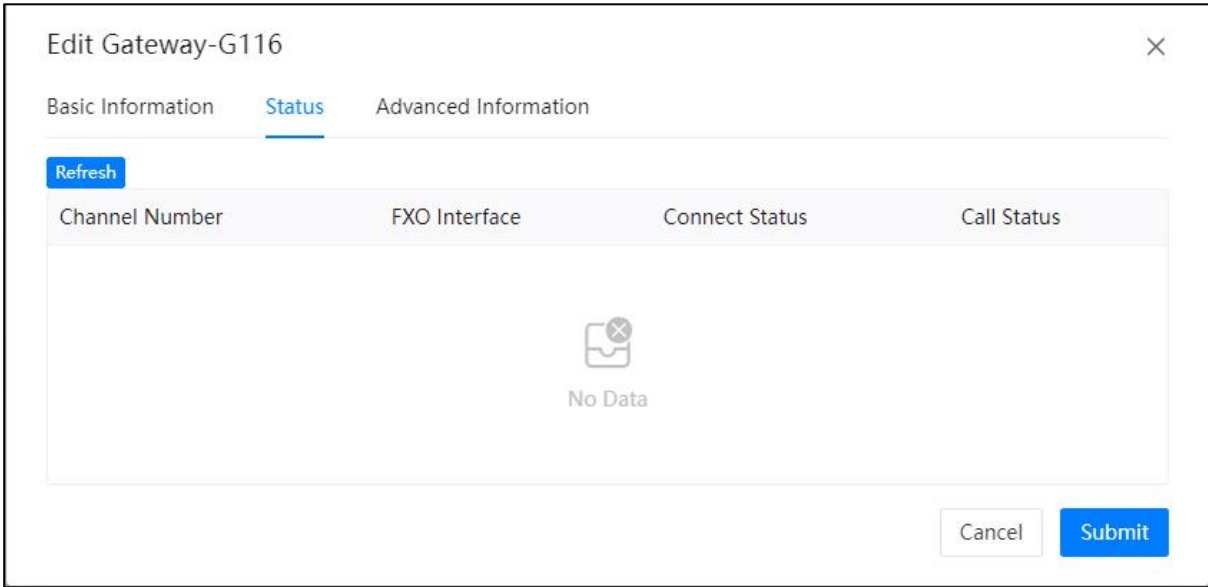
Also, you can check the Basic information about the Outbound CID

Edit Gateway-G116
✕

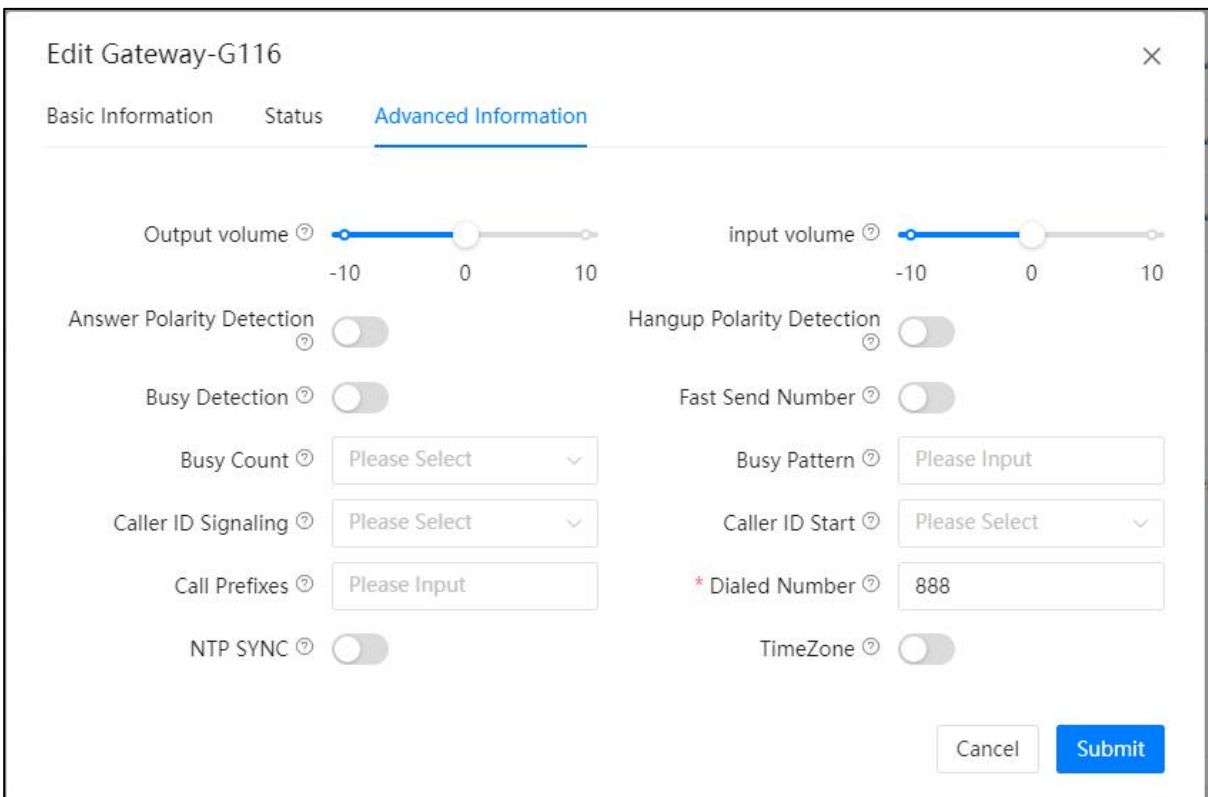
Basic Information
Status
Advanced Information

Channel Number	Outbound CID	Mark
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> </div> <p>No Data</p>		

In the Status page, you can check the status of the FXO and Connect

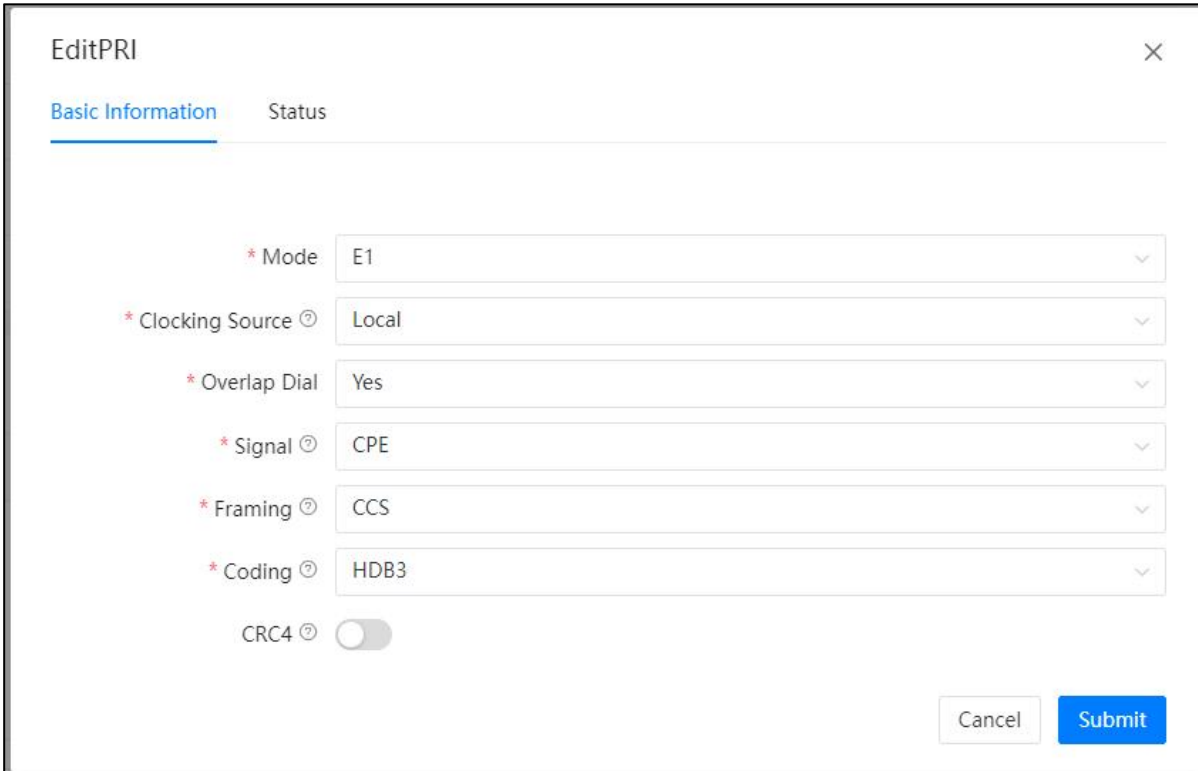


In the Advanced Information Page, you can set the advanced functions of the terminal device (for specific details of the functions, please refer to the administrator manual of G116).



G401PRI Gateway

In the Basic Information page, you can set the RPI Mode of the G401 Gateway.

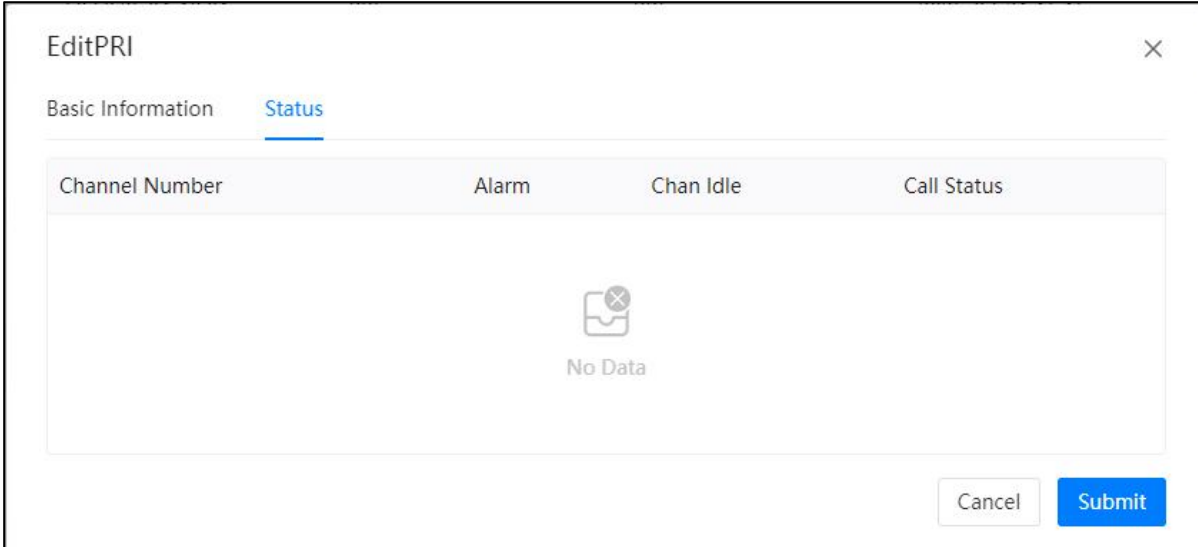


The screenshot shows the 'EditPRI' configuration window with the 'Basic Information' tab selected. The window title is 'EditPRI' and it has a close button (X) in the top right corner. Below the title bar, there are two tabs: 'Basic Information' (active) and 'Status'. The configuration fields are as follows:

- * Mode: E1
- * Clocking Source: Local
- * Overlap Dial: Yes
- * Signal: CPE
- * Framing: CCS
- * Coding: HDB3
- CRC4:

At the bottom right, there are 'Cancel' and 'Submit' buttons.

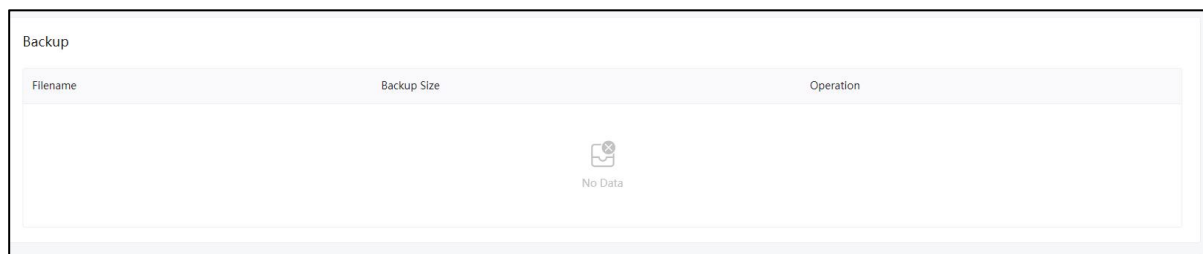
In the Status page, you can check the Chan Idle and Call status.



The screenshot shows the 'EditPRI' configuration window with the 'Status' tab selected. The window title is 'EditPRI' and it has a close button (X) in the top right corner. Below the title bar, there are two tabs: 'Basic Information' and 'Status' (active). The status page displays a table with the following columns: Channel Number, Alarm, Chan Idle, and Call Status. The table is currently empty, showing a 'No Data' message with a folder icon and a close button (X) in the center. At the bottom right, there are 'Cancel' and 'Submit' buttons.

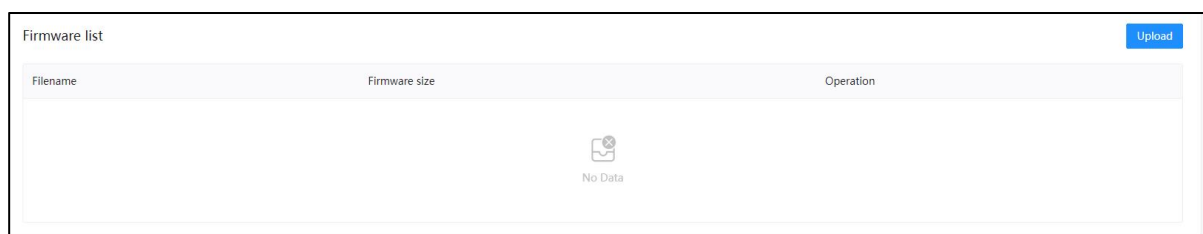
● Backup

Click "Backup" in the device list to back up normally functioning devices; successful backups will appear in the file list under "Backup List". You can also click "Restore" in the device list to restore the configuration of a designated device.



● Firmware List

First, upload the firmware to the firmware list, check the devices to be upgraded, click the firmware upgrade button, and select the firmware file via the pop-up window to perform the firmware upgrade for the devices.

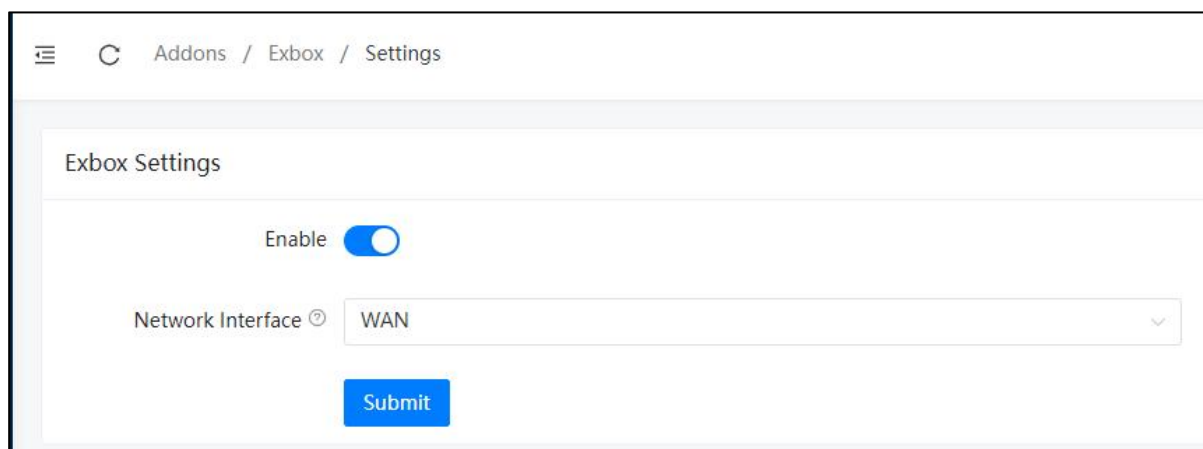


7.2.2 EX Gateways

Path: *Addons -> Exbox -> EX Gateways*

If you need to deploy a large number of analog phones as extensions connected to the IPPBX via the EX16S, you must use the EX16S's auto-configuration feature to assign IP extension numbers to each telephone interface of the EX16S.

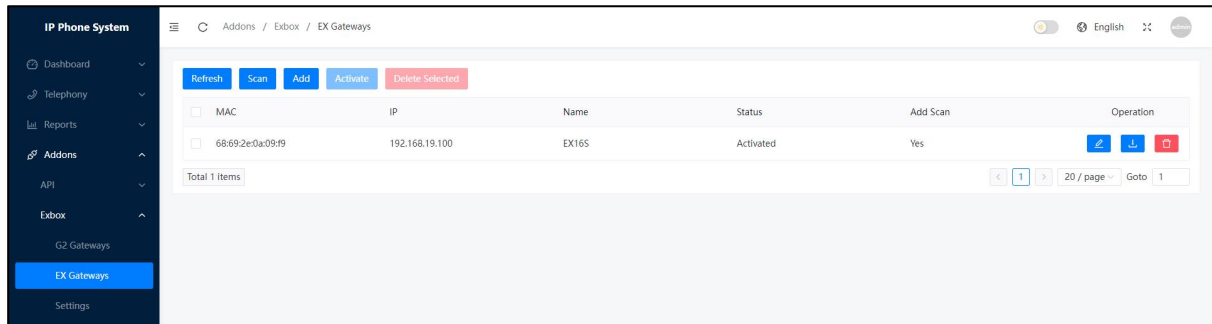
Firstly, in the Addons -> Exbox -> Settings page, turn on the Enable, it will enable the auto-deployment function for analog gateways, enable this function will increase the system resource consumption, so it is recommended to disable it after configuration is completed.



Click the “Scan”, it will scan all the EX16S that connected to the same local network, once Scan, the EX16S and their corresponding detailed information will appear in the list.

Note:

Ensure the IPPBX and EX16S extension boxed are in the local network and same network segment, so that, the IPPBX can scan the available EX16 extension boxes.



If the EX16S cannot be scanned or the EX16S is not in the same network, here are two ways to add the EX16S manually.

Method one:

Click the “Add”, to add a EX16S

Add ✕

Basic Information Advanced Information

* Name

* MAC

* Server Address

* Server Port

* Input Volume

* Output Volume

* Send Delay – +

* Send Key

Input Noise Reduction

Output Noise Reduction

Echo Cancellation

Call Waiting

After add the EX16S, click the edit, then you can set the functions

Edit ✕

Basic Information Advanced Information

* Name

* MAC

* Input Volume

* Output Volume

* Send Delay − +

* Send Key ▾


Input Noise Reduction

Output Noise Reduction

Echo Cancellation

Call Waiting

- **Name:** Specify a name for the EX16S to distinguish it from other EX16S devices.
- **MAC:** Fill in the MAC address of the EX16S device.

- **Server Address:** Ex16s The server IP address registered by EX16S.
 - **Server Port:** Ex16s。 The server port number registered by EX16S.
 - **Input Volume/Output Volume:** Adjustment for the input/output volume, it is recommended to use the default value.
 - **Send delay:** EX16S FXS send call delay time.
 - **Send Key:** You can choose the “#” or “*” key as the send key, which means when you are done inputting the number, press the send key will dial the call immediately.
 - **Input Noise Reduction:** Enable/Disable the EX16S input noise reduction function. Default in OFF.
 - **Output Noise Reduction:** Enable/Disable the EX16S output noise reduction function. Default in OFF.
 - **Echo Cancellation:** Enable/Disable the EX16S echo cancellation function. Default in ON.
 - **Call Waiting:** call waiting, Enable/Disable the call waiting function on the FXS channel of EX16S. Default in OFF.
1. Click the  button to scan all EX16S extension boxes connected to the same LAN. The scanned EX16S and the corresponding detailed information of the device will appear in the list. Click the edit button of the scanned EX16S device to set the device.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "Edit" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It has two tabs: "Basic Information" (active) and "Advanced Information".

Under "Basic Information", the following settings are visible:

- * Name: EX16S
- * MAC: 68:36:93:2e:30:a3
- * Input Volume: Slider set to approximately 50%
- * Output Volume: Slider set to approximately 50%
- * Send Delay: 1 (with -- and + buttons)
- * Send Key: # (dropdown menu)

Below these are four toggle switches:

- Input Noise Reduction: Off
- Output Noise Reduction: Off
- Echo Cancellation: On
- Call Waiting: Off

At the bottom right, there are "Cancel" and "Submit" buttons.

2. Assign Extension Numbers

3. Assign an extension.

Click on the "Auto Fill" button directly, the system will assign the first number of the IP extension to the first interface, and automatically fill in all 16 interfaces of the EX16S in turn. If the number of extensions is insufficient, the remaining interfaces will not be assigned numbers. If you want to assign each interface from the specified extension, you need to first select the first interface and then select a starting extension, and then click the "Autofill" button to assign the subsequent 15 extension numbers to the remaining interfaces in turn. If the extension number is insufficient, please add more extension number on the *IP extension* page.

Edit
✕

Basic Information
Advanced Information

Auto Fill
Empty Fill

Channel Number	Extension Number
1	100
2	101
3	102
4	103
5	104
6	105
7	106
8	107
9	108
10	109
11	110
12	111
13	112
14	113
15	114
16	115

Cancel
Submit

- After the setting is completed, click on the “Submit” button, and the device’s status should change to “Configured”.

	MAC	IP	Name	Status	Add Scan	Operation
<input type="checkbox"/>	68:3e:93:2e:30:a3	192.168.17.122	EX165	Configured	Yes	↶ ↷ ✕
<input type="checkbox"/>	2E:32:DF:A3:F1:23		Office	Configured	No	↶ ↷ ✕

Total 2 Items

 < 1 > 20 / page Goto

4. Select the devices you would like to activate and click on the “Activate” button. When the device’s status shows “Activated”, that means the configuration is successful.

MAC	IP	Name	Status	Add Scan	Operation
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 68:36:93:2e:30:a3	192.168.17.122	EX16S	Configured	Yes	Edit Delete Refresh
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2E:32:DF:43:F1:23		Office	Configured	No	Edit Delete Refresh

When the IPPBX system completes the configuration of the EX16S, the EX16S system will restart automatically. After the restart, the IP extensions corresponding to the 16 FXS interfaces of the EX16S will be registered successfully. At this time, you can view the status of these extensions on the extension status page. The corresponding device IP address should be the IP address of EX16S.

Note:


1. After the EX16S is configured, the EX16S system time, ringtone, function keys, etc. do not need to be set. These system default settings will be automatically synchronized from the IPPBX system. The analog extension on the EX16S can also maintain the same setting as the IP PBX (except for the functions of the telephone itself).
2. When an EX16S is scanned by an IPPBX and configured, the EX16S will not be scanned by other IPPBXs, including the EX16S after the IPPBX is reset. The user can make the EX16S to be scanned again by restoring the IPPBX backup, or reset the EX16S and then reconfigure it through the IPPBX system.

If you need to deploy an EX16S remotely, please click the [Add](#) button.

Basic Information	Advanced Information
* Name	<input type="text" value="Office"/>
* MAC	<input type="text" value="2E:32:DF:43:F1:23"/>
* Server Address	<input type="text" value="zycoopbx.sip.zycoo.com"/>
* Server Port	<input type="text" value="5160"/>

The difference from the automatic scan configuration is that the manually added EX16S needs to fill in the MAC address of the remote EX16S and needs to set the server address. The server address is the custom domain name address in the SIP proxy service you applied for (so you need to apply for the SIP proxy service first, please refer to the description of the proxy server chapter).

The port number can be 5160 or 5162. Port 5160 is the port number used by the UDP and TCP transmission protocols of the SIP proxy server. If the port number you specify here is 5160, please assign it to the remote EX16S extension box. All 16 extensions are set to UDP or TCP protocol; if you want to use port 5162 it means you will use TLS protocol, please set the transport protocol of these 16 extensions to TLS.

After the settings are completed and submitted, please click on the  button to download the configuration file. Upload the configuration file through the remote EX16S's

Administration -> **Upload Conifg** page, to complete the remote deployment.

Note: The software version of the EX16S extension box needs to be upgraded to 2.3.0 or above to support the remote deployment function.

7.2.3 Settings

Path: *Addons* -> *Exbox* -> *Settings*

Enabling the Exbox function will increase the system resources consumption and it is recommended to disable this function after the configuration is completed.



The image shows a web form titled "Exbox Settings". At the top, there is a toggle switch labeled "Enable" which is currently turned off. Below this is a dropdown menu labeled "Network Interface" with "LAN" selected. At the bottom of the form is a blue "Submit" button.

- **Enable:** Enable/Disable the auto deployment function.
- **Network Interface:** The corresponding network interface from EX16S to the IPPBX, you can select the WAN port or LAN port.

7.3 Control Panel

7.3.1 Group

Path: *Addons -> Control Panel->Group*

The extensions can be dispatch into different groups, and use the PBX Control Panel for paging, background music, tasks, etc.

Please click on the “Add” button to create a new group, fill out the group name and select the extensions that you would like to dispatch into this group. In the Extension input box, you can also perform a fuzzy search by entering part of an extension number for quick retrieval. When the setting is finished, click on the “Submit” button to save the setting. The new group will be displayed on the PBX Control Panel.



The image shows a dialog box titled "Add" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains two main sections:

- * Name:** A text input field containing "Group1".
- * Extension:** A multi-select list box containing five items: "100[100] x", "101[101] x", "102[102] x", "103[103] x", and "104[104] x".

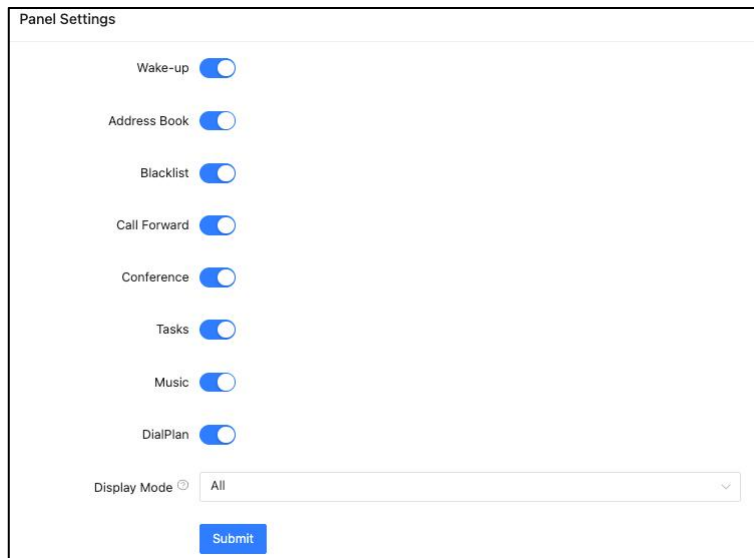
 At the bottom right of the dialog are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Submit".

- **Name:** Name of the group
- **Extension:** The extension number included in the group.

7.3.2 Settings

Path: *Addons -> Control Panel->Settings*

The Control Panel is modules design, in which you can turn on and off specific modules on the Control Panel.



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Panel Settings". It contains a list of modules, each with a toggle switch that is currently turned on (blue). The modules are: Wake-up, Address Book, Blacklist, Call Forward, Conference, Tasks, Music, and DialPlan. Below the list is a "Display Mode" dropdown menu set to "All". At the bottom of the form is a blue "Submit" button.

- **Wake up:** Enable/Disable the “Wake Up” module displayed on the Control Panel to manage wake-up calls.
- **Contact Person:** Enable/Disable the “Contact Person” module displayed on the Control Panel to manage contacts.
- **Blacklist:** Enable/Disable the “Blacklist” module displayed on the Control Panel to manage the blacklist.
- **Call Forward:** Enable/Disable the “Call Forward” module displayed on the Control Panel to manage the call forwarding.
- **Conference:** Enable/Disable the “Conference” module displayed on the Control Panel to

manage all the conference rooms.

- **Tasks:** Enable/Disable the “Tasks” module displayed on the Control Panel to manage the paging/music tasks.
- **Music:** Enable/Disable the “Music” module displayed on the Control Panel to manage the music files.
- **Dial Plan:** Whether to enable the function of adding extension dial plan settings for the attendant console.
- **Display Mode:**
 - All: Enable all operation permissions to the Console Panel user.
 - Hotel: Block operations that violate customer privacy, such as call monitoring, etc.

7.4 Soft Phone

7.4.1 Settings


Path: *Addons -> Soft Phone->Settings*

The CooCall softphone is supported by the ZYCOO CooVox series IPPBX. You can configure the registration information and whether to enable push notification feature with this section.

Settings

Enable 

Server 

Port 

- **Enable:** Enable/Disable the push notification function on CooCall for incoming calls.
- **Server:** The server address is part of the information required for generating the





registration QR code for the CooCall softphone. If this section is not filled in, the system will primarily choose the Proxy service domain name as the server address. If the Proxy service is disabled, the system will use the WAN port address as the server address.

- **Port:** The port number is part of the information required for generating the registration QR code for the CooCall softphone. If this section is not filled in, the system will primarily choose the Proxy service port number. If the Proxy service is disabled, the system will use the port number from the corresponding registration protocol's port.

7.4.2 List

Path: *Addons -> Soft Phone->List*

When the softphone is successfully registered on the IPPBX, the corresponding record will be added to the table list and you can manage the valid softphone token.

Extension Number	Platform	Token	Status	Operation
800	android	{ "tpsToken": "050f52c8f89f2da0991e2cc1aaa4c2a4da1d", "hwToken": "", "cmToken": "" }	ON	
852	android	{ "tpsToken": "0477d8ed2e14ab3874e07379277899648ed", "hwToken": "1QAAAACy0uzAACtbMwZjdH047qB RDPAAziQuKDmyS6EGJhrxluAOLgN2WrcVohRISBqQR GMSaHcDu9GAzpDv92aVBOLCfbdMwKinkGwFlzA", "cmToken": "" }	ON	
153	ios	{ "deviceToken": "6a79f7bf46aa4668d43dcc9fe4662cf3958ac9294970bc196a2886bfe5cc839f", "voipToken": "" }	ON	
809	ios	{ "deviceToken": "086e0acfa79ea7e3ac641aea0aebfd6eae5276ff5631aeb2f88b8b7dd6972d8b", "voipToken": "" }	ON	

Total 4 items

1 / 20 / page Goto

- **Extension Number:** The extension number for the softphone.
- **Platform:** Softphone system platform type (Android/IOS) .
- **Token:** The system Token use for push notification on the softphone .
- **Status:** Whether the push notification function is enabled (ON/OFF) .
- **Operation:** Delete the record. After deletion, there will be no incoming call push notification until the softphone is registered again.

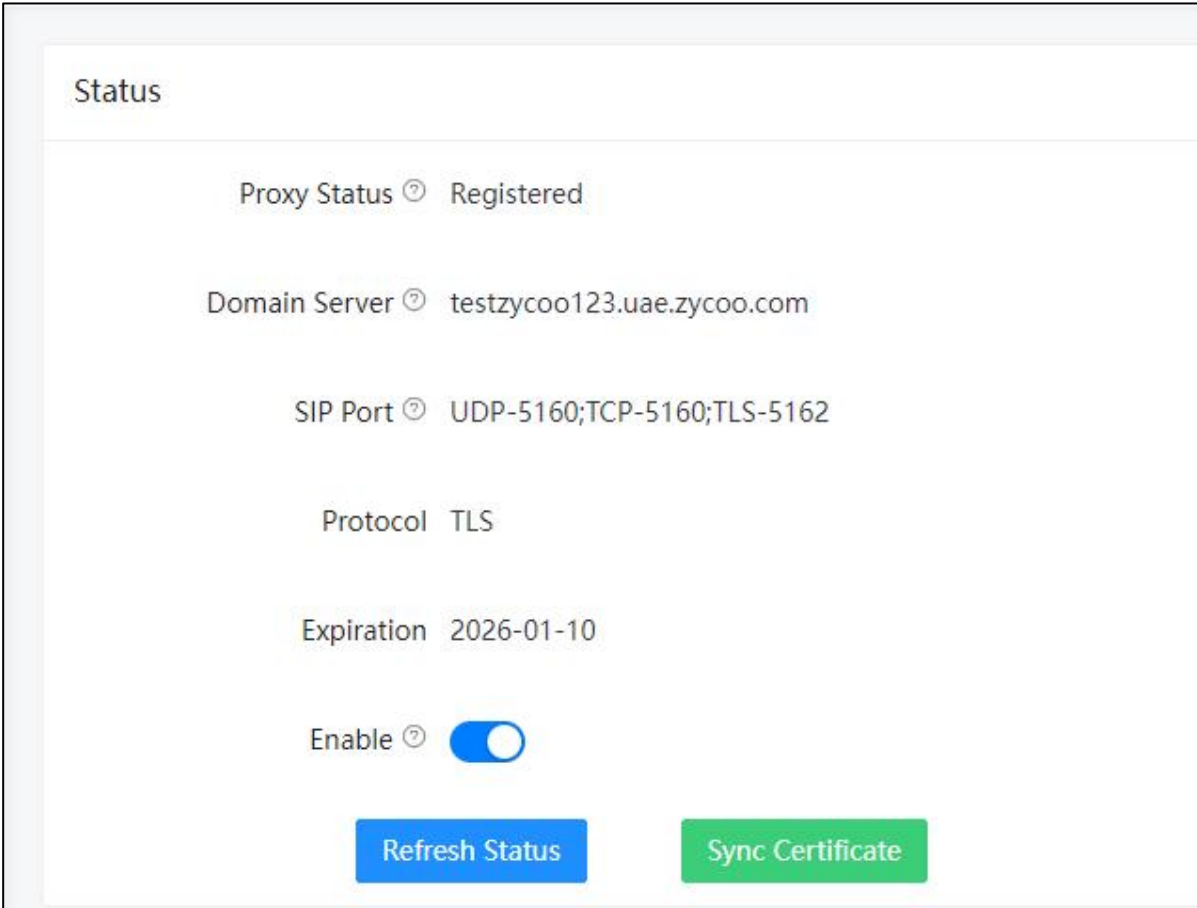
7.5 Remote Access

7.5.1 Status

Path: *Addons* -> *Remote Access* -> *Status*

- **SIP Proxy status information**

You can click the “Refresh Status” to display the real-time registration status, or click “Sync Certificate” to update the certificates.



Status

Proxy Status ⓘ Registered

Domain Server ⓘ testzycoo123.uae.zycoo.com

SIP Port ⓘ UDP-5160;TCP-5160;TLS-5162

Protocol TLS

Expiration 2026-01-10

Enable ⓘ

Refresh Status Sync Certificate

- **Proxy Status:** Connection status between IPPBX and Proxy server.
- **Domain Server:** The external domain name used for extensions registration and WebRTC access to the IPPBX.
- **SIP Port:** The port number used for extensions registration to the IPPBX.
- **Protocol:** The protocol used between IPPBX and Proxy server.
- **Expiration:** The expiration time of this Proxy server.

- **Enable:** Enable/Disable the Proxy server.

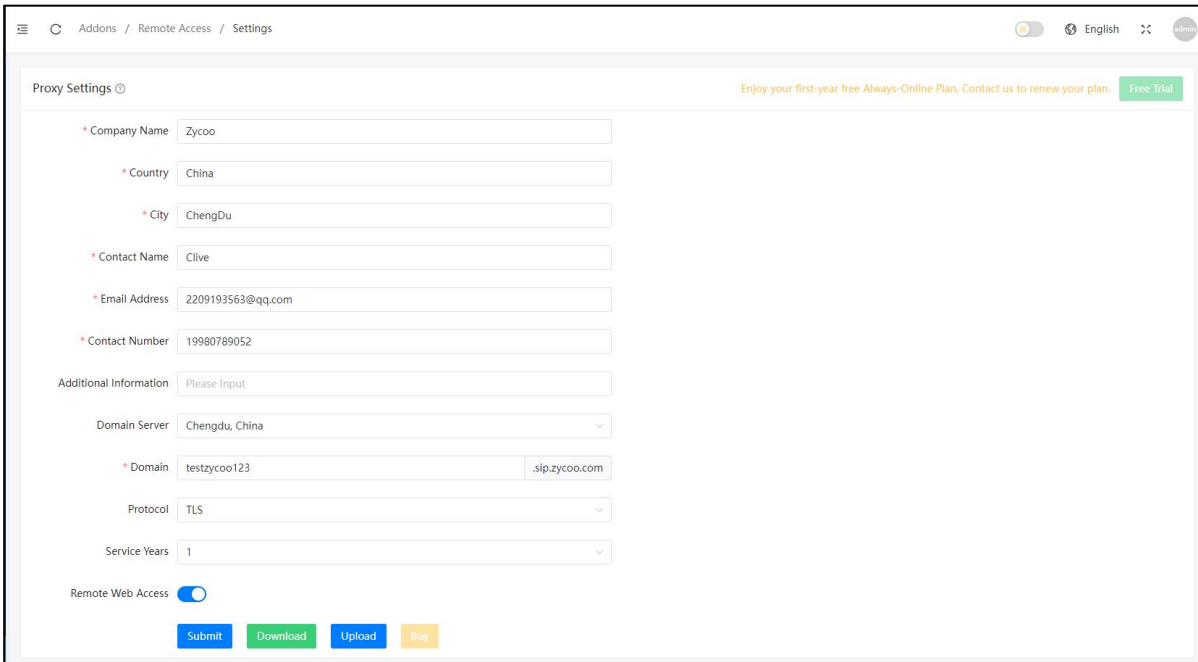
7.5.2 Settings

Path: *Addons -> Remote Access ->Settings*

Each device comes with a default one-year free trial certificate(Non-China region server)

Please fill in the required Proxy service user information to activate the service.

The Zycoo SIP Proxy Service can perfectly solve the problem of NAT traversal. After enabling the proxy service, you can directly use the domain name provided by Zycoo to register remote SIP extensions.



The screenshot shows the 'Proxy Settings' form in a web browser. The form includes the following fields and options:

- Company Name:** Zycoo
- Country:** China
- City:** ChengDu
- Contact Name:** Clive
- Email Address:** 2209193563@qq.com
- Contact Number:** 19980789052
- Additional Information:** Please Input.
- Domain Server:** Chengdu, China
- Domain:** testzycoo123 .sip.zycoo.com
- Protocol:** TLS
- Service Years:** 1
- Remote Web Access:**

At the bottom of the form, there are four buttons: **Submit** (blue), **Download** (green), **Upload** (blue), and **Buy** (yellow). In the top right corner of the form area, there is a green button labeled **Free Trial** and a message: "Enjoy your first-year free Always-Online Plan. Contact us to renew your plan."

Online Application:

Step 1: Enter user information (please ensure the information is accurate and valid, otherwise you may not receive system emails) and domain name (select the server with the lowest latency). Then choose the desired duration in the "Service Years" section and click "Submit".

Step 2: If applying for a trial certificate, click the "Free Trial " button in the top right corner to activate the free trial certificate. If the free trial period has expired, click "Buy" and make an online payment. After completing the payment, the system certificate will automatically refresh.

Offline Application:

Step 1: Enter user information (please ensure the information is accurate and valid, otherwise you may not receive system emails) and domain name (select the server with the lowest latency). Then choose the desired duration in the "Service Years" section (The free trial please select the "1") and click "Submit".

Step 2: Click the "Download" button to download the user file, then send the user file to the sales team to obtain the certificate file.

Step 3: After receiving the certificate file, click "Upload" to upload the certificate file to the device to activate the service.

7.6 Voice Assistant

The voice assistant utilizes a cloud-based speech recognition platform to identify incoming calls. It matches the recognized speech for preset keywords within the system. If a match is found, the call is routed to the corresponding keyword-associated path. The voice assistant is a premium feature that requires a certificate application prior to use. The certificate includes a duration (in hours), which, once uploaded, accumulates to the total and remaining time. The certificate is valid for one year and will automatically expire after that period.

7.6.1 Status

Path: *Addons -> Voice Assistant ->Status*

The voice assistant feature utilizes a cloud-based speech recognition engine to match user voice inputs with predefined keywords, enabling the execution of corresponding functions. This feature allows users to perform tasks via voice commands, minimizing the need for manual input. The IPPBX integrates with Tencent's and Google's voice recognition engines, with Tencent's engine as the default for Chinese language recognition and Google's engine for other languages.

Each device comes with a default 1-hour free trial. After entering the user information, click "Submit" and then the "Trial" button to activate the trial license. Once the trial period expires,

enter the number of hours you wish to purchase in the “Duration” field and click the “Buy” button to proceed to the payment page. After successful payment, the license will automatically refresh.

The screenshot displays a web interface for managing a license. At the top, there is a breadcrumb trail: 'Addons / Voice Assistant / Status'. Below this, the 'Status Information' section shows 'Total Duration 0', 'Remaining Duration 0', and 'Latest Update Time -'. The 'User Information' section contains several input fields: '* Company' (Test Company), '* Contact' (admin), '* Telephone' (123456), '* Email' (test@test.com), '* City' (CD), '* Country' (CN), and '* Duration' (1). A 'Price' field shows '10\$'. At the bottom, there are five buttons: 'Submit', 'Download', 'Upload', 'Free Trial', and 'Buy'.

- **Total Duration:** The cumulative total (in hours) of all certificates previously purchased by the user.
- **Remaining Duration:** The number of hours left for usage.
- **Latest Update Time:** The most recent time the certificate was uploaded.
- **Company:** The company name.
- **Contact:** The contact’s name.
- **Telephone:** The telephone number.
- **Email:** Contact’s email, to receive the corresponding emails.
- **City:** The city where the user is located.
- **Country:** The country where the user is located.
- **Duration:** The duration of the certificate is measured in years.

- **Price:** The price of the certificate.

Online Application:

Step 1: Enter your user information (ensure it is accurate and valid, otherwise you may not receive system emails). For the "Duration" parameter, please enter the desired usage duration (if applying for a free trial certificate, enter "1"). Then click "Submit".

Step 2: Click the "Buy" button (if applying for a free trial certificate, click " Free Trial" instead; the system certificate will automatically refresh). After completing the payment, the certificate will automatically download to the system and display usage information in the "Status Information" section.

Offline Application:

Step 1: Enter your user information (please ensure that the information is true and valid, otherwise you may not receive system emails). For the "Duration" field, please input the desired usage duration you wish to apply for (if applying for a free trial certificate, enter "1"). Then click "Submit".

Step 2: Click "Download" to download the user file and send it to sales or technical support. After completing the payment through alternative means, sales or technical support will send the certificate to the user.

Step 3: Click the "Upload" button to upload the certificate into the system. When the remaining usage time of the certificate is less than 1 hour, the system will automatically send an email to the user's mailbox to remind the user to update the certificate.

7.6.2 Config

Path: *Addons -> Voice Assistant ->Config*

Click the "Add" button to create a new voice assistant. Set the "Voice Prompts" and "Invalid

Prompt Sound", then select the "Language" type. Set whether to enable "Dial Extension" feature, allowing users to directly dial extension numbers through the dial pad just after entering the voice assistant.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "Add" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The form contains the following fields and controls:

- Name:** A text input field with the placeholder "Please Input".
- Number:** A text input field with the placeholder "Please Input".
- Voice Prompts:** A dropdown menu with the placeholder "Please Select".
- Language:** A dropdown menu with "English(USA)" selected.
- Input Voice Timeout:** A numeric input field with "60" and minus/plus buttons.
- Invalid Prompt Sound:** A dropdown menu with "None" selected.
- Loop Count:** A dropdown menu with "1" selected.
- Dial Extension:** A toggle switch that is currently turned on (blue).
- Events:** A series of dropdown menus and a plus button. The first dropdown has "Keyword" selected, and the second has "Please Select".

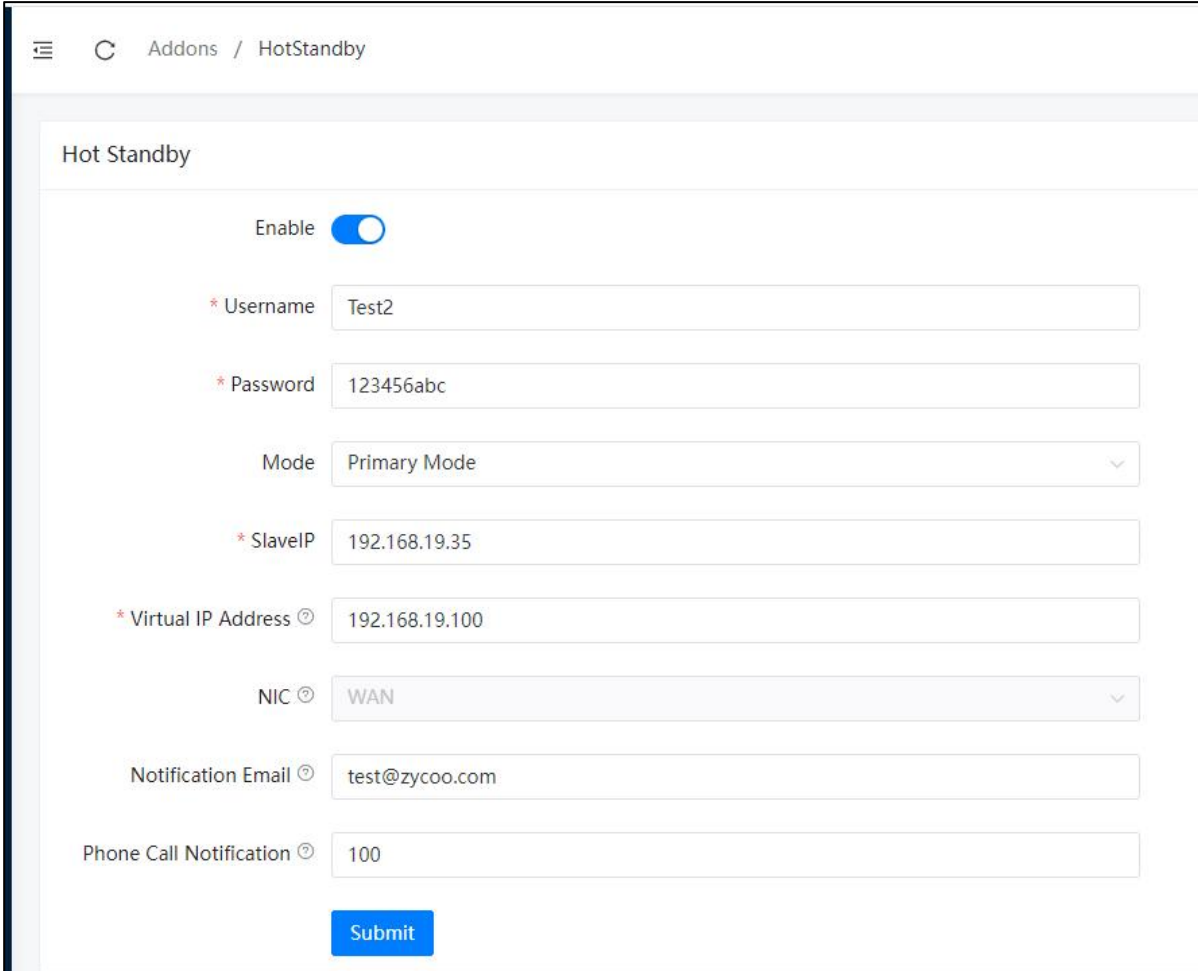
At the bottom right of the form are "Cancel" and "Submit" buttons.

- **Name:** The name of the voice assistant config profile.
- **Number:** Extension users can test the voice assistant menu by dialing the system number.
- **Voice Prompts:** The language types that the voice assistant needs to recognize.
- **Loop Count:** The number of times the voice menu is repeated when the calling party has not entered the voice or has failed to recognize the voice.
- **Language:** The language types that the voice assistant needs to recognize.
- **Input Voice Timeout:** Record input voice timeout time (seconds).
- **Invalid Prompt Sound:** Set an invalid prompt audio.
- **Dial Extension:** If enabled, the caller can dial extension numbers directly when in the IVR.
- **Events:** Execute corresponding routing branches after recognizing speech matching keywords.

7.7 Hot Standby

Path: *Addons* -> *Hot Standby*

The hot-standby function is using two same model of IPPBX server with the same software version, one as the primary server and the other one work as secondary server. When the primary fails, all current calls can be automatically switched to the secondary server in a short time. It requires configuration on both primary server and secondary server. When the status of the secondary server is “Connected”, that means configuration data of the primary server has been synchronized to the secondary server. The secondary server will not load the data in real-time, it will be loaded only after its status change from secondary to primary or the system restarts.



The screenshot shows the 'Hot Standby' configuration page in the admin interface. The page title is 'Hot Standby' and the breadcrumb is 'Addons / HotStandby'. The configuration includes an 'Enable' toggle switch which is turned on. Below it are several input fields: '* Username' with the value 'Test2', '* Password' with the value '123456abc', 'Mode' set to 'Primary Mode', '* SlaveIP' with the value '192.168.19.35', '* Virtual IP Address' with the value '192.168.19.100', 'NIC' set to 'WAN', 'Notification Email' with the value 'test@zycoo.com', and 'Phone Call Notification' with the value '100'. A blue 'Submit' button is located at the bottom of the form.

- **Enable:** Enable/Disable Hot-standby function.
- **Username/Password:** The username and password used by the primary server and secondary server to verify the heartbeat data. The primary and secondary servers must be

configured with the same username and password for authentication.

- **Mode:** Primary Mode/Secondary Mode. The primary server indicates the currently working server.
- **Master/Slave IP:** The IP address of the Primary server or Secondary server.
- **Virtual IP Address:** The IP address of the hot-standby function to provide external services, which the IP address can be registered by the extensions.
- **Network Interface:** The network interface for sending the heartbeat data, e.g.: WAN/LAN.
- **Email Notification:** Email address for sending notification when the state is switched. (SMTP service is required)
- **Phone Call Notification:** Phone number for calling notification when the state is switched. (Internal and external numbers are support. Please make sure DialPlan1 has the authority to dial this number).

Steps:

Step 1: ensure the two IPPBX are in the same network segment, firstly, setup the “Secondary Mode” IPPBX, fill in the basic information, then click the “Submit”

You can see the “Connecting” in the Hot Standby Status.

Hot Standby Status

Connecting

Refresh Data

Hot Standby

Enable

* Username

* Password

Mode

* Primary IP Address

* Virtual IP Address

NIC

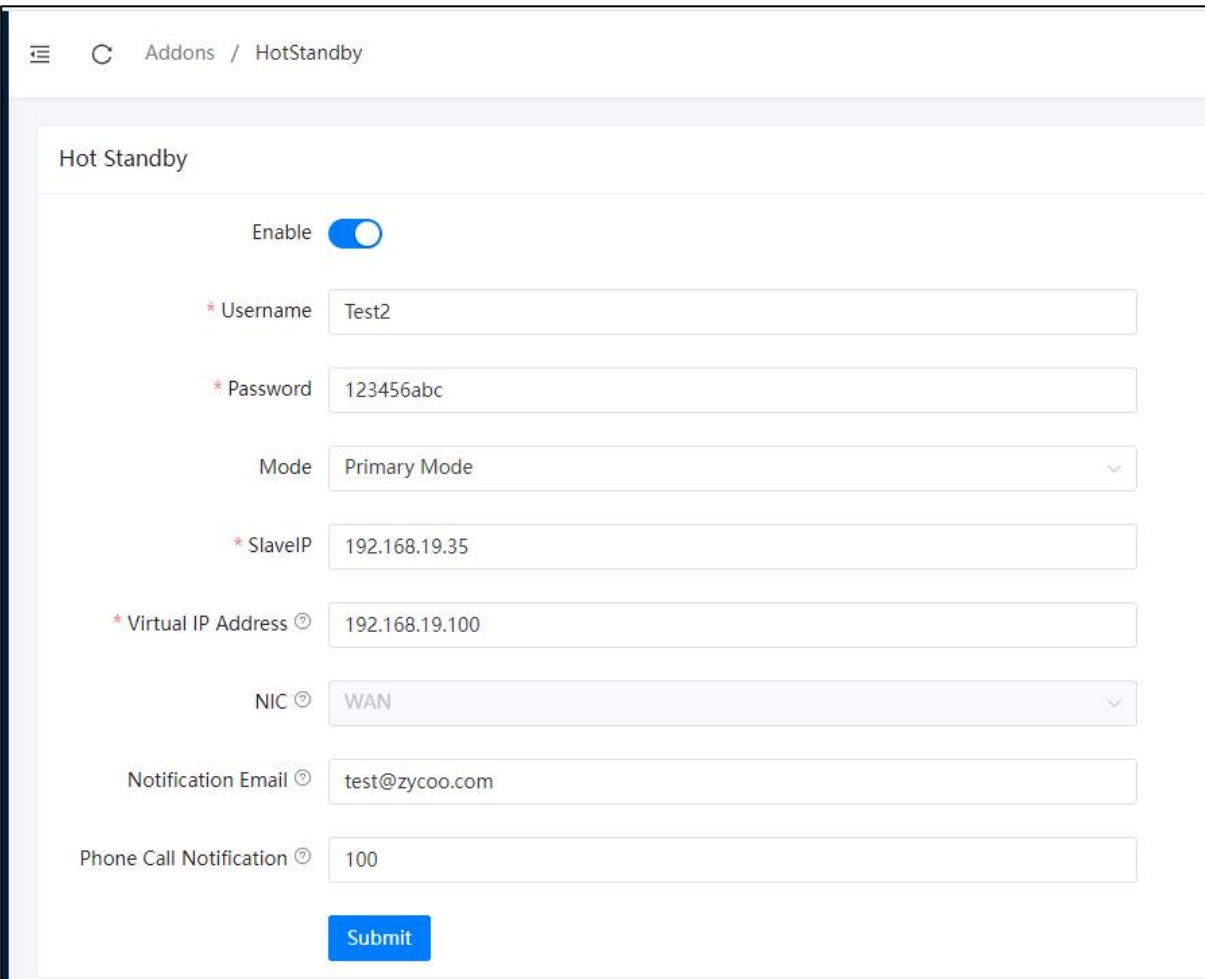
Notification Email

Phone Call Notification

Submit

Step 2:

Setup the “Primary Mode” IPPBX, fill in the basic information, ensure the Username, Password and Virtual IP Address are the same with “Secondary Mode” IPPBX.



Hot Standby

Enable

* Username

* Password

Mode

* SlaveIP

* Virtual IP Address

NIC

Notification Email

Phone Call Notification

Step 3:

Verify data synchronization by checking the connection status of the "Secondary Mode" IPPBX after the "Primary Mode" IPPBX settings are completed. Under normal circumstances, the status of the "Secondary Mode" IPPBX should change to "Connected" within 30 seconds after the configuration of the "Primary Mode" IPPBX is finished. Once the "Secondary Mode" IPPBX status is "Connected," you can modify the extension configuration data on the "Primary Mode" IPPBX and then refresh the corresponding page on the "Secondary Mode" IPPBX to check if the data has been synchronized.

☰ ⌂ Addons / HotStandby

Hot Standby Status

Connected

[Refresh Data](#)

Hot Standby

Enable

* Username

* Password

Mode

* Primary IP Address

* Virtual IP Address

NIC

Notification Email

Phone Call Notification

[Submit](#)

7.8 Remote Management

Path: *Addons ->Remote Management*

Enabling the Remote Management function to connect the device to the official remote management platform. Technicians can use the authorized device's login credential to access the device system through the remote management platform.

- **Enable:** Enable/Disable the Remote Management function.
- **Invitation Code:** Obtain the invitation code from the ZYCOO Support Team or distributors. Using this invitation code to connect to the remote management platform.
- **Host:** It is used for third-party remote management server connection. If you use the Zycoo Proxy server, you do not need to fill in this parameter.

7.9 AutoConfig

7.9.1 Devices

Path: *Addons ->AutoConfig->Devices*

The AutoConfig function helps to realize the automatic discovery and configuration of IP phones in the LAN. It supports pnp and option66 methods.

Step-1: Scan or Add a new phone. Simply click on the **Scan** button, it can automatically discover the phone in the same LAN, or discover the phone through pnp subscription feature. You can also click the **New** button to manually adding a supported manufacturer and model of IP phone.

Step-2: For configuring the IP phone, please click on the **Edit** button on each phone to

assign an extension number and modify other configuration to the phone.

Step-3: Send configuration, select the phone that needs to send configuration data and click the **Reboot** button (the phone must support sip check-sync restart), and the phone should automatically restart and download the configuration file generated by the IPPBX. If the phone does not support automatic restart, you can manually restart the phone for the phone to download the configuration file.

Mac	IP	Status	Type	Manufacturer	Phone Model	Template	Extensions	Config Status	Action
00a859eb44e9	192.168.11.101	●	add			Default	809	Configured	Edit Delete
02123456985		●	add			Default		Activated	Edit Delete
333333333333		●	add			Default	810,812	Configured	Edit Delete
3c0e73112233		●	add			Default	802	Activated	Edit Delete
68692e024034	192.168.18.120	●	scan	ZYCOO	H83		801	Activated	Edit Delete

- **Multicast Address:** The multicast address for monitoring PNP data. Default address is 224.0.1.75:5060.
- **RegServer:** The server address for generating the phone auto-configuration file, you may choose the IPPBX's WAN port or LAN port.
- **Download URL:** The download path required when downloading the configuration file in static mode.
- **Config Type:** Choose to use PNP for configuration or quick registration code
- **MAC:** MAC address of IP phone
- **IP:** IP address of IP Phone
- **Status:** The status of IP phone. (Green → online, Red → Offline)
- **Type:** phone registration method, it helps to distinguish whether the phone is discovered by PNP subscription, manually added or scan added.
- **Manufacturer:** Brand of the IP Phone
- **Phone Model:** IP Phone model

otherwise, the phone may not configure successfully). After making modifications, click "Submit." Once you have chosen the corresponding manufacturer and model, the newly created template name will appear in the list of automatically configured "Template" parameters for the phone and will be selectable.

The content within the `{{}}` symbols is data automatically retrieved and filled by the system. Modifying it may result in the inability to associate extension data with the system's extension configuration data. This feature offers significant flexibility; users can also construct a custom template based on the configuration file exported from the IP phone by filling in the `{{}}` content into the corresponding positions of the exported file to create a more comprehensive custom template.

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for creating a new phone model. The form includes the following elements:

- Title:** New
- * Manufacturer:** A dropdown menu with 'CISCO' selected.
- * Phone Model:** A dropdown menu with '6851' selected.
- * Name:** A text input field containing 'Test1'.
- Configuration Code:** A large text area containing the following XML snippet:


```
<device>
<deviceProtocol>SIP</deviceProtocol>
<devicePool>
<dateTimeSetting>
<dateTemplate>D/M/YA</dateTemplate>
<timeZone>{{getTimeZone "oisco" "tz_name"}}</timeZone>
<ntp>
<ntp>
<name>{{.LocalIP}}</name>
<ntpMode>Unicast</ntpMode>
</ntp>
</ntp>
</dateTimeSetting>
<callManagerGroup>
<members>
<member priority="0">
<callManager>
</ports>
```
- Submit:** A blue button at the bottom center.

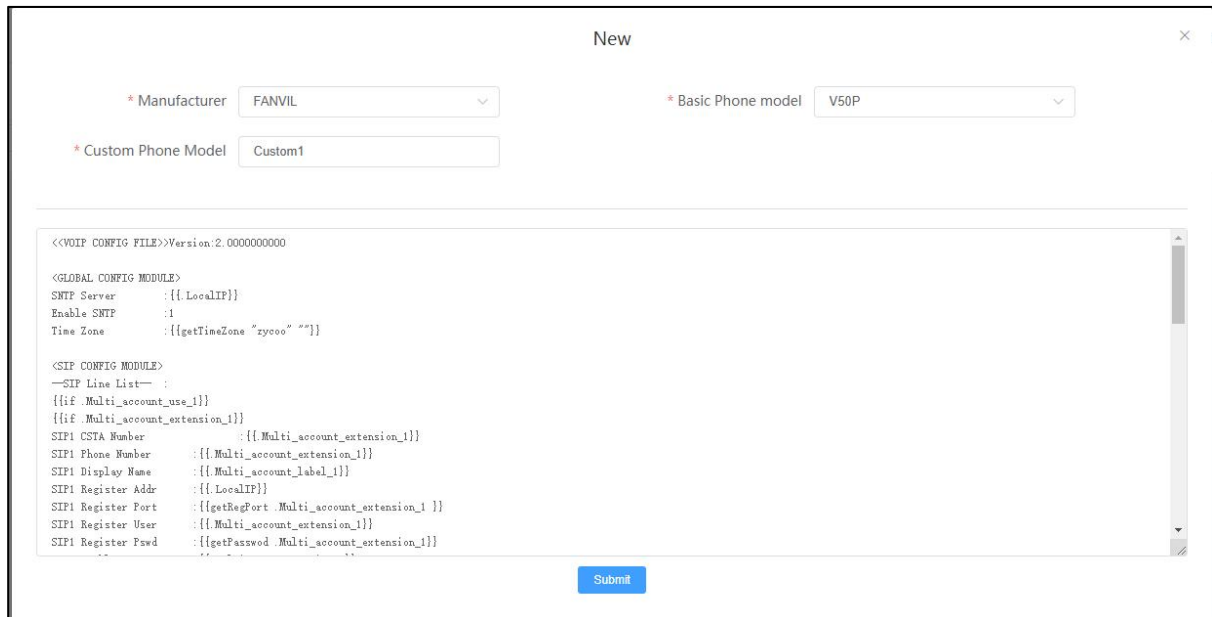
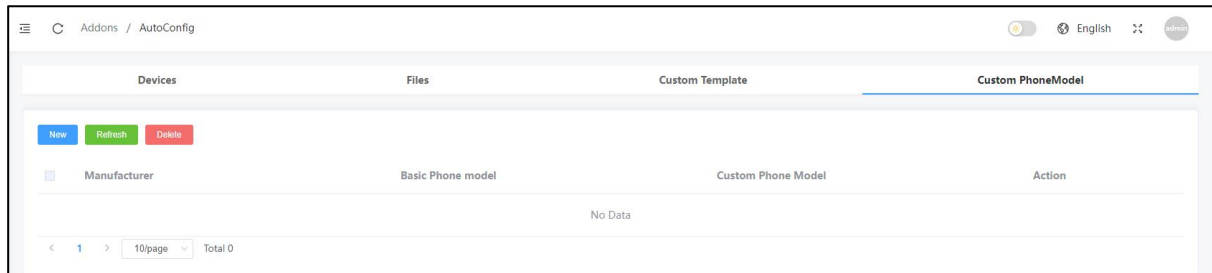
7.9.4 Custom Phone Model

Path: *Addons ->AutoConfig->Custom Phone Model*

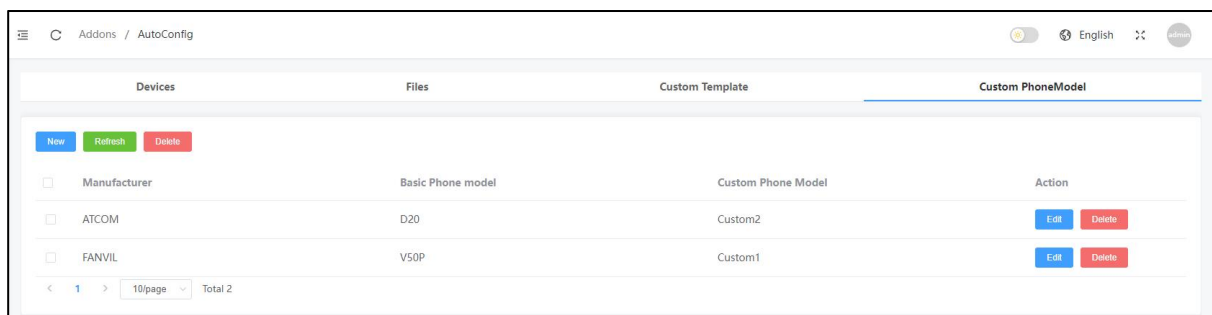
"Custom PhoneModel" can address the issue of IPPBX not supporting the latest IP phone models in a timely manner. Users can add IP phone models that are temporarily incompatible with the IPPBX by creating a custom model.

Click the "New", select the "Manufacturer" and "Basic Phone model" (The base model refers

to the currently compatible IP phone model, and configuration templates for phones from the same series by the same manufacturer are generally interchangeable.) Then, fill in the "Custom Phone Model" for the custom model and modify the content of the "Basic Phone Model" configuration template in the text box to suit the configuration of the current model IP phone.



After added the “Custom Phone Model”, in the “Devices” page, click the “New” or “Bulk New” button, you can select the custom phone model that you created.



8.System

8.1 Reboot /Reset

8.1.1 Cron Reboot

Path: *System -> Reboot /Reset->Cron Reboot*


To periodically restart the driver or asterisk service.

- **Asterisk:** Enable/Disable restart Asterisk service.
- **DAHDI :** Enable/Disable restart DAHDI service.

- **Interval (days):** The time period between each restart.
- **Reboot Time:** The specific time of restarting the device.

8.1.2 Reboot

Path: *Maintenance -> Reboot and Reset*

By clicking on the  button you may restart your CooVox series IPPBX from the web UI. Restart the IPPBX system will terminate all active phone calls, please make sure there're no phone calls going on before restarting the IPPBX system.

8.1.3 Reset


Path: *Maintenance -> Reboot and Reset*

To reset T100/T100-S/T100-A4 and T200 please refer to below 3 reset methods (**Method 1**, **Method 2** and **Method 3**).

To reset T600 there's only 1 way, please refer to **Method 1**.

Method 1: Reset from web UI

Resetting the IPPBX system

Click on  button and confirm with the popup window, reset process will begin. During the reset process the IPPBX system will restart and the whole process will take around 4 to 5mins for T100/T100-S/T100-A4 and T200, 2 to 3mins for T600.

Before resetting you may enable options “I'd like to keep the network profiles” and “I'd like to keep the call logs and recordings”, so after resetting you may still access the IPPBX system web UI from the same IP with all your call logs and recordings remain untouched. If network profiles had been reset too, you'll need to access the IPPBX system via the default IP address.

WAN default IP: 192.168.1.100 / LAN Default IP: 192.168.10.100

After resetting when you access the web UI you'll first see the quick setup wizard. If you choose to use backup file to restore the system configurations, you may skip the quick setup wizard. If you wish to configure a fresh new phone system, you may follow the wizard to

complete the configurations.

Note: Reset from web UI will clear all system configurations, except if you have enabled “I’d like to keep the network profiles” and “I’d like to keep the call logs and recordings” options which will keep the network configurations and the call logs and call recordings.

By default backups will be kept, so after resetting from web UI you may restore backup directly from the IPPBX system.

Method 2: Reset by RST button at system running stage (T100/T100-S/T100-A4 and T200)

When the T100/T100-S/T100-A4 and T200 IPPBX system is running, the SYS LED indicator winks once every 2 seconds. Now you may press and hold the RST button on the back panel of the IPPBX for about 7 seconds, then the SYS LED will go off, the IPPBX system will reboot and start the reset process.

Reset T100/T100-S/T100-A4 and T200 IPPBX this way is the same as resetting from the web UI. Only difference would be you cannot choose to keep the network profiles, call logs and recordings, and you will need to access the IPPBX system via the default IP.

Method 3: Reset by RST button at system booting stage (T100/T100-S/T100-A4 and T200 only)

Reset the T100/T100-S/T100-A4 and T200 IPPBX system by RST button at system booting stage will erase everything on the IPPBX system, including backups will be erased as well. Resetting this way will fully recover the IPPBX system to factory defaults.

So if you wish to restore the IPPBX configurations with a previous backup, please download it to your operating system first before resetting.

To reset the T100/T100-S/T100-A4 and T200 IPPBX system at system booting stage, you need to first cut off the power supply. Press and hold the RST button then power it on. 4 to 5 seconds later when SYS LED goes on release the RST button.

Around 5mins later access the IPPBX system via the default IP address. You’ll first be directed to the quick setup wizard page, you may start configuring a fresh new phone system or you may skip and upload offline backup to restore previous configurations.

8.2 Region /Time

Path: *System -> Region / Time*

System time is very important for the IPPBX system, especially when the IPPBX system handles inbound phone calls according to time conditions, then only if the system time is correct will calls be handled properly. Also, call logs and call recordings files are named with system time. If times not correct on the system, the phone system will not work properly. At the initial setup while you going through the quick setup wizard your location would be set. If you had skipped the quick setup wizard or you want to change the time zone, you may do it here.

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring location and time settings. It is divided into two sections: 'Location' and 'Time Settings'.
In the 'Location' section, there is a dropdown menu for 'Country / Region' with 'US' selected, and a blue 'Submit' button below it.
The 'Time Settings' section shows the 'Current PBX Time' as '2022-08-10 02:47'. Below this, there are two buttons for 'Sync': 'NTP Time Settings' (which is highlighted with a blue border) and 'Manual Time Settings'. Underneath, there is a dropdown menu for 'Time Zone' with 'US/Central' selected, and a text input field for '* NTP Server' containing 'time.nist.gov'. A blue 'Submit' button is located at the bottom of this section.

Location and time may be configured separately. Both modifying location and time settings requires rebooting the IPPBX system.

The location settings will determine the type of tone (Dial tone, Busy, Congestion tone, etc.) you heard on the phones, the time zone and also the opermode on the **Analog Settings** page. So you may not change the location settings here but adjust the time settings only.

You may set the Time Zone and NTP Server to let the IPPBX system synchronize time from the NTP server. This is by default how the system time works.

Or you may manually configure the system time.

In the Set Current PBX Time blank, you may manually input the date and time to set it as the current PBX time. Then click on [Submit](#) button to save the manually set time to the IPPBX hardware.

8.3 Storage

Data storage allows you to upload your recording files, log files and voicemail messages to an FTP server through the Ethernet. Or you may attach an external USB drive to the IPPBX USB interface for saving the above mentioned files.

8.3.1 USB Storage

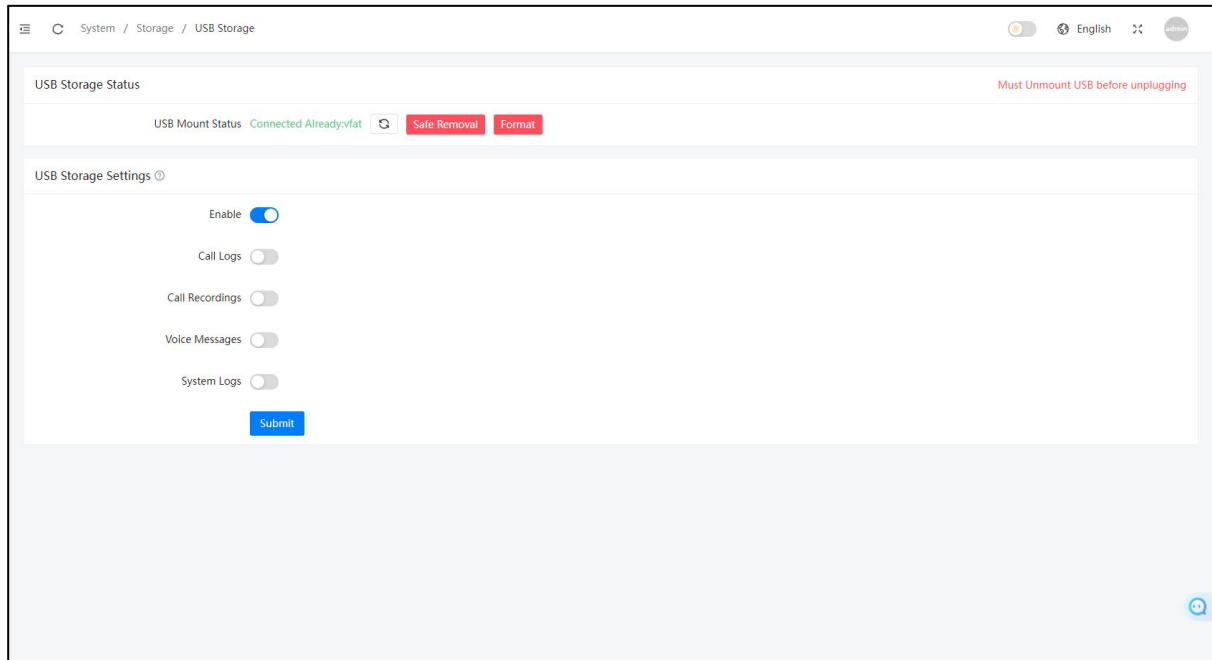
Path: **System** -> **Storage** -> **USB Storage**

T100/T100-S/T100-A4 and T200 there's only 1 USB interface, T600 there are 2 on the back panel. USB drives could be attached to the USB interface for data backup, only 1 USB drive supported on the T600.

Supported USB file system formats are: FAT16, FAT32, exFAT, NTFS, EXT3 and EXT4. If it's a portable USB hard drive, please make sure it uses external power supply. And please make sure the USB drive only has a single partition otherwise it won't be detected by the IPPBX system.

USB storage devices can be inserted while the CooVox IPPBX is powered on. However, to remove the USB storage device, you must first disable USB backup on the System > Storage > USB Storage page, then click "Safe Removal" before physically removing the device to prevent potential loss of recorded files. Once USB storage is enabled, you can opt to directly store specific files from the system onto the USB storage.

After connecting a USB storage device, you can view the storage information of the USB device on the CooVox IPPBX system status interface.



- **Enable:** Enable or disable the USB storage.
- **Call Logs:** Whether to backup the call log data to the USB storage.
- **Call Recordings:** Whether to backup the call recording data to the USB storage.
- **Voice Messages:** Whether to backup the voice message data to the USB storage.
- **System Logs:** Whether to backup the system log data to the USB storage.

Note: If your USB drive could not be detected by the IPPBX system, please use USB disk format tool to delete all partitions on the USB drive and create a single new partition and try again. Before doing this please backup the data in your USB drive as doing this will erase all data on the drive.

8.3.2 FTP Storage

Path: **System -> Storage -> FTP Storage**

Utilizing your existing FTP server, you can configure the IPPBX system to upload call recordings, voicemails and call log files to your FTP server. If you don't have one you can

even use your Windows PC to setup an FTP server for the IPPBX system to connect to. You must however ensure that your PC is always turned on or at least available at the times when your IPPBX is going to upload files.

FTP storage should not be configured to work at the same time with USB data storage.

Otherwise the data on the USB will all be migrated to your FTP server.

To configure FTP storage, enable it and configure the FTP server credentials and the file uploading options.

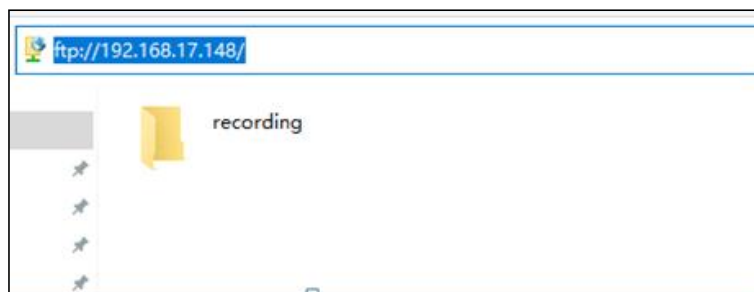
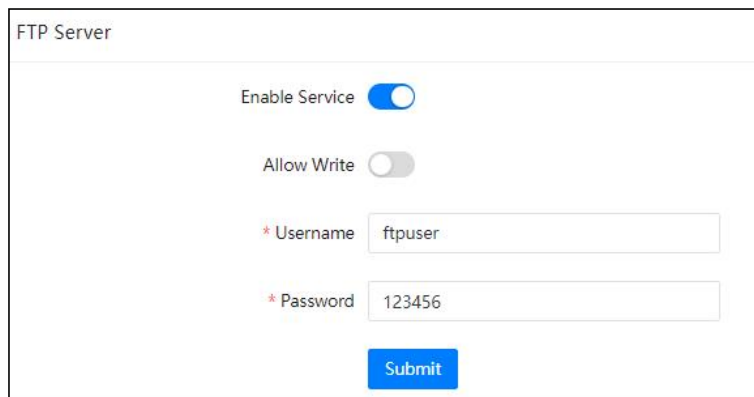
The screenshot displays the 'IP Phone System' admin interface. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with the following items: Dashboard, Telephony, Reports, Addons, System (expanded), Reboot / Reset, Region / Time, Storage (expanded), USB Storage, FTP Storage (highlighted in blue), System Storage, Network, Email Services, Diagnostic, Security Center, Backup / Upgrade, System Logs, and Settings. The main content area shows the 'FTP Storage Settings' page. At the top, the status is 'Disconnected'. The settings include: 'FTP Uploading' (enabled), 'FTP Server Address' (192.168.11.185), 'FTP Server Path' (ippbx-backup), 'Username' (1), 'Password' (masked with a dot), 'Frequency (days)' (7), and 'Upload Time' (23:59). Below these are several other settings, all of which are enabled: Call Logs, Call Recordings, Delete Recordings, Voice Messages, System Logs, and System Backup. A blue 'Submit' button is located at the bottom right of the settings area.

- In the **FTP Server Path** field you may specify the directory of where to store the uploading files.
- In the **Frequency** dropdown list select the number of days of each uploading.
- In the **Upload Time** field specify the exact time of the uploading.

Once configurations done, click on **Submit** button to connect the IPPBX system with the FTP server. Once connected, you'll see the **FTP Connect Status** changed to **Connected**.

Each time after uploading, the call recordings, voicemails, system logs and system backup will be removed from the IPPBX internal storage, call logs will be kept on the IPPBX system and will make a duplicate on the FTP server.

Enabling the FTP server service, you need to create an FTP user first, then you the FTP client software on your desktop to connect to the IPPBX's FTP server to manage all the files.



- **Enable Service:** Enable/Disable FTP server service.
- **Allow Write:** Whether to allow the client user to modify the data on the server after

logging in.

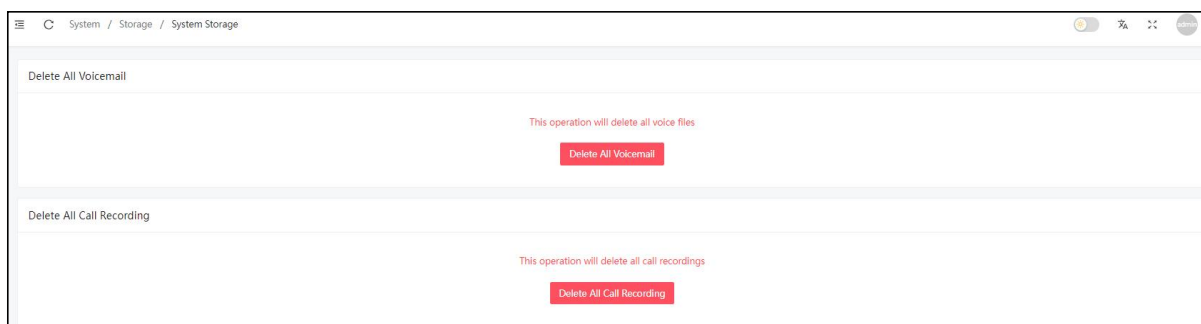
- **Username:** FTP client login username.
- **Password:** FTP client login password.

8.3.3 System Storage

Path: *System -> Storage ->System Storage*

Storage management of recording files and voice data in the system.

When the system storage is full, you can clear the recording files and voice data files in the system storage.

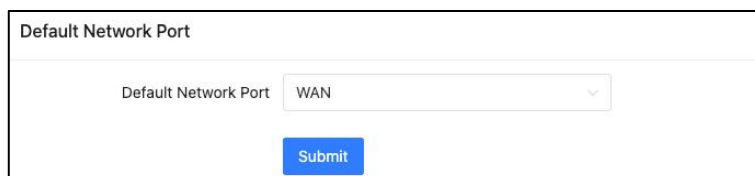


8.4 Network Settings

8.4.1 Network Profiles

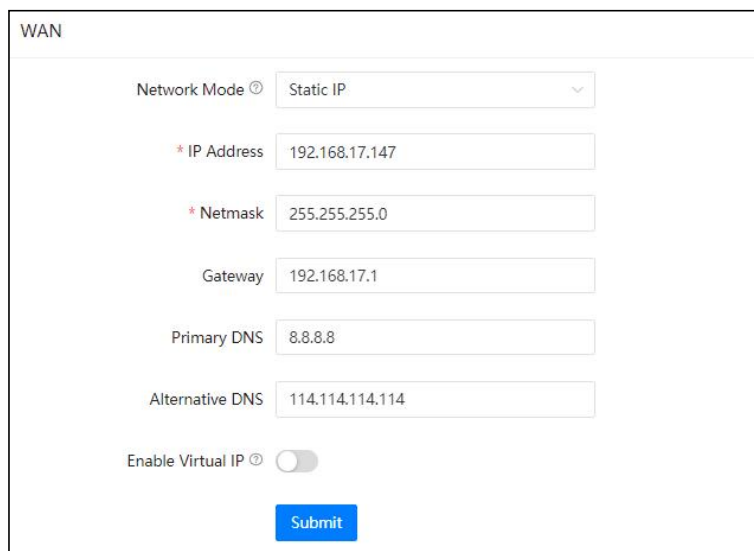
Path: *System -> Network Settings -> Network Profiles*

Network profiles could be configured through the quick setup wizard at the initial setup of the IPPBX system. When modification of the network profiles required, it could be done here.

The screenshot shows a configuration form titled 'Default Network Port'. It features a dropdown menu labeled 'Default Network Port' with 'WAN' selected. Below the dropdown is a blue 'Submit' button.

The Default Network Port option serves as the device's default outbound network interface

and can be set to either WAN or LAN.

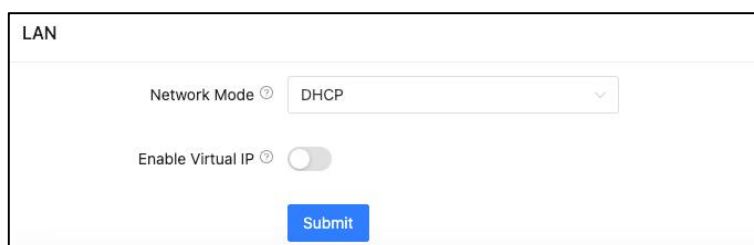


The screenshot shows the WAN configuration page. At the top, it is labeled 'WAN'. Below this, there is a 'Network Mode' dropdown menu set to 'Static IP'. There are several input fields: '* IP Address' with the value '192.168.17.147', '* Netmask' with '255.255.255.0', 'Gateway' with '192.168.17.1', 'Primary DNS' with '8.8.8.8', and 'Alternative DNS' with '114.114.114.114'. At the bottom, there is a toggle switch for 'Enable Virtual IP' which is currently turned off, and a blue 'Submit' button.

The WAN network interface of CooVox series IPPBXs could be configured to work in Static IP, DHCP or PPPoE mode. In most cases assign a static IP would be the best practice. As all the IP phones will communicate with the IPPBX through this IP address.

On WAN port, gateway and DNS could be configured so the IPPBX could have Internet access, as a result, SIP trunking and remote extensions could work.

As for LAN, it's only used when you don't want the IPPBX system to have Internet access.



The screenshot shows the LAN configuration page. At the top, it is labeled 'LAN'. Below this, there is a 'Network Mode' dropdown menu set to 'DHCP'. There is a toggle switch for 'Enable Virtual IP' which is currently turned off, and a blue 'Submit' button.

Default IP on LAN port is 192.168.10.100, you may change this IP but LAN IP should NOT be in the same network segment as WAN port. You can also set it as DHCP mode.

8.4.2 VLAN

Path: *System -> Network Settings -> VLAN*

With a layer-3 switch you can configure VLAN on CooVox IPPBX system to divide the VoIP and data traffic. Voice VLAN can ensure that phones remain working even when the data network is congested.

To set VLAN, navigate to web menu Network Settings->Network->VLAN. As you can see here on this page, you are able to configure 4 VLANs, 2 each for WAN or LAN port.

VLAN

WAN Port VLAN 1

Enable

* VLAN ID

* IP Address

* Netmask

WAN Port VLAN 2

Enable

* VLAN ID

* IP Address

* Netmask

LAN Port VLAN 1

Enable

LAN Port VLAN 2

Enable

Ensure VLAN IPs for VLAN1 and VLAN2 of WAN and LAN interfaces are in several different network segments.

8.4.3 VPN

Path: **System -> Network Settings -> VPN**

VPN (Virtual Private Network) is mainly used for setting up long-distance and/or secured network connections. When used on the IPPBX system, all phone calls made and received

are encrypted so it secures your remote offices/extensions' phone services. Built-in VPN Server on the CooVox series IPPBX system is an easy way to set up a secured connection between other CooVox series IPPBXs or IP phones. You don't need to build a dedicated VPN server or buy a VPN router. This is also a workaround to avoid firewall issues when configuring remote VoIP client such as SIP protocol which is notoriously difficult to pass through a firewall due to its random port numbers to establish connection.



OpenVPN Server

OpenVPN is an open-source software application that implements virtual private network (VPN) techniques for creating secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. It uses a custom security protocol that utilizes SSL/TLS for key exchange. It is capable of traversing network address translators (NATs) and firewalls. It was written by James Yonan and is published under the GNU General Public License (GPL).

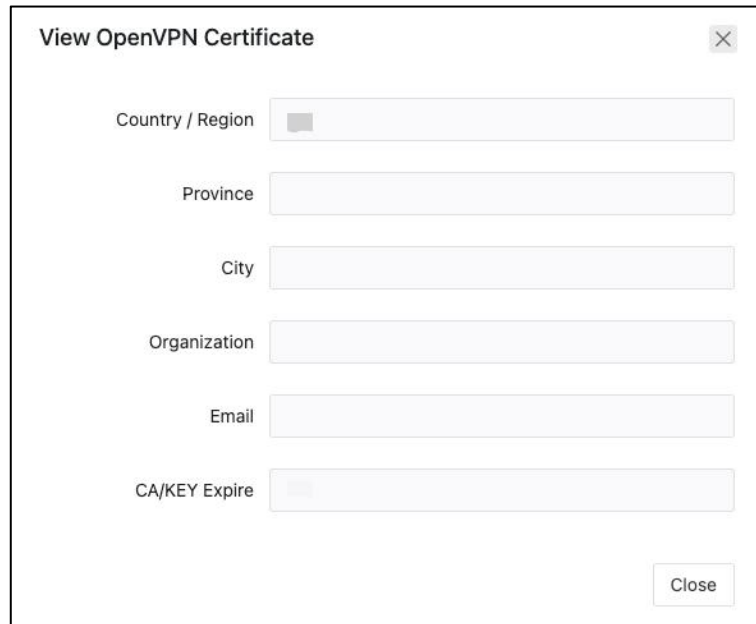
OpenVPN allows peers to authenticate each other using a pre-shared secret key, certificates, or username/password. When used in a multiclient-server configuration, it allows the server to release an authentication certificate for every client, using signature and Certificate authority. It uses the OpenSSL encryption library extensively, as well as the SSLv3/TLSv1 protocol, and contains many security and control features.

To configure OpenVPN server, please click on the **OpenVPN Server** button to show the configurations.



Configure the VPN server before turning it on.

In the **Certificate** field click on [Create](#) button to create the OpenVPN certificate.



The image shows a dialog box titled "View OpenVPN Certificate" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains six text input fields, each with a label to its left: "Country / Region", "Province", "City", "Organization", "Email", and "CA/KEY Expire". A "Close" button is located in the bottom right corner of the dialog.

Specify your customized information and click on [Submit](#) button to continue.

Click on [Configure](#) button to setup the OpenVPN server.

OpenVPN Server configuration

Stealth

* Port

Protocol

Device Node

Cipher

Compress LZO

TLS Server

Remote Network IP

Remote Network Netmask

Route IP

Route Netmask

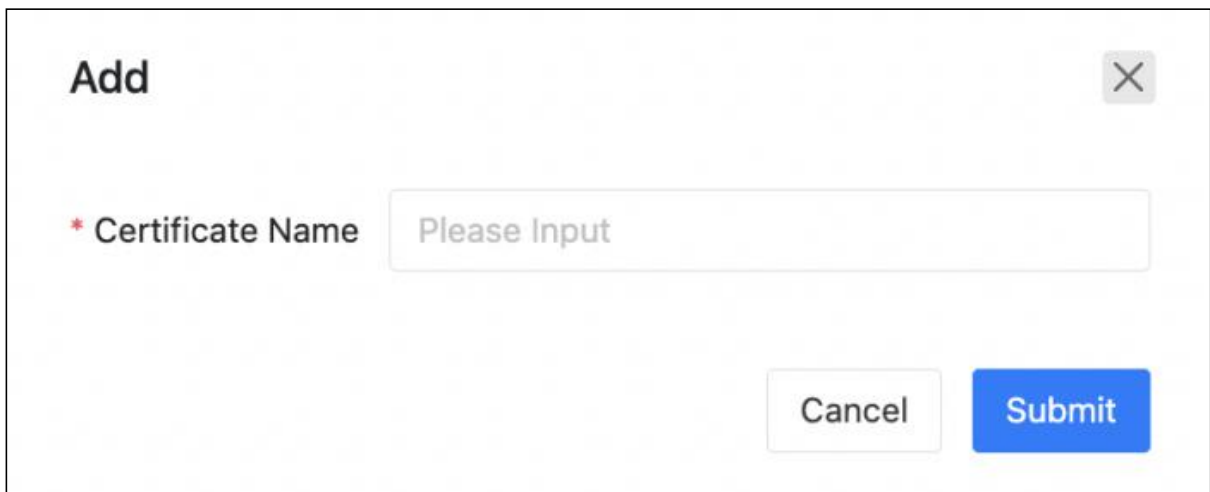
Client to Client

Cancel Submit

- **Stealth:** Certain deep packet inspection firewalls might not allow OpenVPN traffic, stealth SSL tunneling can disguise your OpenVPN traffic under the HTTPS traffic which is often seen as HTTPS traffic by the DPI.
- **Port:** OpenVPN service port, the default port is 1194. You will need to forward this port on your router for the clients being able to connect to the server.
- **Stealth Port:** OpenVPN service port, the default is 1194.
- **Protocol:** You can choose either UDP or TCP. But the port forwarding (1194) on your router should be using the same protocol.
- **Device Node:** TUN or TAP; A TAP device is a virtual Ethernet adapter, while a TUN device is a virtual point-to-point IP link.
- **Cipher:** Cipher (or cypher) is an algorithm for performing encryption or decryption.

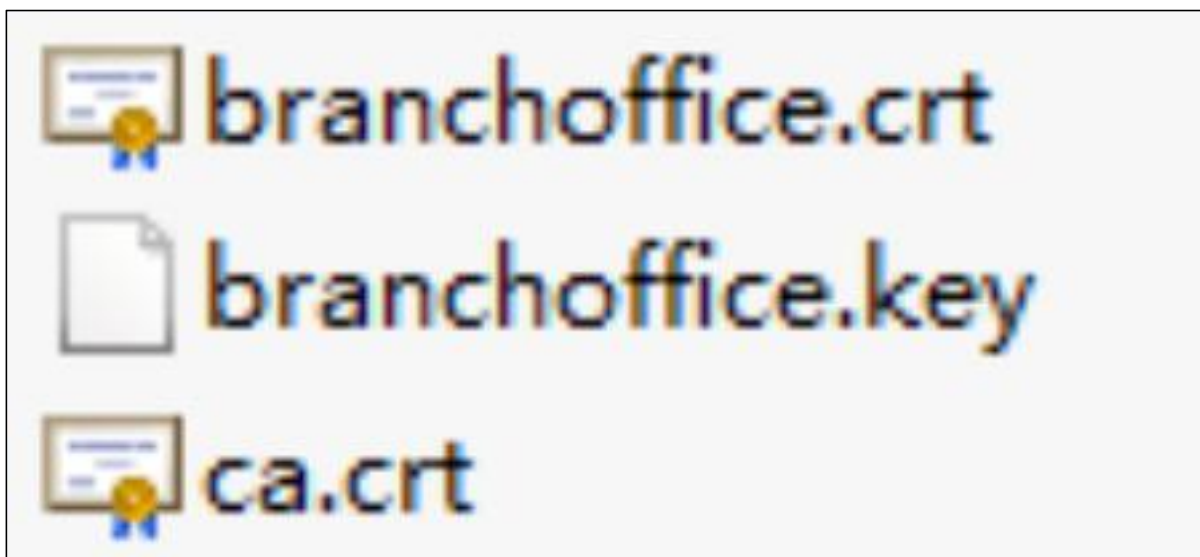
- **Compress LZO:** LZO is an efficient data compression library which is suitable for data de-compression in real-time.
- **TLS-Server:** TLS is an excellent choice for authentication and key exchange mechanism of OpenVPN.
- **Remote Network:** The OpenVPN client network, VPN server uses the first available IP of the client network.
- **Route:** The route entries adjust the local routing table, telling it which network to route over the VPN.
- **Client-to-Client:** Client-to-Client can enable intercommunication between clients.

Once configurations done, click on **Submit** button to save the configurations and you may create certificates for the OpenVPN clients now. Each VPN client needs a certificate to be able to connect to the server. OpenVPN server on CooVox series IPPBX system can connect up to 20 clients.




The image shows a modal dialog box titled "Add" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Below the title, there is a label "* Certificate Name" followed by a text input field containing the placeholder text "Please Input". At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Submit".

Each certificate entry created here is for an OpenVPN client. Download the certificate and extract files inside the package, 3 files you'll get and they should be uploaded on a client to be able to connect to this server.



Finally turn on the enable switch to enable OpenVPN server.

OpenVPN Client

To configure OpenVPN client, please click on the  button to show the configurations.

VPN Settings

PPTP Client OpenVPN Client

Enable

CA Certificate ⓘ	Done	<input type="button" value="Upload"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Client Certificate ⓘ	Done	<input type="button" value="Upload"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
Client Key ⓘ	Done	<input type="button" value="Upload"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

The certificate files downloaded from the OpenVPN server should be uploaded here.

In the **CA Certificate** field upload the ca.crt file.

In the **Client Certificate** field upload the xxxx.crt file.

In the **Client Key** field upload the xxxx.key file.

When done, click on the [Configure](#) button to configure the OpenVPN client to connect to the server.

OpenVPN Client Configuration ✕

* Server IP ?

Stealth

* Port ?

Protocol ?

Device Node ?

Cipher ?

Compress LZO ?

Default Gateway ?

- In the **Server Address** field you should specify the OpenVPN server address, which can be a public IP or a domain name.
- Enable **Stealth** if the OpenVPN server has enabled it.
- The **Port** number should be exactly the same as on the OpenVPN server. By default it's 1194.

- Please use the same **Stealth Port** as the OpenVPN server.
- The transport **Protocol** should be exactly the same as on the OpenVPN server. By default UDP is used.
- **Device Node** could be set to TUN or TAP, a TAP device is a virtual Ethernet adapter, while a TUN device is a virtual point-to-point IP link.
- **Cipher** (or Cypher) is an algorithm for performing encryption or decryption.
- Either toenable **Compress LZO** or not, depends on if you have enabled it on the server.
- If **Default Gateway**enabled, it will use VPN connection as default gateway, data which should be sent to the default gateway will now be sent though VPN connection.

Once done, click on submit to save the configurations. Finally click on Enable switch to switch on the VPN client connection.

VPN Settings

PPTP Client
OpenVPN Client

Enable

CA Certificate ⓘ	Done	Upload	Delete
Client Certificate ⓘ	Done	Upload	Delete
Client Key ⓘ	Done	Upload	Delete

[Configure](#)

VPN Client Status

Address
Mode
Status

And you may check the VPN connection status in the **VPN Client Status** section.

VPN Client Status	
Address	172.16.0.6
Mode	openvpn
Status	Connected

In the VPN client status section the VPN client IP, the VPN type and the connection status will be displayed.

PPTP VPN Server

PPTP (The Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol) uses a control channel over TCP and a GRE tunnel operating to encapsulate PPP packets. The intended use of this protocol is to provide security levels and remote access levels comparable with typical VPN products.

Click on  button to show the configurations.



Configure the PPTP VPN server before enabling it.

PPTP Server Configuration ✕

* Remote IP ?

* Local IP ?

Primary DNS ?

Alternative DNS ?

Timeout(sec.) ?

* Authentication Method ? chap pap mschap
 mschap-v2

MPPE128 Encryption ?

Debug ?

- **Remote IP:** PPTP VPN remote network IP range, there must be 10 or less available IP addresses between start IP and end IP.
- **Local IP:** PPTP VPN local server IP address.
- **Primary DNS:** Primary DNS for VPN connection.
- **Alternative DNS:** Secondary DNS for VPN connection.
- **Timeout(S):** Session timeout for PPTP tunnels.
- **Authentication Method:** Choose method/methods for the authentication of the VPN

clients.

- **chap:** Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol, CHAP takes a more sophisticated and secure approach to authentication by creating a unique challenge phrase (a randomly generated string) for each authentication.
- **pap:** Password Authenticate Protocol PAP works like a standard login procedure; it uses static username and password to authenticate the remote system.
- **mschap:** MS-CHAP is the Microsoft version of the Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol.
- **mschap-:** Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol version 2 (MS-CHAP), this provides stronger security for remote access connections.
- **Enable MPPE128 Encryption:** Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption (MPPE) encrypts data in Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)-based dial-up connections or Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) virtual private network (VPN) connections with 128-bit key.
- **Debug:** Enable debug for PPTP VPN connection, debug information will be written into system logs.

Once server configurations done, you may create PPTP client users, each user created is for a VPN client to connect. PPTP VPN server on CooVox-V series IPPBX can connect up to 20 PPTP VPN clients.

Remember to set the Availability to Yes, when you don't want this user to connect, just set Availability to No or you may remove the user from the VPN user list.


Username	Available	Operation
pptpuser	Yes	

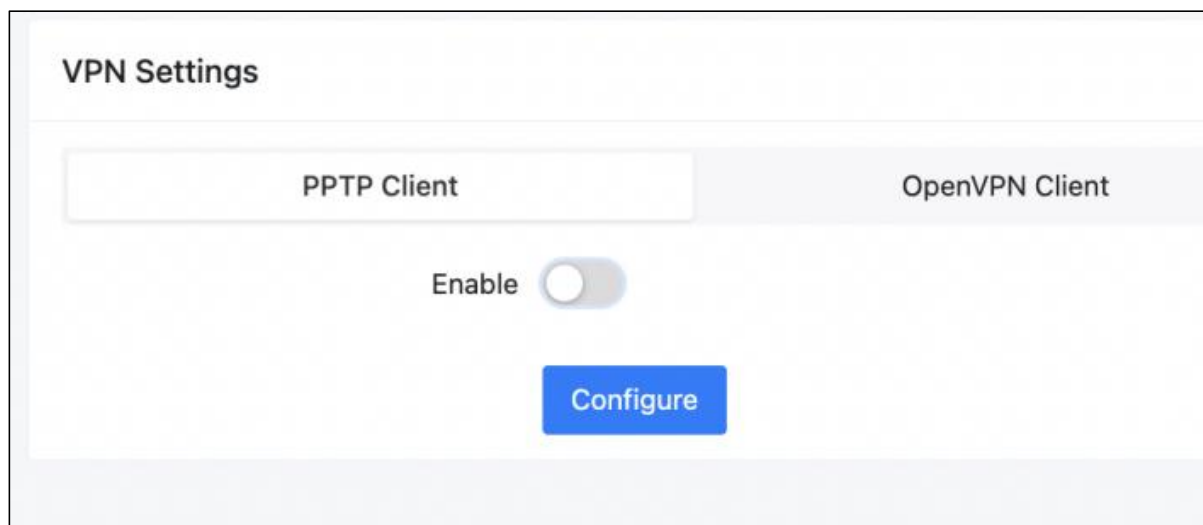
Total 1 items

Finally click on the Enable switch to turn the PPTP VPN server on.

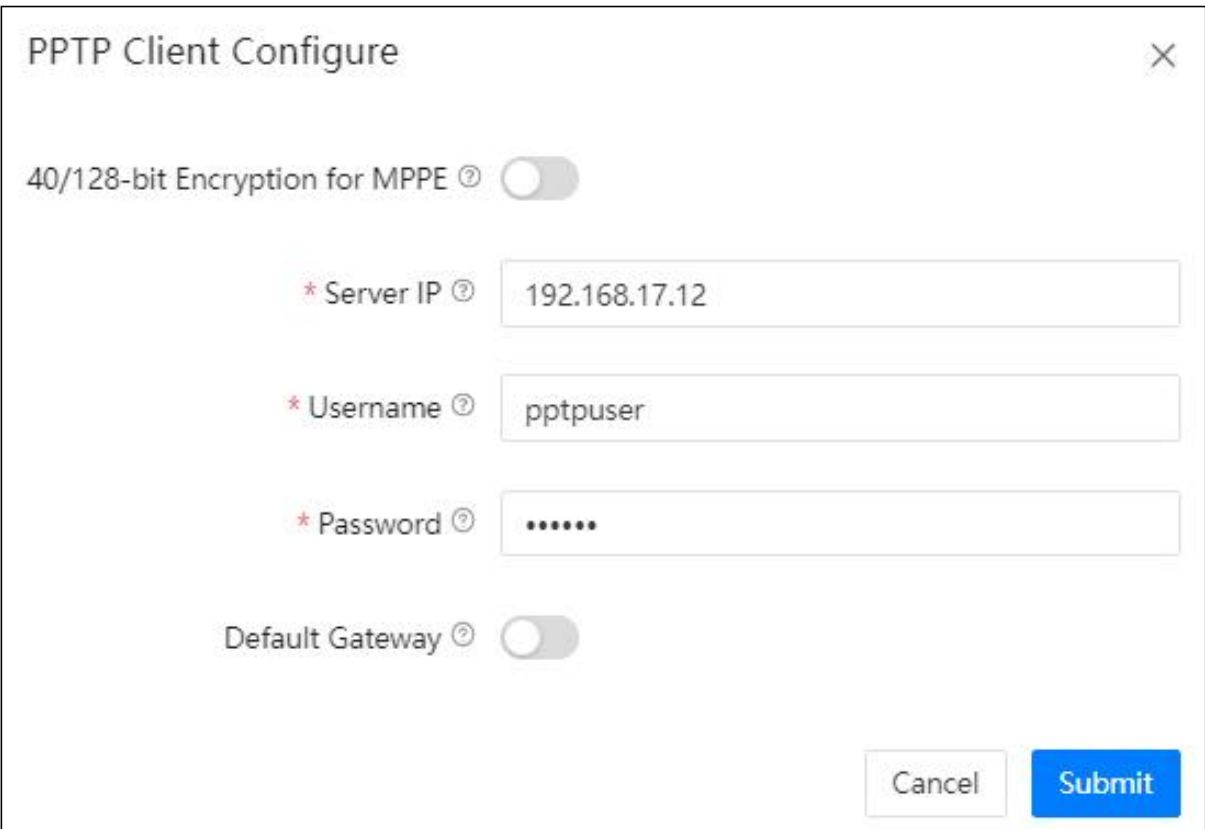


PPTP VPN Client

To configure PPTP VPN client, please click on the  button to show the configurations.



Configure PPTP VPN client settings before enabling it.



PPTP Client Configure

40/128-bit Encryption for MPPE

* Server IP

* Username

* Password

Default Gateway

Cancel Submit

- **Enable 40/148-bit encryption for MPPE:** Tick to enable 40-bit key (standard) or 128-bit key (strong) MPPE encryption schemes.
- **Server Address:** PPTP VPN server public IP.
- **Username:** PPTP VPN username given by the VPN server.
- **Password:** PPTP VPN user password given by the VPN server.
- **Default Gateway:** If enabled, all network traffic will go through the PPTP VPN connection.

Once done, click on button to continue, and now you may click on Enable switch to turn on PPTP VPN client.



Later it should be connected to the PPTP VPN server, and the connection status will be displayed in the **VPN Client Status** section.



In the VPN client status section the VPN client IP, the VPN type and the connection status will be displayed.

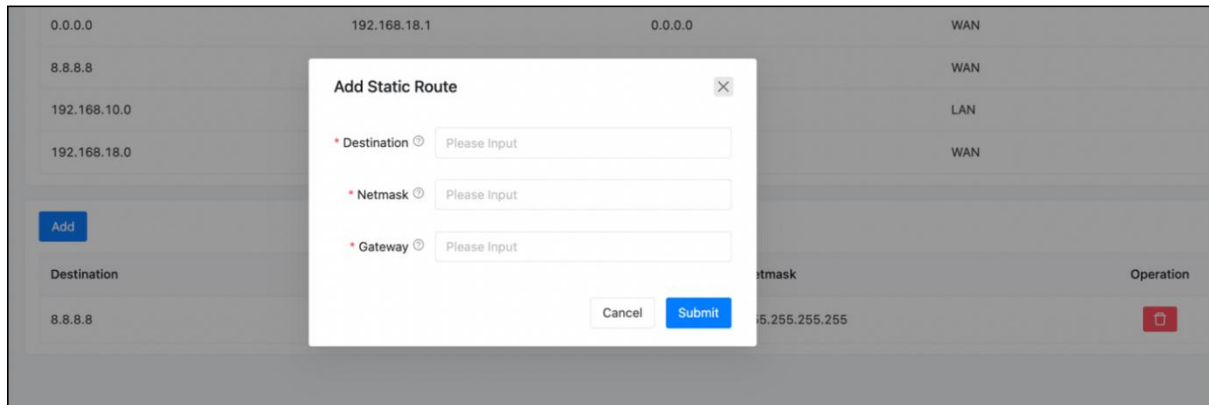
8.4.4 Static Routing

Path: *System -> Network Settings -> Static Routing*

Static Routing is a form of routing that occurs when a router uses a manually configured routing entry, rather than information from a dynamic routing protocol to forward traffic.

Route Table			
Destination	Gateway	Netmask	Port
0.0.0.0	192.168.18.1	0.0.0.0	WAN
0.0.0.0	192.168.18.1	0.0.0.0	WAN
8.8.8.8	192.168.18.1	255.255.255.255	WAN
192.168.10.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	LAN
192.168.18.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	WAN

When needed you may click on the **Add** button to add a manual static route.



- **Destination** is the IP address of the destination host or network address.
- If the packets are to be sent to the **Destination** specified above, then send them to the **Gateway** address.

After the new record has been manually created you will see it listed in the **route** table.

8.4.5 DHCP Server

Path: *System -> Network Settings -> DHCP Server*

DHCP(Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)is a standardized network protocol used on Internet Protocol (IP) networks for dynamically distributing network configuration parameters, such as IP addresses for interfaces and services.

With DHCP, computers/IP phones request IP addresses and networking parameters automatically from CooVox series IPPBXs WAN/LAN port which saves administrators a lot of time when compared with having to configure these settings manually.

Before activating DHCP services, please ensure there's no other DHCP server running in your LAN, otherwise there will be collision between servers.

Set the DHCP server network parameters and turn it on.

DHCP Services

Enable

Port

* Start IP Address

* End IP Address

* Netmask

Gateway

DNS

TFTP

* Address Lease Time(hour) - +

The DHCP clients which obtained IP addresses from the IPPBX system DHCP server will be listed on the right side of the page, in the **DHCP Clients** section.

If you want some host or client to always get the same IP address, **IP Address Reservation** will help. Click on the button.

Add ✕

* Name

* MAC Address

* IP Address

Just simply specify the MAC address of the client device and associate an IP address with it, and this IP will always be reserved for this specific client device.

8.4.6 SNMP

Path: *System -> Network Settings ->SNMP*

SNMP Settings

Read Only

Enable

* Community

* Network

* Subnet Length

Read Write

Enable

* Community

* Network

* Subnet Length

- **Enable:** Enable/Disable SNMP
- **Community:** Community tag
- **Network:** The working network of SNMP

No need to add them to the IP whitelist.

8.5 Email Services

8.5.1 Mail Server Settings

Path: *System -> Email Services -> Mail Server Settings*

Various kinds of Emails could be sent from the CooVox series IPPBX system. The Emails could be automatically sent by the IPPBX system in certain circumstances or manually sent by admin and operator users.

To configure the IPPBX system being able to send out emails, mail (SMTP) server needs to be configured at first priority. At the initial system setup stage while you were going through the quick installation wizard, mail server could be configured, if you've not done it from the wizard, it still can be configured from here.

We have built-in some popular Email service providers' SMTP configuration templates for users to quickly deploy their mail server.

Mail Server Settings

Mail Service Provider: Google

* SMTP Server: smtp.gmail.com

* Port: 465

SSL:

* Email: user@gmail.com

* Password:

Submit Test

- In the **Mail Service Provider** dropdown list select your Email service provider. If it's not included here, please choose **Other**.

- Once you have selected the mail service provider the **SMTP Server** field will be auto filled. Otherwise you'll have to manually input the SMTP Server address.
- Default SMTP service **Port** is 25, but with SSL/TLS it would be 465. Otherwise you'll have to input the actual port number your mail service provider uses.
- **SSL** encrypts a communication channel between the IPPBX system and the SMTP server. Most of the mail service providers have implemented SSL support.
- In the **Email** field input the Email account to be used by the IPPBX system, all mails from the IPPBX system will be sent out by this mail account.
- In **Password** field input the password of the Email account you have specified.

Once done the above settings, click on button to make configurations effective. And you may click on button and input an Email address to send a test email to verify if the mail server is successfully deployed.

Note: You may need to activate SMTP service from your Email web portal before you can successfully configure SMTP server on the IPPBX system.

8.5.2 Voicemail to Email Settings

Path: **System -> Email Services -> Voicemail to Email Settings**

Voicemail to Email is a very useful feature for the extension users, as the IPPBX system has the ability to send received new voicemail messages of their extensions to their Email box. It could be an Email notification or administrator could set the IPPBX system to send Email with voice messages attached in the Email notifications.

Email Templates

Voicemail to Email

Mail Subject

Mail Body

Variables

Deliver Message as Attachment

- The **Mail Subject** field you can set customized Email subject which will be received by the extension users when they have new messages.
- The **Mail Body** is also customizable, you may use variables in the mail body to describe the new voice messages they got. The format of the variables must be the same as listed in the **Variables** section.
- **Variables** could be used in the mail body to indicate the extension users about their new voice message details.
- With **Deliver Message as Attachment** option enabled the voice message will be attached to the notify Email, users may playback the voice messages when they got the notify Email.

With Voicemail to Email enabled and Mail Server configured, the extension users will get Email notifications when new voice message received on their extensions, just make sure the extensions have their Email addresses specified.


8.6 Diagnostic

8.6.1 PING

Path: *Maintenance -> Diagnostic -> PING*

The ping command is a very common method for troubleshooting the accessibility of devices. It uses a series of Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) Echo messages to determine:

- Whether a remote host is active or inactive.
- The round-trip delay in communicating with the host.
- Packet loss.

Specify the domain or IP of the host you want to contact, then click on  button, and then the command begins to process. You will receive results output from the system indicating the reachability of the destination.

Ping

IP Address / Domain *

```

PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=49 time=61.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=49 time=61.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=49 time=61.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=49 time=61.3 ms
--- 8.8.8.8 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 5ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 61.314/61.397/61.443/0.252 ms

```

8.6.2 Trace Route

The traceroute command is used to discover the routes that the packets actually took while traveling to their destination.

Path: **Maintenance** -> **Diagnostic** -> **Traceroute**

In the IP Address/Domain Name field specify the IP or domain name that you want to lookup and click on button to begin tracing.

Trace Route

IP Address / Domain *

```

traceroute to 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
 1 * * *
 2 192.168.7.1 (192.168.7.1)  0.889 ms  1.522 ms  2.045 ms
 3 183.221.89.129 (183.221.89.129)  5.718 ms  6.511 ms  7.279 ms

```

During the whole process each step will output in the Results field, you can view which routes the packets have taken before reaching their final destination.

8.6.3 TCP Dump

Ethernet capture uses TCPDUMP which is a common packet analyzer allows users to capture TCP/IP and other packets being transmitted or received over a network to which the CooVox IPPBX is attached. The captured packets can be downloaded from the IPPBX system and been analyzed on your Windows PC to display the SIP traffic details. It can be used to debug a VoIP call problem.

Path: **Maintenance -> Diagnostic -> Ethernet Capture**

To capture the network traffic, you need to select the network interface according to on which the IPPBX system is working on. Then click on **Start** button to start capturing the network traffic.



Once the process begins, the Start button will change to Stop. At this moment, you should make a call to recur the phone call problem or ensure some other problem had recurred, so the captured network traffic could content errors that are helpful for troubleshooting. Once done click on **Stop** button, and the captured network traffic will be automatically downloaded.

The downloaded file could be analyzed by Wireshark or you could send the file to ZYCOO support team for help.


8.6.4 Channel Monitor

Path: **Maintenance -> Diagnostic -> Channel Monitor**

Channel Monitor, technically DAHDI Monitor allows you to monitor signal level on analog channel and record the output to a file. Recorded audio files are by default raw signed linear PCM. You can play it to the speaker to listen to the phone call signaling on the analog


channel. Or you can use a sounds editor to visual display the audio level at both the Rx (audio Received by Asterisk) and Tx (audio Transmitted by Asterisk).

Usually Channel Monitor can be used to capture the caller ID signaling of an FXO channel. If you are experiencing caller ID problem you can perform channel monitor on the FXO port and then analyze the captured packets. If needed, you can send this file to ZYCOO support for help.

Before starting channel monitor, you need to select an FXO interface. Then click on  button to capture signaling on the selected interface.



The screenshot shows a web interface for channel monitoring. At the top, the word "Channel" is displayed. Below it, there is a dropdown menu labeled "Channel" with a red asterisk next to it. The dropdown menu is currently open, showing "fxo 3" as the selected option. To the right of the dropdown menu is a blue button labeled "Start".

Once the process started the button will change to Stop. Now you should recur the problem by making a call in through the selected interface. When the extension started to ring the third time you may hangup and stop channel monitor by clicking on  button. As soon as the channel monitor stopped, the captured signaling will be automatically downloaded.

If you have knowledge of how to analyze the files you may open them with some sound editors like Wavepad, or you may send the file to ZYCOO support team for help.

8.6.5 Asterisk CLI

The Asterisk CLI provides you the access to execute the Asterisk CLI commands. To avoid incorrect operation that may affect the IPPBX system, here provides the pjsip and core command to check the status.

Path: *Maintenance -> Diagnostic -> Asterisk CLI*


```

Asterisk CLI

Asterisk CMD  pjsip show contacts

Contact: <Aor/ContactUri.....> <Hash....> <Status> <RTT(ms)...>
-----
Contact: 100/sip:100@192.168.17.14:8416          7f749db2a1 Avail      5.255
Objects found: 1

```

8.7 Security Center

CooVox IPPBX system has been preconfigured with a built-in firewall which prevents your IP phone system from unauthorized access, malicious users and some other attackers.

You may not need to specifically configure the firewall settings but for security precautions please always keep it on.

8.7.1 Firewall

Path: *System -> Security -> Firewall*

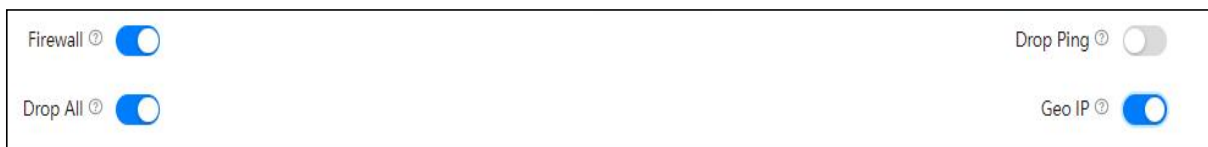
CooVox series IPPBX system uses Fail2Ban to perform intrusion detection and uses iptables to block any attack attempts.



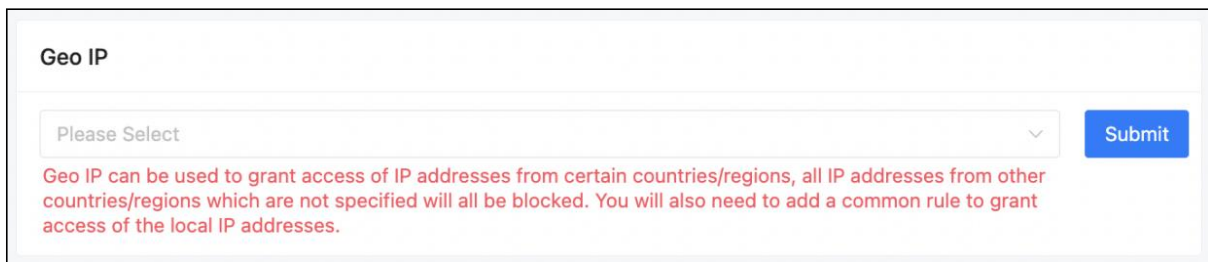
- First of all make sure the **Firewall** option is enabled. Only consider disabling your firewall if your CooVox IPPBX is behind a router/firewall without any port forwarding from the Internet.

- **Drop Ping** will cause the system to ignore ping request. If enabled, you cannot ping the IPPBX system.
- **Drop All** will cause all packets sent to the IPPBX system being dropped, this will cause CooVox IPPBX system to block all communication with the outside world. Except web UI still works in local network, other services will all be terminated.
- **Geo IP** is a security policy which can be used to grant access of IP addresses from certain countries/regions, all IP addresses from other countries/regions which are not specified will all be blocked. By default, web UI will still be accessible. Enabling **Geo IP** requires **Drop All** to be enabled too. To implement Geo IP please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Enable Geo IP and Drop All



Step 2: Select trusted countries/regions



Besides selecting the trusted IP addresses from certain countries/regions, you'll still need to add a common rule in the **Common Rules** section to grant access or the local network hosts/devices.

Step 3: Add a common rule to grant access of your local LAN.

Add ✕

* Name

* Action ?

* Protocol ?

IP Address ?

Netmask ?

Port ?

Mac Address ?

- The **Action** of this rule needs to be set as **Accept**.
- **Protocol** should be set as **TCP/UDP**.
- **IP** should be the local network address instead of a single IP address.
- **Netmask** should be the subnet mask of the network address.
- The **Port** range determines which kind of services to be granted. In this case you may

leave it blank to grant local network all access to the IPPBX system.

- **Mac Address** determines the action to be taken according to the Mac address of a device instead of its IP address, it only works with devices within the same local network because Mac addresses are not routable. In this case you are going to grant access of all the local network hosts/devices, so you may leave it blank.

By now, Geo IP security policy should work. The private IP addresses from your local network and the public IP addresses from the countries/regions you've selected should be able to access your IPPBX system. Other IP addresses will all be blocked.

Common Rules can be used to configure the firewall to grant or deny an IP address or a network from communicating with the IPPBX system. Even the service port number can be specified so it can grant or deny a specific IP or network to access a specific service. The priority from high to low of the firewall rules is from the top of the list to the bottom. If you are going to grant access of some kind of services to specific IP address or network, add the grant rule/rules first then add the deny rules. If the order of the rules is not correct you may use the arrows in the **Priority** column to adjust the order of the rules.

Priority	Name	Action	Protocol	IP Address	Port	Mac Address	Operation
↓ ↑	AcceptAMI	Accept	TCP/UDP	192.168.17.0	5038 - 5038		 
↑ ↓	BlockAMI	Drop	TCP/UDP		5038 - 5038		 

In the above given example, the 2 rules “AcceptAMI” and “BlockAMI” limited that only the IP addresses from network 192.168.17.0 can have AMI access. Except IP from this network others will all be denied to access. In this case, if the “AcceptAMI” rule is moved beneath the “BlockAMI” rule, then the AMI port will be totally lockdown, no one can access it.

Note: If you are going to add rules to block some IP addresses from accessing some kind of services on the IPPBX system, be sure you add the correct IP/network address (if not defined, the firewall will consider as ALL), and the correct service port number (if not define, the firewall will consider as ALL), otherwise misconfiguration of a deny rule might cause the IPPBX system total lockdown, only way would be using Console (T100/T100-S/T100-A4 and T200) or HDMI (T600) to unlock the IPPBX from command lines.

Auto Defense will help with the prevention of DDOS attacks.

Add ✕

* Name

* Port ? - +

* Protocol ? ▾

* Packet ? - +

* Interval ? - +

You may specify the service port number and the maximum packets to be accepted on this port number in a certain time interval. Except the specified number of packets, more packets sent within the time interval will be dropped by the IPPBX system.

8.7.2 Intrusion Detection and Prevention

Path: *System -> Security Center ->Intrusion Prevention*

CooVox series IPPBX system uses Fail2Ban to perform intrusion detection. Fail2Ban is an intrusion prevention framework written in the Python programming language. It works by reading Asterisk logs and some other logs in the IPPBX system, and uses iptables profiles to block brute-force attempts.

There are 4 default intrusion detection and prevention rules to secure SIP, IAX2, Web and SSH services on your IPPBX system. And by default all of them are activated to keep your IPPBX system safe.

SIP Intrusion Detection and Prevention

Intrusion Detection and Prevention

* Illegal Attempts -- +

* Observation(sec.) -- +

* Ban for(sec.) -- +

Each of the intrusion detection and prevention rule is configured with a maximum **Illegal Attempts** and the **Observation** time duration, once the **Illegal Attempts** reached the given value in the given **Observation** time duration, the source IP address of where the illegal attempts coming from will be banned by the firewall for the given time duration specified in Ban for field. Banned IP will be listed on the **IP Blacklist** page.


Besides the 4 default rules, if you want to add more rules you can do it on the **Firewall** page **Auto Defense** section.


8.7.3 IP Blacklist

Path: *System -> Security Center -> IP Blacklist*

IP Blacklist will list all suspected intruders/attackers' IP addresses. The list is automatically generated by the system firewall if possible intrusion/attacking had been detected. And the list will show the IP address of the banned hosts, as well as what kind of service intrusion

was detected.

Type	IP Address	Operation
 No Data		

If an IP address appears incorrectly in the list of rejected IP, you can click on the  button to remove it from the IP blacklist.

8.7.4 IP Whitelist

Path: *System -> Security Center -> IP Whitelist*

IP Whitelist allows you to add IP addresses and network addresses to the IPPBX system as a trusted. The IP addresses in the whitelist will always be treated as trusted IP and will not be regulated by the firewall rules.

Add ✕

* Name

* IP Address

* Netmask

Protocol SIP IAX HTTPS SSH

Enable

Adding a trusted IP to the IP whitelist, you may also define which kind of services it could access.

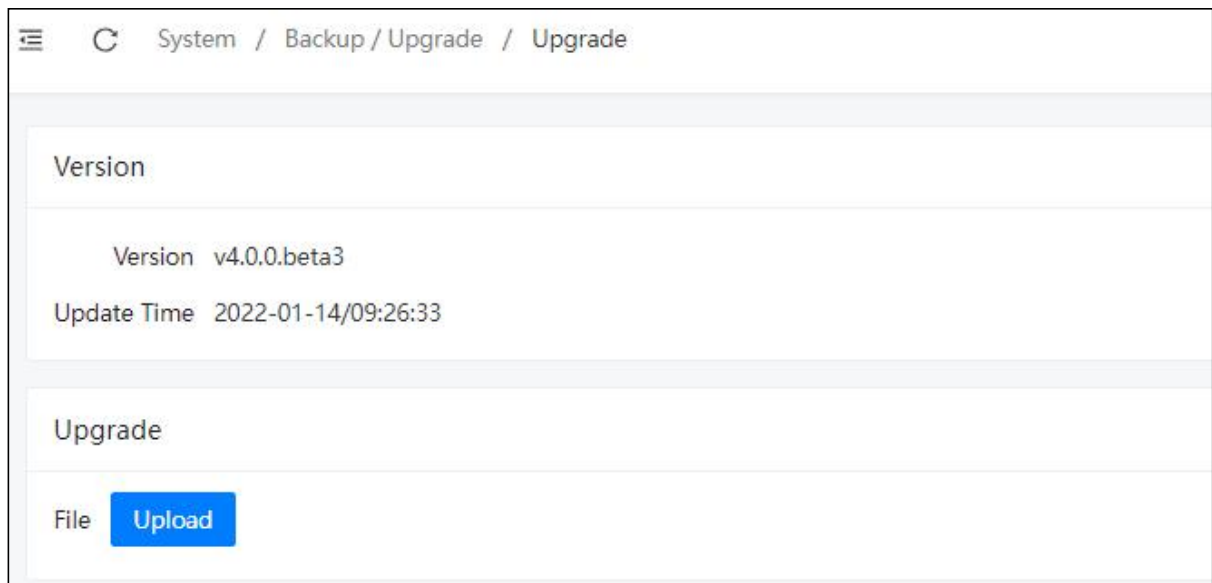
- **SIP** allows the IP to be able to register SIP extensions.
- **IAX (IAX2)** allows the IP to be able to register IAX extensions.
- **HTTPS** allows the IP to access the web UI of the IPPBX system.
- **SSH** allows the IP to access the IPPBX system command lines through SSH.

Note: You'll only need to add trusted IP addresses to the IP Whitelist when you have configured Drop All or Geo IP security policies. And in the policies these IP addresses are not included as trusted IP addresses. Otherwise you don't have to add them to the IP whitelist.

8.8 Backup/Upgrade

8.8.1 Upgrade

Path: *System->Backup/Upgrade -> Upgrade*



Please click on the [Upload](#) button and select the corresponding firmware for the upgrade process. If an incorrect model of device firmware is uploaded, the upgrade will fail. After the

upgrade is successful, the system will automatically restart.

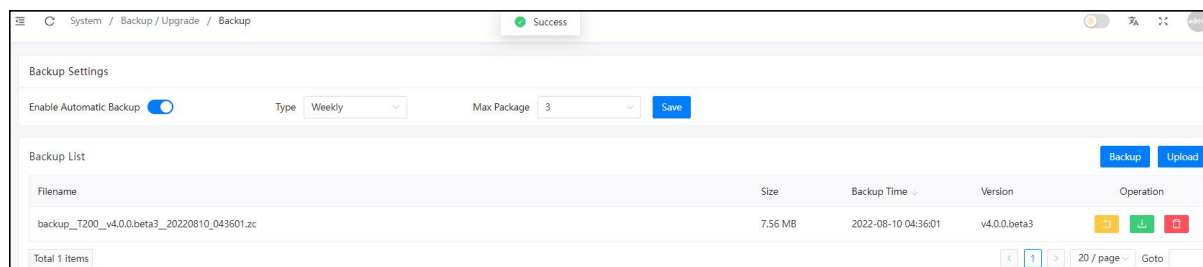
8.8.2 Backup

Taking a backup on CooVox IPPBX system is the same as when you create a recovery point on your Windows system. By restoring the backup you can recover the CooVox IPPBX system configurations to the time point when it was still functioning well.

Normally the first backup should be taken when you have finished configuring the IPPBX to work for the very first time. Also, when you have applied new changes to your configuration is always a good time to take another backup.

Path: **System->Backup/Upgrade -> Backup**

You may click on **Backup** button to take a backup of your system when necessary. A backup file will be generated.



- **Enable Auto Backup:** Enable/Disable auto backup service
- **Type:** Frequency of auto backup, such as daily, weekly, etc.
- **Max Package:** The maximum number of backup packages can be reserved in the system

File name is generated according to the software version, date and exact time when the backup is performed. You may click on **Download** button to download the backup to your operating system. Or click on **Delete** button to delete it from the IPPBX system.

When you want to restore the backup, you may click on the **Restore** button. Restoring a backup will cause the system reboot, so please make sure there are no phone calls going on in the IPPBX system before you do this.

If you are going to restore an offline backup (backup downloaded to your operating system) please click on the **Upload** button.

Note: Backups will not be cleared after a system reset. So you may not need to download the backup to your operating system. And after a system reset, you may skip the quick setup wizard and go to the backup page to restore a backup directly to recover your previous configurations.

8.9 System Logs

8.9.1 Web Log

Path: **System**-> **System Logs** -> **Web Log**

On Web Access Logging page you may check all the logs of the web access records, including admin user, operator user and extension users.

In the **From** and **To** fields set the start and end date, in User dropdown list select the user role if you want to search per the type of users, optionally if you want to search according to the user's IP address you may also specify the IP address in the **IP Address** field then finally click on [Search](#) button.

The searching results are as below.

Time	IP	Username	Role	Content
2022-08-10 04:32:26	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.332746 (s), result:200 POST /pbx/security-center/firewall-common-rule {"name":"BlockAMI","action":"DROP","protocol":"both","startPort":"5038","endPo...
2022-08-10 04:32:02	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.266338 (s), result:200 PUT /pbx/security-center/firewall-common-rule/3 {"name":"AcceptAMI","action":"ACCEPT","protocol":"both","ip":"192.168.17.0","n...
2022-08-10 04:31:41	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.271212 (s), result:200 POST /pbx/security-center/firewall-common-rule {"name":"AcceptAMI","action":"ACCEPT","protocol":"both","startPort":"5038","en...
2022-08-10 04:31:22	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.249028 (s), result:200 DELETE /pbx/security-center/firewall-common-rule/2 []
2022-08-10 04:31:19	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.267462 (s), result:200 DELETE /pbx/security-center/firewall-common-rule/1 []
2022-08-10 04:30:33	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.469791 (s), result:200 POST /pbx/security-center/firewall-common-rule {"name":"Lan","action":"ACCEPT","protocol":"both","ip":"192.168.10.0","netmask"...
2022-08-10 04:29:23	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.268785 (s), result:200 POST /pbx/security-center/update-firewall-global-info {"firewall":"true","ping":"false","dropAll":"false","geolp":"false"}
2022-08-10 04:29:22	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.265113 (s), result:200 POST /pbx/security-center/update-firewall-global-info {"firewall":"true","ping":"false","dropAll":"false","geolp":"true"}
2022-08-10 04:28:46	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.272481 (s), result:200 POST /pbx/security-center/update-firewall-global-info {"firewall":"true","ping":"false","dropAll":"true","geolp":"true"}
2022-08-10 04:28:40	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.353777 (s), result:200 POST /pbx/security-center/update-firewall-global-info {"firewall":"true","ping":"false","dropAll":"true","geolp":"false"}
2022-08-10 04:02:46	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.013617 (s), result:200 POST /pbx/vpn/update-vpn-conf {"enable":"false","mode":"pptp_client"}
2022-08-10 04:02:35	192.168.17.14	admin	Admin	time:0.012326 (s), result:200 POST /pbx/vpn/update-vpn-conf {"enable":"true","mode":"pptp_client"}

The time of when the login action took place, by which user, the source IP address and the actions taken will all be listed.

8.9.2 Other Log

Path: **System-> System Logs -> Other Log**

Advanced logging can be used for higher level of the IPPBX system troubleshooting.

Filename	Operation
login201902.log	
login202206.log	
login202207.log	
login202208.log	
pbx20190214.log	
pbx20220701.log	
pbx20220702.log	
pbx20220703.log	
pbx20220704.log	
pbx20220708.log	
pbx20220810.log	
sys20220701.log	
sys20220702.log	
sys20220703.log	
...	...
Total 22 Items	

- **SSH Access Logging** can be used to trace the SSH login records.
- **PBX Logging** can be used to analyze the phone services related issues.
- **The OS Logging** can be used to analyze the IPPBX system OS level issues.

Enable the desired type of logging if you are qualified to analyze such kind of logs or if our support team asked for these kinds of logs for troubleshooting, otherwise please keep them disabled.

8.10 Settings

8.10.1 Account

The Account page is for managing different user roles and login accounts within the entire IPPBX system. Please click on the “Add” button to create a new user account and select the corresponding user role for this account. When the user role is “Panel User”, an extension

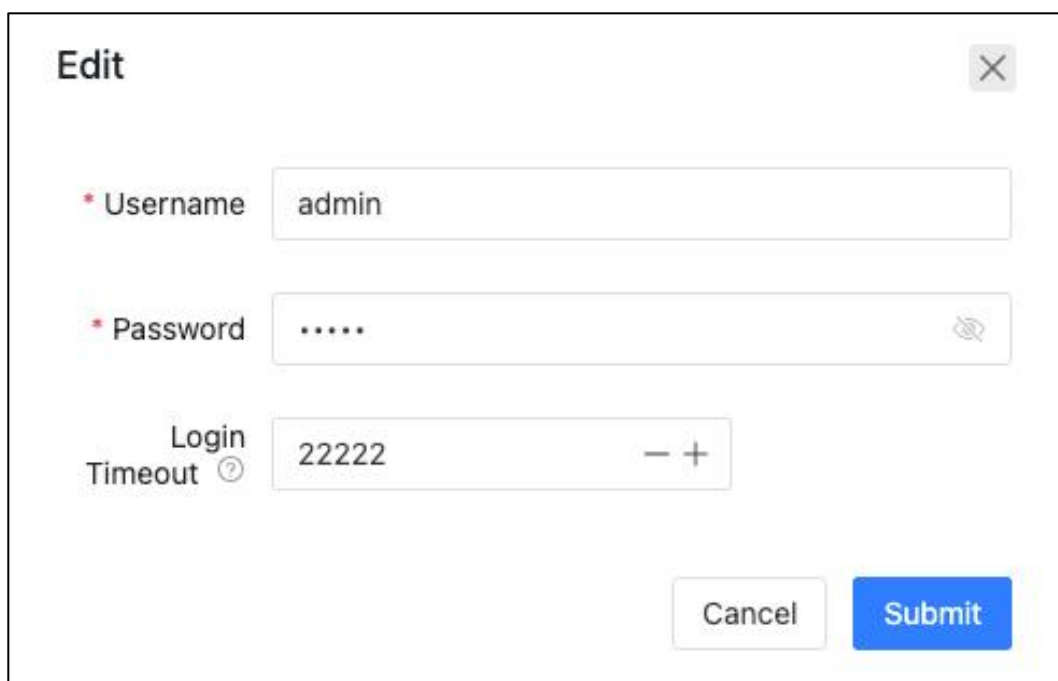
number is required to be bound to the user. In addition, the Administrator account can only change the password but cannot be deleted.

Username	Password	Role	Extension	Operation
admin	*****	Admin		
bill	*****	Billing Manager		
cgg	*****	Panel User	999	
user	*****	Panel User	877	
lookingsea	*****	Panel User	808	
ZY	*****	Panel User	855	
web	*****	Operator User		
test	*****	Panel User	873	
tqc	*****	Panel User	888	

Total 9 items

< 1 > 20 / page Goto 1

- **Username/password:** Account username/password
- **Role:** User roles correspond to the their own landing page/software.
 - Administrator -> main configuration system web page.
 - PBX Panel -> Desktop-based PBX Panel software login.
 - Billing -> web-based billing system login.
 - Operator -> web-based operator login.
- **Extension:** The extension number that associated to the PBX Panel user.



Edit [Close]

* Username

* Password [Eye Icon]

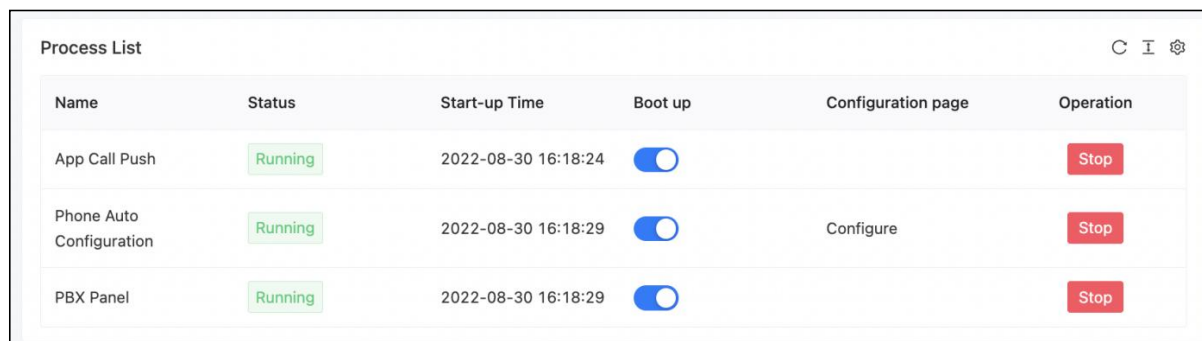
Login Timeout [Minus] [Plus]

[Cancel] [Submit]

- **Username/password:** Edit the account username/password
- **Login Timeout:** Set the account login timeout in minutes.

8.10.2 Plug-in

The Plug-in management page can control whether to enable or disable certain plug-in, such as the CooCall App push notification, IP Phone auto provisioning, or the PBX panel. It is suggested to disable the plug-in that you are not using, because each plug-in requires extra system resources to run.

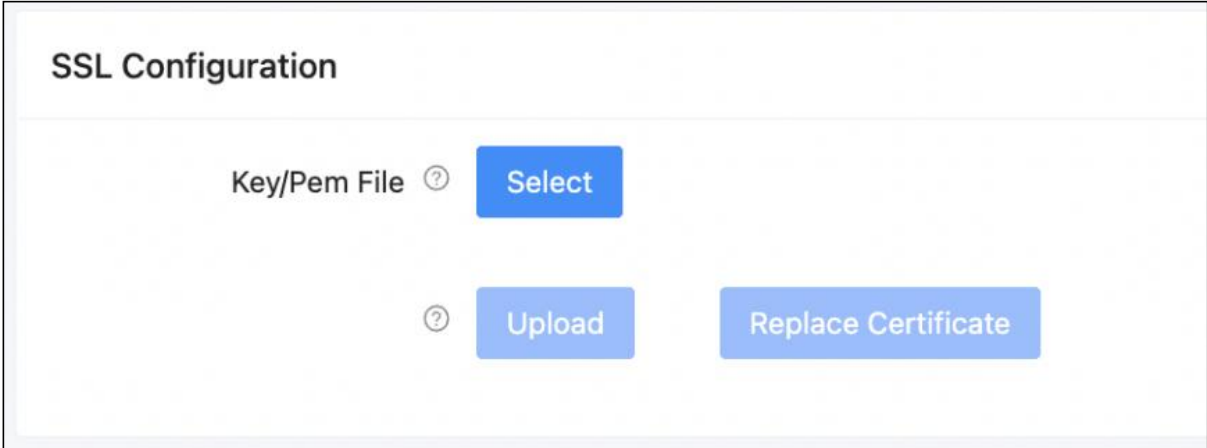


Name	Status	Start-up Time	Boot up	Configuration page	Operation
App Call Push	Running	2022-08-30 16:18:24	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Stop
Phone Auto Configuration	Running	2022-08-30 16:18:29	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Configure	Stop
PBX Panel	Running	2022-08-30 16:18:29	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Stop

Click on the “Configure” button on the IP Phone Auto provisioning will redirect you to the auto configuration system page.

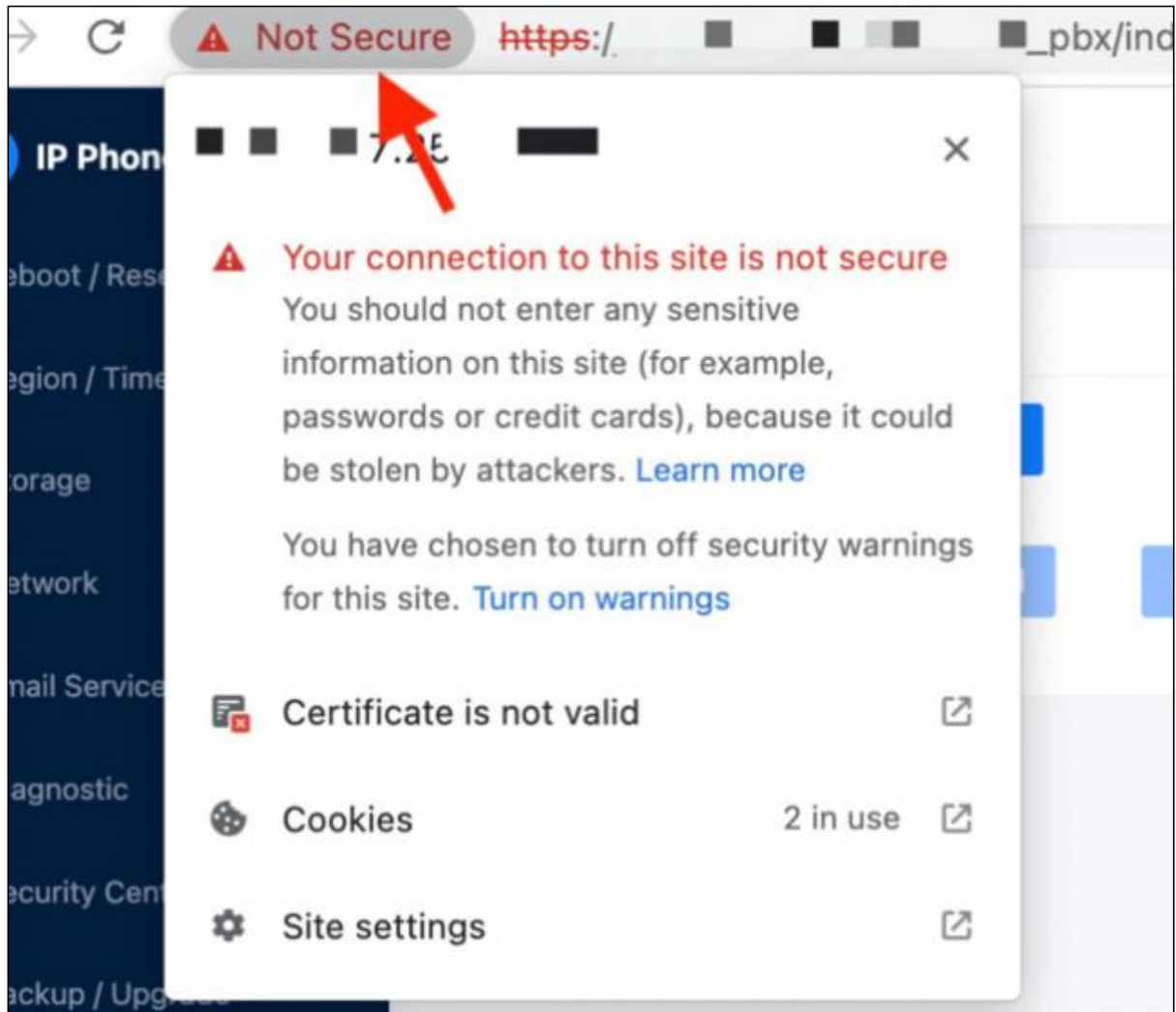
8.10.3 SSL

First, click the “Select” button to select the corresponding .key and .pem files. Then, click on the “Upload” button to these files to the system. Last, click on the “Replace Certificate” button will use the new files to replace the old ones. Operation failure if the certificate file is incorrect.



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "SSL Configuration". It contains three main interactive elements: a "Key/Pem File" label with a help icon and a blue "Select" button; a blue "Upload" button with a help icon; and a blue "Replace Certificate" button.

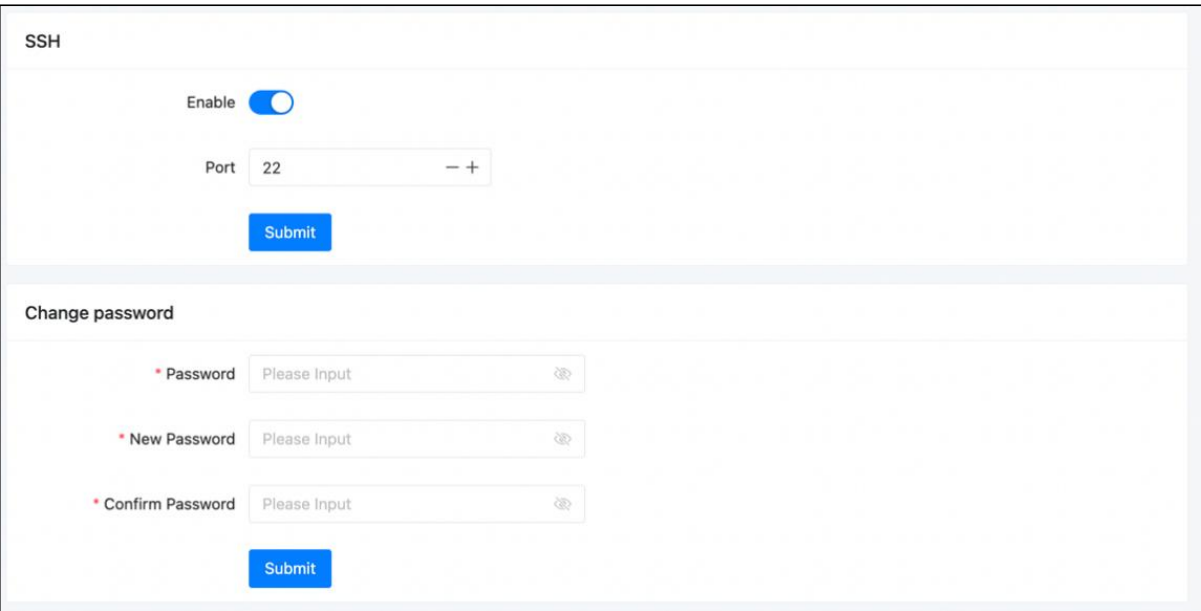
You can check from the browser whether or not the certificate file is replaced successfully.



8.10.4 SSH

The IPPBX system disabled the SSH function by default. When the SSH is enabled, user can use the root credential to log in the system via command-line interface. The root user is generally used for system maintenance, and it is recomm

ended to close it after use. You can change the SSH port number or root user's password on this SSH page.



SSH

Enable

Port 22 - +

Submit

Change password

* Password Please Input

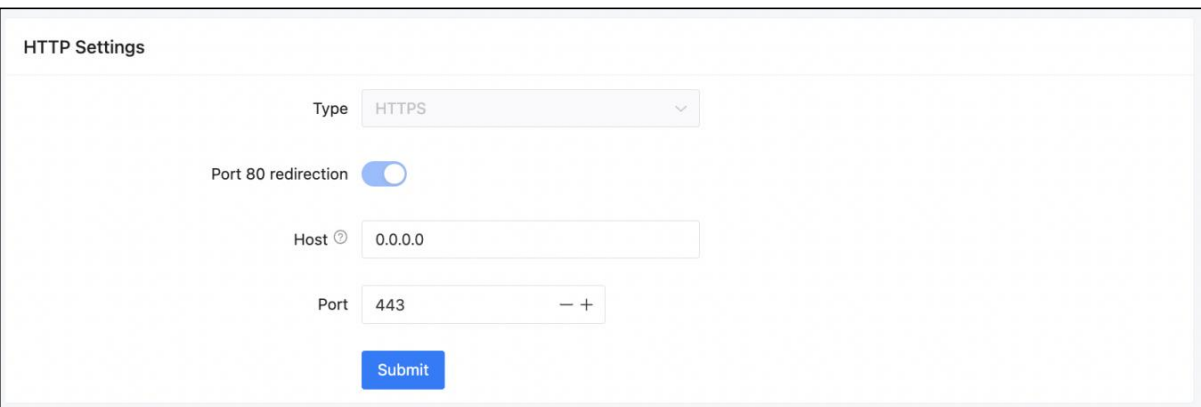
* New Password Please Input

* Confirm Password Please Input

Submit

8.10.5 HTTP

By setting up the relevant parameters of the HTTP service of the web, you can modify the access port of the page.



HTTP Settings

Type HTTPS

Port 80 redirection

Host 0.0.0.0

Port 443 - +

Submit

- **Type:** For system security purpose, only HTTPS is allowed.
- **Port 80 redirect:** To facilitate access, directly enter the IP address into the browser and it will be automatically directed to the corresponding protocol and port.
- **Host:** Allowed IP address segment. Default opens all addresses to access.
Non-professionals do not recommend modifying this setting.

- **Port:** Port number to access the web page.



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